



# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 27]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 3, 1923.

[PRICE, 6 RS. 6 P.]

## Part I.—Notifications by Government.

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## PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

(General.)

### NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, June 26, 1923.

No. 252.—Whereas the Governor-General in Council by Notification No. F. 12-472-1923, dated 26th June 1923, in the Gazette of India has extended the provisions of Chapter VI and VII of the Special Powers Ordinance, 1922 (No. X of 1922), to the Presidency of Madras, now therefore in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 1 of the said Ordinance the Local Government is hereby pleased to direct that sections 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Fort St. George, June 26, 1923.  
[G.O. No. 252, Public (General).]  
No. 252.—The following collection of the Government of India is republished—

### FINANCE DEPARTMENT (CENTRAL REVENUE).

General.

Revised, 1923.

No. 25.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Tax Customs Act, 1923 (XIII of 1923) the Government of India in Council is pleased to publish the following:—

Fort St. George, June 26, 1923.  
[G.O. No. 253, Public (General).]  
No. 253.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Tax Customs Act, 1923 (XIII of 1923) the Government of India in Council is pleased to publish the following:—

Act, 1923 (Act XXIII of 1923), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies wherever found of the book in Tamil entitled "Gandhi Rakshasga Gyanam", Part I, written by Srinivas Padmanabha Chatterjee, printed at the Sri Vaidyanatha Press, No. 1, Kottam street, Choolai, Madras (the title page alone being printed as the title page) from A. K. Madan Mahidhar, and all other documents containing copies or translations of or extracts from the said book inasmuch as it contains matter of the nature described in section 4 (1) of the said Act as amended by section 63 of the Emergency Powers Ordinance, 1932 (Ordinance No. 18 of 1932) and the Amending Ordinance, 1932 (Ordinance No. VII of 1932).

Port St. George, June 23, 1932.  
(G.O. No. 351, Police (General)).

No. 261.—The following notification of the Government of the United Provinces is republished:—

#### POLICE DEPARTMENT.

##### MISCELLANEOUS.

Model 24, 26 1924 June 1932.

No. N. 10 P/VI/1478.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 30 A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty every copy of the pamphlet in English entitled "Pradyoti M. H. Mahapatra's statement on suppression in India" and in April 1932, and its Hindi translation entitled "Sharanan dhan chakra" and April 1932 and Pradyoti Mahapatra's statement in English" both published by Pradyoti Mahapatra, Secretary to Pradyoti Mahapatra Mahapatra, Hindia University, Benares, and printed by Mahapatra Vaidya Mahapatra at the Gymnasium, Tumbak, Kashi, on the ground that the said pamphlet contains matter the publication of which is prohibited under section 22-A of the Indian Penal Code.

Port St. George, July 5, 1932.  
(G.O. No. 345, Police (General)).

No. 262.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 19 of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931 (Act XXIII of 1931), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies wherever found of the book in Tamil entitled "A. N. Kolar Aradya, Padmanabha Chatterjee" purporting to be printed on 15th June 1932 at the Sri Vaidyanatha Press, Choolai, Madras, and published by A. N. Kolar Aradya, Padmanabha Chatterjee, Tumbak, Kashi, and all other documents containing copies or translations of or extracts from the said book inasmuch as it contains matter of the nature described in section 4 (1) of the said Act as amended by section 77 of the Emergency Powers Ordinance, 1932 (Ordinance No. X of 1932).

Port St. George, July 5, 1932.

No. 263.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

#### HOME DEPARTMENT.

##### PROCLAMATION.

Model, 26 1924 June 1932.

No. F. 154/1932.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 1 of the Special Powers

Ordinance, 1932 (Ordinance X of 1932), the Governor in Council is pleased to extend to the provinces mentioned in the first column of the schedule annexed to the said Ordinance specified against each in the second column of the same schedule:

	Sanctions.
Madras ..	10 to 20 and 25 to 35.
Bombay ..	5 to 10 and 15 to 25.
Bengal ..	5 to 10, 15 to 20 and 25 to 35.
United Provinces ..	5 to 10, 15 to 20, 25 to 30 and 35 to 45.
Punjab ..	5 to 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 to 35.
Bihar and Orissa ..	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35 to 40 and 45 to 50.
Central Provinces ..	10 to 20 and 25 to 35.
Assam ..	10 to 20 and 25 to 35.
Northern Frontier ..	5 to 10, 15 to 20 and 25 to 35.
Delhi ..	1, 5, 10, 15 to 20, 25 to 30, 35 to 40, 45 to 50, 55 to 60 and 65 to 70.
Ajmer-Merwara ..	10 to 20 and 25 to 35.

Port St. George, October 23, 1931.  
(G.O. No. 1128, Public (General)).

No. 127.—Under the explanation to section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (Act XXVI of 1881), the Governor in Council hereby declares that, in addition to the public holidays expressly defined as such in the said explanation, viz., Good Friday, New Year's Day (1st day, 1st January 1932), Monday, the 25th December 1932 (Christmas Day), the 25th December falling on a Sunday, and Good Friday (Friday, 25th March 1932), the following days shall be public holidays in the year 1932:—

Tuesday, the 16th August ..	Avasi Aradham.
Thursday, the 25th August ..	Sri Jayanti.
Thursday, the 29th September ..	Mahalaya Amavasya.
Saturday, the 8th October ..	Ardha Purnima.
Friday, the 28th October ..	Dussehra.
Tuesday, the 27th November ..	Christmas.
Wednesday, the 28th December ..	
Friday, the 30th December ..	
Saturday, the 31st December ..	

Notes.—No days are notified as holidays for the following as they fall on Sundays:—

Monday, 17th July 1932 ..	
Wednesday, 4th September 1932 ..	

2. The Governor in Council further notifies that on the following days, which are not declared to be public holidays under statutory provisions, all public offices in the Presidency town and in the mofussil will be closed with the exception of



## (Special.)

## EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Port St. George, June 20, 1922.

No. 368.—The High Commissioner for India, has granted Mr. C. R. Cotterell, Esq., I.C.S., an extension of leave on half average pay (not due) for sixteen days with effect from the 23rd July 1922.

## POSTING.

Port St. George, June 22, 1922.

No. 370.—Mr. E. A. Gopalakrishnan, I.C.S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate in charge of the Madhavaram division of the East Godavari district, to be Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of the same division.

Port St. George, June 22, 1922.

No. 371.—Mr. M. E. Vellock, I.C.S., acting Collector and District Magistrate, and Agent to the Government, Godavari District, as acted by Mr. A. M. A. C. Gollini, I.C.S., to be Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Polavali Division of the Candhavar district.

## PRESS COMMUNIQUE.

Madras 25d, June 22, 1922.

No. 173.—A competitive examination for admission to the Indian Civil Service will be held at Madras beginning on the 23rd January 1923. The application for admission to the examination should be submitted through the Collector of the district to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras. In the case of a candidate from Coorg, the application should be submitted to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg and in the case of a candidate from a State or India through the Director to the Political Office concerned. No candidate will be admitted to the examination from whom the Collector or the Political Officer concerned has not received an order before the 1st August 1922 in application to the Government form accompanied by the necessary documents.

Copies of the application and regulations and of the form of application for admission to the examination can be obtained on application to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras in the Public (Special) Department at Government Bldg., the Nilgiris, up to the 31st July 1922 and thereafter at Fort St. George, Madras.

G. T. H. BRACKEN,  
Chief Secretary.

## FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

Port St. George, June 22, 1922.

No. 91.—Monthly Account of Receipts and Disbursements of the Provincial Government of Madras for Indian transactions to end of the month of May 1922, including English transactions to end of April 1922.

RECEIPTS.	Progressive total.			English Estimates, 1922-1923.
	Inds to end of May 1922.	England for April 1922.	Total.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
II.—Taxes of Income .. .. .				3,69,180
- V.—Land Revenue .. .. .	1,47,37,870	..	1,47,37,870	7,48,31,000
VI.—Excise .. .. .	21,45,072	..	21,45,072	8,65,08,262
VII.—Stamp .. .. .	25,18,007	..	25,18,007	2,15,62,392
VIII.—Firm .. .. .	4,78,322	..	4,78,322	45,78,760
IX.—Registration .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	24,23,180
XIII.—Licenses, Navigation, Embarkment and Druggs, Works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts kept .. .. .	5,72,643	..	5,72,643	22,81,426
XIV.—Navigation, Navigation, Embarkment and Druggs, Works for which no Capital Accounts kept .. .. .	12,027	..	12,027	2,64,800
XVI.—Debt .. .. .	2,44,426	..	2,44,426	12,13,000
XVII.—Debt in Current Settlements .. .. .	1,44,329	792	1,45,121	12,13,000
XIX.—Fines .. .. .	99,601	..	99,601	6,81,600
XX.—Tolls and Portage .. .. .	21,900	..	21,900	8,98,300
XXI.—Education .. .. .	280	..	280	..
XXII.—Medical .. .. .	48,874	..	48,874	7,48,000
XXIII.—Other Health .. .. .	10,140	..	10,140	8,62,000
XXIV.—Agriculture .. .. .	50,914	..	50,914	1,41,000
XXV.—Agriculture .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XXVI.—Sanitary Departments .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	6,11,000
XXVII.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	42,21,000
XXVIII.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	12,13,000
XXIX.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XXX.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XXXI.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XXXII.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XXXIII.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XXXIV.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XXXV.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XXXVI.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XXXVII.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XXXVIII.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XXXIX.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XL.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XLII.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XLIII.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XLIV.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XLV.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XLVI.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XLVII.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XLVIII.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
XLIX.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
L.—Sanitary .. .. .	8,26,161	..	8,26,161	2,45,000
Total, Revenue .. .. .	2,52,00,000	807	2,52,00,807	10,47,17,000



Fort St. George, June 26, 1932.

No. 95.—The following notification of the Government of India are republished:—

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (CENTRAL DIVISION).  
Second-ary.

Dated, the 18th June 1932.

No. 34.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 40 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XII) of 1922, the Governor-General-in-Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department No. 82's F, dated the 21st March 1932, namely:—

In paragraph (4) of the said notification, in clause (i) after the entry "the King's Palace Hotel", the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

"the Indian Palace Hotel."

No. 35.—The following draft of orders further amendments in the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, which the Central Board of Revenue, proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 40 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XII) of 1922, as published, as required by subsection (2) of the said section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st August 1932. Any objection or suggestion which may be received in respect of the draft before the date specified will be considered by the said Board.

Key's Amendments.

In the statement of total income in rule 10:—

(1) after entry 1, B. the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

"1. C. Interest on employee's contributions to a recognised provident fund and accumulation thereof to the extent or which such interest is exempt from income tax under section 40 F (3)."

(2) after the word "Deductions claimed B.,"

(3) after clause "B" the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(4) an amount of interest on employee's contributions to a recognised provident fund and accumulation thereof which is exempt from income tax under section 40 F (3)."

(5) clause (4) shall be re-drafted (4).

—

No. 31.—Mr. C. S. R. Srinivas has been confirmed as Assistant Commissioner, Madras Salt Department, with effect from 1st June 1932, vice Mr. G. R. Srinivas.

Mr. K. Srinivas Ayya has been confirmed as Inspector, Madras Salt Department, with effect from the same date.

Fort St. George, May 25, 1932  
(S.O. No. 263, Finance)

No. 36.—The following resolution of the Government of India is republished:—

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

New Delhi, the 22nd March 1932.

[Note of interest on deposits in the General Provident Fund and other similar funds.]

No. 3043-BCE.—In their Resolution No. F-ST-7-2-12, dated the 21st December 1931, the Government of India, published as a notification of the method approved by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council, for the calculation of the rate of interest on certain funds. It is announced for general information that the rate of interest on deposits and also on balances at the credit of subscribers in the General Provident and other similar funds on the 31st March 1932, as determined by the approved method, is 4.55 per cent; and that this rate will be in force during the financial year beginning on the 1st April 1932. The funds concerned are:—

- (1) The General Provident Fund.
- (2) The Civil Engineer's Provident Fund.
- (3) The Finance Department Provident Fund.
- (4) The Police Department Provident Fund.
- (5) The Geological Survey Department Provident Fund.
- (6) The Opium Department Provident Fund.
- (7) The Forest Department Provident Fund.
- (8) The Contributory Provident Fund (India).
- (9) The Civil Veterinary Department Provident Fund.
- (10) The Madras Military Assistant Surgeons' Provident Fund.
- (11) The Indian Civil Service Provident Fund.
- (12) The Indian Customs Department Provident Fund.
- (13) The Special Provident Funds on bonus or contributory basis.
- (14) The Indian Civil Service (Non-European Members) Provident Fund.

1. It is intimated that the same rate of interest (4.55 per cent) should also apply, with effect from the same date, to compulsory subscriptions and contributions and to the balances at credit of the subscribers in the Madras Bengal, Bombay, Madras and Central India, Baroda, Bhopal Nagpur, Madras and Southern Malabar and South Indian Railways whose provident fund securities have been taken over by Government.

Fort St. George, May 24, 1932 (S.O. No. 263, Finance).

No. 34.—

In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 41, 42 and 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Governor-in-Council and the Governor acting with the Ministers hereby direct that the following amendments be made in the rules under Note 3 to Fundamental Rule 61:—

(1) Note 3.—After the words "in Europe" in the last line of the Note, insert the words "including the Near East".

(2) Note 2 under Note 3.—For the last sentence of the Note, substitute the following:—

"An officer who is placed on duty while on leave out of India pay, if he would otherwise have been on leave carrying average pay or full pay, shall be deemed

such leave during the period of duty and be granted an honorarium equal to one-sixth of his Indian pay for the period in question.

In the third sentence of the note omit the words 'Compensatory or'.

(2) Rule 2 under Note 5.—For the existing rule, substitute the following:—

2. Subject to the provisions of rules 3 and 4, officers who are sent to England from India on deputation may be granted a compensatory allowance at the following rates from the date of landing in England to the date of leaving England for India:—1st class, Rs. 84 a day; 2nd class, 12s. 6d. a day; 3rd class, 4d. a day. Officers deputed from India to places abroad will draw halting allowance under section 19 B for the duration of their deputation in America or Europe as the case may be.

(4) Rule 5 under Note 5.—For the words 'while on leave in Europe or America' occurring in the first line, substitute the words 'while on leave in England.'

(5) Rule 10 under Note 5.—At the beginning of the rule, insert the words 'Except as provided in rule 10a.'

(6) Insert the following as rule 10a:—

10a. Officers entitled to second-class passage who are deputed to the United Kingdom receive in respect of the journey from the port of embarkation to their home and vice versa the following allowance in lieu of refund of incidental expenses under rule 10, namely, 15s. for each journey if the officer travels alone and £1 for each journey if he is accompanied by his wife or family.

(7) Rule 11 under Note 5.—After the words 'from India' in the first line, insert the words 'on duty.'

For the words 'between Marseilles and the United Kingdom' occurring at the end of the rule, substitute the words 'between England and the continental port of embarkation for, or disembarkation from, India.'

(8) Rule 12 under Note 5.—For the first sentence of the rule, substitute the following:—

"Officers on deputation from India travelling on duty may, when away from headquarters, draw in addition to travelling expenses under Section III halting allowance at the rates shown in the following tables A and B."

For the existing Schedule of halting allowances in 'B—Places abroad,' substitute the following:—

		B—Places abroad.		
		Class 1.	Class 2.	Class 3.
		Rs. s. d.	Rs. s. d.	Rs. s. d.
United States of America .. ..	..	2 0 0	1 10 0	1 0 0
Canada .. ..	..	1 15 0	1 0 0	0 17 6
Berlin .. ..	..			
Paris .. ..	..			
Rome .. ..	..			
Milan .. ..	..			
Constantinople .. ..	..	1 10 0	1 2 6	0 15 0
Germany (except Berlin) .. ..	..			
Sweden .. ..	..			
Denmark .. ..	..			
Egypt (and the Near East and North Africa) .. ..	..			
Yemen .. ..	..			
Aden .. ..	..			
Norway .. ..	..			
Denmark .. ..	..			
Spain .. ..	..			
Austria .. ..	..			
Switzerland (except Geneva) .. ..	..	1 5 0	0 15 0	0 12 6
Poland .. ..	..			
Bulgaria .. ..	..			
Czechoslovakia .. ..	..			
Hungary .. ..	..			
Rumania .. ..	..			
Yugoslavia .. ..	..			
France (except Paris) .. ..	..			
Italy (except Rome and Milan) .. ..	..			
Belgium (except Brussels) .. ..	..			
Turkey (except Constantinople) .. ..	..	1 0 0	0 15 0	0 10 0
Greece (except Athens) .. ..	..			
Finland .. ..	..			
Portugal .. ..	..			
Estonia and Lithuania .. ..	..			





leave on average pay for one day and there on half-  
average pay for two months and twenty-two days  
in consideration thereof under Presidential Rules  
21 and 43, with effect from date of relief.

#### APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, June 25, 1932.

No. 485—[With effect from the 1st July 1932  
and till the return of Mr. Abbas Ali, Chief Presi-  
dency Magistrate, from leave].—

(1) M.R. S. Dand Nader Awaraj, Third  
Presidency Magistrate, to act as Second Presidency  
Magistrate.

(2) M.R. S. T. B. Krishnaswami Ayyar  
Awaraj, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, to act as  
Third Presidency Magistrate.

#### APPOINTMENTS AND POSTINGS.

No. 486—M.R. S. B. Venkataswami Ayyar  
Awaraj, District Magistrate, to act as District  
Judge and posted to the Sub-Court, Chingleput,  
via M.R. S. V. Srinivasulu Pillai Awaraj  
appointed to act as District and Sessions Judge as  
and further orders.

Fort St. George, June 26, 1932.

No. 487—Mr. Reginald Howe, on return from  
leave, to act as District Magistrate, District Jail, Madras,  
in relief of Mr. W. O. Foxcroft.

No. 488—Mr. W. O. Foxcroft, Acting Superin-  
tendent, District Jail, Madras, to act as Superinten-  
dent, Junior Criminal School, Kanchi, in relief of  
M.R. S. K. Balasubrahmanyam Muttiah Awaraj,  
who will revert to his permanent appointment as  
Superintendent, Junior Criminal School, Kanchi.

No. 489—M.R. S. K. S. Venkataswami Ayyar  
Awaraj, Acting District and Sessions Judge, Wan-  
tanjore, on removal as District Judge to the  
Sub-Court, Villupuram, via M.R. S. Venkatas-  
wami Awaraj posted here on small  
senior order.

#### WITHDRAWAL OF POWERS.

Fort St. George, June 27, 1932.

No. 490—Under the provisions of section 42 of  
the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, the Governor  
in Council withdraws the powers of a Special Magis-  
trate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction  
of the Bench for Magistrates at the place specified  
against their names conferred on the undersigned  
Magistrate. —

M.R. S. Aravamudan Madali Srinivasan Madali  
Awaraj (who has resigned his appointment)—  
Kanchipuram in the District of South Arcot.

Fort St. George, June 28, 1932.

Joseph Mathew and Abdul Ahmed Sahib Bahadur  
(who has resigned his appointment)—Kalamati  
in the District of South Arcot.

No. 491—Under the provisions of section 41 of  
the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, the Governor  
in Council withdraws the powers of a Special Magis-  
trate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction

of the Bench of Magistrates at Kanchipuram in the  
District of Tanjore conferred on the under-  
signed Magistrate with effect from their  
appointments. —

M.R. S. Mahalingam Chettiar Kandamuri  
Chettiar Awaraj.

M.R. S. Aravamudan Velupillai, Tanna Subbaraya  
Tannathan Srinivasan Tanna Awaraj.

No. 492—Under the provisions of section 42 of  
the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, the Governor  
in Council withdraws the powers of an Honorary  
Presidency Magistrate for the City of Madras  
conferred on M.R. S. P. Srinivasulu Pillai Awaraj,  
who has resigned his appointment.

#### INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

No. 493—Under section 342 (1) of the Code of  
Criminal Procedure, 1908, as amended by Acts  
XXVIII and XXXVIII of 1925, the Government  
have empowered the undersigned Sessions  
Magistrate in the district specified against his  
name to pass orders as to first offenders. —

M.M. S. Gov. Parthasarathi Nayudu—Kannur.

Fort St. George, June 25, 1932.

No. 494—Under section 342 of the Code of Cri-  
minal Procedure, 1908, the undersigned Magistrate  
in the district specified against their names are  
authorized to take down the evidence of witnesses  
with their own hand in the English language. —

M.R. S. K. S. Venkataswami Ayyar Awaraj,  
Sessions Judge—Wan Tanjore.

Fort St. George, June 27, 1932.

M.R. S. R. S. Srinivasan M. Srinivasan Pancha-  
Guru, District Magistrate—Kannur.

Fort St. George, July 2, 1932.

No. 495—Under section 342 of the Code of Cri-  
minal Procedure, 1908, the undersigned Deputy  
Commissioner and District Magistrate in the district  
specified against their names are authorized to take  
down the evidence of witnesses with their own hand  
in the English language. —

M.R. S. B. K. Srinivasan Nayudu Gann-  
Kannur.

M.R. S. A. Srinivasan Nayudu Gann-  
Kannur.

Fort St. George, June 28, 1932.

No. 496—Under section 267 of the Code of Cri-  
minal Procedure, 1908, as amended by the Criminal  
Procedure Code Amendment Act XVIII of 1922,  
the undersigned Second class Magistrate in the  
district specified against his name is authorized to  
authorize the division of accused persons in the  
custody of the police. —

M.R. S. Gov. Parthasarathi Nayudu—Kannur.

Rec'd by Bureau, July 2, 1942.

36 487—Under section 87 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1958, Mr. Sampson Furness-Poe, F.C.S., West shore Magistrate in the District of Orono, is empowered to hear appeals from the judgments of appeal and third class Magistrates.

May 30. Sunday, June 17, 1938.

No. 408.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 18 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower the undersigned Honorary Presidency Magistrate to sit singly and exercise the powers of a Presidency Magistrate under the said Code:—

M. R. Ry, Rua Schulo C, Selapati Madaligan Aven-

54  
 Vol. I. *Parasitica*. *Medicina*. *Artemia*.

<sup>10</sup> Todd Robinson, *Not Avarice*.

Ref. 5. *Quercus*, June 58, 1962.

Fig. 409.—Under section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor is empowered to appoint B.H.Sy. Harapret Arjunappa Chavhan Arunappa Chavhan Arjunappa Chavhan Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Court and to confer on him all the judicial powers of a Magistrate of the second class and further to direct under section 15 (1) of the Code that he shall exercise these powers as a member of the Bench of Magistrates constituted for that area.

No. 800.—The Registrar General is pleased to empower Mr. H. Versteegh, Agent Magistrate (General), Special Magistrate in the district of Hammoud, to take cognizance under clauses (a) and (b) of section 154 (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, of the offences specified in items (1) to (5) of rule 1 of the rules in Notification No. 757, Rome (General), dated the 17th August 1910, published as pages 1940 and 2041 of Part I of the *Stat. Dec.* of the 20th item, as amended by subsequent notifications since within the limits of his jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrate at Hammoud.

No. 801.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr R. S. Shapcott Atmospheric Chemist at Kingston Charles Avenue, Special Second class Magistrate in the District of Salem, to take possession under clause (c) and (f) of annex 180 (3) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, of the offices specified in items (1) to (5) of rule 1 of the rules in Notification No. 187, Rules (Judicial), dated the 18th August 1916, published as pages 540 and 2044 of Part I of the First Gazette Gazette of the 29th day, as amended by subsequent notifications acting within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Salem.

Prof. M. Gervais, June 27, 1902.

No. 501.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undersigned peace to his Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the

jurisdiction of the Bank of England as to the places specified against their names with the persons and subjects to the terms and conditions specified in Notifications No. 725, Home (Jadwin), dated the 18th August 1912, published at pages 1048 and 1049 of Part I of the First List, George Gosses of the 20th Division as awarded by collateral trust institutions —

M R. G. Kamesha Vaidanap- puram Pancham Gm.	Deposited in the district of Gaster.
M N. S. H. Rangaswami Gm.	
M D. S. Mergachampura Nagu- bhakshana Gm.	
M N. S. Yatham Yellamada Gm.	

*East St. Louis, June 26, 1968.*

Kannur Tridharmaswami Akkai Gaffar  
Sahib Sahibdar—Kannur in the District of  
North Arcot.

M.H. By Children's Chorus }  
for Polka, Minuet, Cello, }  
Violoncello, and Bass. }  
M.H. By A. S. Matheson }  
Violoncello. }  
Trombone.

Joseph M. K. S. Muhammed Abul Hakeem Katchikur Kalladur—Alampattam in the district of Tanjavur.

Est. St. George, Aug 29, 1901

M. R. Ry. Devaran Chetty or Samuel Chettyas  
Applicant, before the District of Salem.

M. R. Ry, Varadachari Appaiah Mallikarjuna Ayyar—Member in the district of Dindur.

Post St. George, Aug 25, 1939

M.R. Ky. M. Kamaishi Kevender Sapporaya  
Kevender Aavagal—Pariyatham is the district  
of Madras.

M. H. Wy, *Orang Asli Beradasi Asli—Gadipatan  
di dalam Masyarakat Asli*.

## NORTHWEST &amp; SOUTHWEST

Exp. 29. *Warren, June 27, 1932*

No. 403.—The Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the population of the French of Nagaitube at Tati-herry in the District of Malabar shall extend to the whole of Kattapani taluk of the district of Malabar.

W. M. VISWANATHA RAO,  
Secretary to Government

No. 504.—The following draft of an amendment to the Federal Motor Vehicle Code, 1923, published with Law's (General) Experiment, Notification No. 219 at page 227 et seq. of Part I of the 1928-29 Service edition, dated the 20th March, 1929, is subsequently amended, which the Government is hereby empowered to make, in accordance with the recommendation of the Federal Motor Vehicle Act, 1914 (VIII of 1914), is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. Notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th August 1929 and that any objection or suggestion which may be made at any time, thereon, therefrom

any person before the said date will be considered by the Governor in Council.

#### DEPORT ACTING OFFICER.

In rule 3-A of the said rules, for the words "statement showing the unladen weight and the seating capacity" the following words shall be substituted, namely:—

"statement showing the unladen weight, the motor's guaranteed safety load and the seating capacity".

A. W. DIXON,

Deputy Secretary to Government.

Port St. George, June 10, 1932.

[G.O. No. 3500, Gen. (General)].

No. 436.—Under the provision in clause (1) of sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Indian Passport Act (V of 1913), as amended by Act III of 1921, notice is hereby given that it is proposed to amend the provisions of the said Act, as so altered the 15th January 1932, on the Indian High Colony in the Transkei district.

Persons having objection to the proposed amendment of the Act are invited to lodge their objections before the District Magistrate, Transkei, within two months from the publication of this notice.

Port St. George, July 2, 1932.

No. 555.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished:—

#### HOME DEPARTMENT.

##### PURVIEW.

Bombay, 18th December 1931.

No. 2925-2964.—In pursuance of the orders contained in the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department No. 2933-2962, dated the 8th December 1931, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to issue the following instructions with regard to certificates of identity.

2 Every native of India who accompanies government out of India to foreign countries is strongly urged, before leaving, to furnish himself with an authoritative certificate of identity, in the form appended to this Resolution, signed by the head of the district (in a Presidency Town and in the town of Bangalore, the Commissioner of Police) in the case of residents of British India and by the Political Officer in that of residents of Native States. In the case of a student the certificate should be signed by the head of his host school or college and countersigned by the District Officer (in a Presidency Town and in the town of Bangalore, the Commissioner of Police) or Political Officer in the case may be.

Appeals for assistance by destitute Indians who have repatriation and by students who owing to extraordinary circumstances are unable to complete their course of education cannot be dealt with satisfactorily unless the parties are in a position to produce evidence of identity.

The possession of a certificate of identity will be specially useful to young men of good family, as it may enable the Secretary of State to obtain for them social and other assistance.

Those who are desirous, however, of travelling to countries where a passport will be necessary are advised to furnish themselves with such a document also before leaving India, in lieu of, or in addition to, a certificate of identity. It should be remembered that no person is entitled to a passport, as of right, on the ground that he is a British subject and the production before authorities outside India of a certificate of identity, unless supplemented by documentary evidence of respectability, is not sufficient to ensure that a passport will be granted.

#### Form of Certificate of Identity.

1. Name of applicant.
2. Father's name and rank.
3. Residence.
4. Age of applicant.
5. Nationality of applicant.
6. Social or pecuniary status of father (or guardian).
7. Date or probable departure of applicant from India.
8. Object of applicant's visit to England (Europe).

Signature of District Officer (in a Presidency Town, the Commissioner of Police or Political Officer, or head of school or college.)

Dated

\* I.e., whether a British subject by birth or by naturalisation (in a subject of a Foreign State).

† Counter-signature of the District or Political Officer should be obtained on certificates signed by heads of schools or colleges.

Note.—Notice of certification of identity, intended to apply subsequently in England or elsewhere for a passport to visit a foreign country are issued only on persons entitled to a passport as of right, on the sole ground that he is a British subject. The production of a certificate of identity, therefore, will not ordinarily be sufficient to secure the grant of a passport, unless it is supplemented by documentary evidence of respectability, attested by a Local Commissioner or other authority in accordance with the provisions of the Act, and the holder is a British subject or British subject by birth or by naturalisation.

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

##### EMERGENCY.

Singapore, 2nd September 1931.

No. 5132-5174-38.—The following procedure has been arranged by the Government of India

in Jamaica with the Government of the Union of South Africa to facilitate the admission into the Union of the wives and minor children of Indians resident in that country.

2. The husband or father resident in South Africa who desires to obtain a certificate of relationship from a magistrate in India to facilitate the admission into the Union of South Africa of his wife or children under the age of sixteen years will, in the first instance, make application in the prescribed form to the immigration authorities in South Africa or to the magistrate of the district in South Africa in which he is residing and on obtaining from the proper officer in South Africa a certificate in respect of his application will transmit the same to his wife or child, as the case may be, for production with his application for a certificate of relationship before the principal local magistrate

in India, viz., the Chief Presidency Magistrate in a Presidency town, the District Officer in a Native State, or the District Magistrate elsewhere.

3. The principal local magistrate in India, on receipt of such application and on production before him of the certificate issued in South Africa, will institute an enquiry either personally or through an officer not below the rank of a Deputy Tahsildar, a Sub-Deputy Collector or a Munsif according to the province concerned, and if the senior magistrate is satisfied as to the alleged relationship, he will grant a certificate of relationship in the attached form in favour of the person (or persons) referred to in the application, who will present it to the Immigration Officer at the port of entry in support of his claim to admission into the Union.

See Form

#### Form of Certificate.

##### A

I do hereby certify that as the result of an enquiry made by me personally this \_\_\_\_\_

day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_, I am satisfied that \_\_\_\_\_

Daughter of \_\_\_\_\_ of village \_\_\_\_\_ Police Station \_\_\_\_\_

District \_\_\_\_\_ is the duly married wife of \_\_\_\_\_ son of \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ of village \_\_\_\_\_ Police Station \_\_\_\_\_

District \_\_\_\_\_ at present residing at \_\_\_\_\_

##### Descriptive particulars.

Name _____	Have thumb impressions been taken in my presence. Left _____ Thumb _____
Caste _____	
Religion _____	
Date, as nearly as can be ascertained, of marriage _____	
Place of marriage _____	

Signature of Magistrate.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_ Place \_\_\_\_\_

Seal of the Magistrate.

Counter-signed.

District Magistrate.

(Chief Presidency Magistrate in a Presidency  
Town or District Officer in a Native State.)

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_ Name of District \_\_\_\_\_

Seal of the District Magistrate.

B

I do hereby certify that as the result of an enquiry made by me personally that  
 day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_ I am satisfied that \_\_\_\_\_  
 is the son (daughter) of \_\_\_\_\_ of village \_\_\_\_\_ Taluk \_\_\_\_\_  
 Station \_\_\_\_\_ District \_\_\_\_\_  
 at present residing at \_\_\_\_\_ and that I am satisfied that he  
 years of age.

Descriptive particulars.

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Caste \_\_\_\_\_  
 Religion \_\_\_\_\_  
 Age \_\_\_\_\_

It is (that) though fingerprints  
 have been taken in my  
 presence. Right  
 thumb \_\_\_\_\_  
 Left  
 thumb \_\_\_\_\_

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_  
 Seal of the Magistrate.  
 Counter-signed.

Signature of Magistrate.  
 Place \_\_\_\_\_

District Magistrate.

(Chief Presidency Magistrate in a Presidency  
 Town or Political Officer in a Native State.)

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_  
 Seal of the District Magistrate.

Name of District \_\_\_\_\_

Glasgow, the 2nd August 1916.

No. 6083.—The following letter received from  
 the Government of the East Africa Protectorate  
 is published for general information:—

THE SECRETARIES, NAIROBI,  
 EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE,  
 June 27, 1916.

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that the  
 Government of British East Africa Protectorate  
 has recently had under consideration the desirability  
 of enforcing more strictly the provisions of  
 the Immigration Restriction Ordinance, 1906,  
 and the Immigration Restriction Amendment  
 Ordinance, 1910, copies of which are enclosed  
 herewith.

2. Section 11 of the original enactment  
 provided that any person appearing to be a pro-  
 hibited immigrant under section 5 (a) might be  
 permitted to enter the Protectorate on payment  
 of a deposit according to nationality. In the  
 course of time this restriction was shown to be  
 acting as a deterrent in the case of persons who  
 might well be admitted to the country, and the  
 amending Ordinance was promulgated whereby  
 the Immigration Officer was empowered to  
 accept security in lieu of the deposit.

3. In the great majority of cases no arrange-  
 ments for this security are made prior to  
 embarkation and in consequence such persons  
 have hitherto been allowed to land in order that  
 they may be given the opportunity of finding a

surety. This course has led to abuse and is  
 itself objectionable inasmuch as the deposit  
 prescribed by section 11 of the Ordinance of  
 1906 is payable before landing and if this section  
 is read together with section 5 (1) of the amend-  
 ing Ordinance of 1910, it is clear that the demand  
 for security must also be complied with before  
 landing.

4. The Government has therefore decided  
 that all immigrants should either enter the  
 country deposit, or provide the security required,  
 before leaving the ship to arrive in port.  
 The strict enforcement of this regulation will  
 take effect as from the 1st of September 1916  
 and I have the honour to request that steps  
 may be taken to make the procedure known to  
 those districts from which immigrants to British  
 East Africa usually arrive. Persons who cannot  
 deposit the necessary sum or have failed to  
 find the requisite security will after that date be  
 sent back to India, and the Government of this  
 Protectorate will not hold itself responsible for  
 any expenditure thus incurred.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant.

C. C. BOWMAN,  
 Chief Secretary to Government.

Local Governments and Administrations are  
 requested to make the intimation contained in  
 the letter as widely known as possible, parti-  
 cularly in places from which emigration to  
 British East Africa is believed to be most  
 common. Immigrant emigrants should also be  
 warned of the risks they run in proceeding to

\* The section prohibits the immigration of any person  
 without suitable means of support or any person who is  
 likely to become a pauper or a public charge.

† The deposit required from a native of India is Rs. 50.











Fort St. George, July 6, 1933.

No. 248.—The services of pesticide and disinfectant sprays of the Madras Army required for employment in and expenditure may be obtained on application to the—

(1) Recruiting Staff Officers at the following stations—

Puducherry (Barracks via Tichek, from 15th April to 15th October) for Pithons.  
Jehan for Panchi Mithamandras.  
Jalandhar for Sibia. Jalandhar (Mithamandras, from 15th April to 15th October) for Dugues. Agre for Rappana and Central India Mithamandras and Mithamandras. Datta for Jala and Mithamandras. Mithamandras. Lathian for Mithamandras and Mithamandras.  
Dehra Mithamandras.

(2) Pesticide Paymaster, Madras, for Mithamandras.  
All applications from employers should include the particulars shown below, and should be addressed to the officers referred to at the places above mentioned:—

- (1) Name of person or firm offering employment.
- (2) Nature of, and place at which, employment is offered.
- (3) Proposed pay and period for which employment is offered.
- (4) Whether return fare to place of employment will be paid or not.
- (5) Whether return railway fare will be paid in case of passenger being discharged by the end of his term, or after a definite period of service.
- (6) Class of work required, e.g., Sika, Pithon, Dugues, etc.

Fort St. George, June 27, 1932.  
[S. O. No. 25 (30, Development).]

No. 251.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Madras Agricultural Pests and Diseases Act III, of 1916, as amended by Act VII of 1918, the Government of Madras, Ministry of Public Works, hereby declare that the 'hairy caterpillar' (*Homocidus albicollis*) is an insect pest in respect of dry crops such as groundnut, sunnabi and guar, etc. In order to eradicate this insect pest, the Government of Madras in the Ministry of Public Works direct under section (1) and (a) of sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Act that with effect from 1st July 1932 all persons who sow or sow after the 1st July 1932 all groundnut, sunnabi and guar, etc. in the fields specified below should be properly hand-picked and killed by crushing or burying them deep. Since any neglect on the part of a crop in having such and specimens properly hand-picked will lead to the breeding of insects in the fields and their subsequent invasion of the fields of his neighbours it shall be incumbent on him to have the caterpillars after hand-picked or generated from sowing into other fields by digging trenches. The collection will be in force till 31st June 1933.

District, Area.

North Arcot The whole of Tirumangalam and Palarivela.

The Government further direct, under section 3 of the above Act, that village officers adjoining the notified area within whose limits a pest similar to the insect pest within the notified area shall appear, shall report the same to the Collector.

No. 252.—Under sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Madras Agricultural Pests and Diseases Act,

1916, as amended by Madras Act VII of 1918, the Government of Madras are pleased to direct that the notification prescribing the preventive or remedial measures for the eradication of the insect pest (*Homocidus albicollis*) attacking the crops in the Tirumangalam and Palarivela fields in the North Arcot district shall be produced by two-hundred and copies of the notification shall be posted in the village church or other prominent place before the date on which it comes into force.

No. 253.—In exercise of the provisions of the Madras Agricultural Pests and Diseases Act III, of 1916, as amended by Madras Act VII of 1918, the Government of Madras are pleased to issue the following rules:—

Upper Subordinate of the Agricultural Department, Mysore, Inspector, village houses and village assessments in the local area concerned.

No. 254.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 21 of the Madras Agricultural Pests and Diseases Act III, of 1916, as amended by Madras Act VII of 1918, the Government of Madras are pleased to issue the following rules:—

(1) The notice of demand of charges under section 4 of the Act shall be in Form A and shall be served by delivering a copy to the secretary of the land or to some adult male member of his family at his usual place of abode or to an authorized agent or by affixing a copy thereof on some conspicuous part of the land on which the pest is found or on any other place where the pest is found.

(2) A copy of the notice of demand shall be communicated to the village officer and the taluk officer. The inspecting officer shall maintain a register in Form B.

(3) In dealing with appeals under section 5, the Collector shall record his order under sub-section (3) of section 5 in writing and communicate a copy thereof free of charge to the appellant.

#### FORM A.

Notice of demand to of village of taluk. of which the details are attached hereto have been issued on carrying out the remedial measures from Survey No. of village.

The amount may be paid to the village treasurer or sent to the taluk treasury.

Any objection to this notice may be preferred to the Collector within thirty days from the date of service of this notice or the grounds specified in section 5 of the Act printed on the reverse.

Inspecting Officer.

Here enter the details of pest.

Here collection of the Act should be printed on the reverse of the notified form.

#### FORM B.

(Register of demands.)

Village	Survey No. of land to which demand is made	Date on which the demand is made and by the inspecting officer	Cost in terms of rupees and paise	Date of receipt of the demand in the office of the village officer	Remarks
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## ERRATA.

*Port St. George, June 18, 1932.*

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1924, as amended, by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1929, in respect of lands required for the field channels of the Conway-Melara Project in the Pabankumbal village, Pabankumbal taluk, Tanjore district, published at page 825 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated 1st May 1932—

For "T.S. No. 1013, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and by No. 1015 south and west by No. 1016—0.00 acre," read "T.S. No. 1013 of Chikankudapuram, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and on the south and west by No. 1015—0.00 acre."

For "T.S. No. 1013, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and by No. 1015 south and west by No. 1016—0.00 acre," read "T.S. No. 1013 of Chikankudapuram, bounded on the north and west by No. 1014; and on the south and west by No. 1015—0.00 acre."

For "T.S. No. 1013, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and by No. 1015 south and west by Pabankumbal lands—0.00 acre," read "T.S. No. 1013 of Chikankudapuram, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and on the south and west by No. 1015—0.00 acre."

For "Total 0.000 acre," read "Total 0.00 acre."

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1924, as amended, by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1929, in respect of lands required for the field channels of the Conway-Melara Project in the 7. Chikankud Melara village, Pabankumbal taluk, Tanjore district, published at page 1008 to 1009 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated 7th June 1932—  
Page 1008—

## Errata No. 1.

In the entry relating to Government, situated, S.E. No. 114 A & B part, for "west by No. 114 A & B part," read "west by No. 114 A & B."

For "Government, situated, S.E. No. 114 A & B part," read "Government, situated, S.E. No. 114 A & B."

In the entry relating to Government, S.E. No. 114 A & B part, for "west by No. 114 A & B part," read "west by No. 114 A & B."

Page 1009—

## Errata No. 2.

In the entry relating to Government, situated, S.E. No. 114 A & B part, for "west by No. 114 A & B part," read "west by No. 114 A & B."

Page 1010—

## Errata No. 3.

In the entry relating to Government, S.E. No. 114 A & B part, for "west by No. 114 A & B part," read "west by No. 114 A & B."

Page 1011—

## Errata No. 4.

In the entry relating to Government, S.E. No. 114 A & B part, for "west by No. 114 A & B part," read "west by No. 114 A & B."

Page 1012—

## Errata No. 5.

In the entry relating to Government, S.E. No. 114 A & B part, for "west by No. 114 A & B part," read "west by No. 114 A & B."

Page 1013—

## Errata No. 6.

In the entry relating to Government, S.E. No. 114 A & B part, for "west by No. 114 A & B part," read "west by No. 114 A & B."

Page 1014—

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1924, as amended, by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1929, in respect of lands required for the field channels of the Conway-Melara Project in the Melara village, Tanjore taluk, Tanjore district, published at page 810 and 1000 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated 7th June 1932—

## Errata No. 1.

In the entry relating to Government, S.E. No. 114 A & B part, for "west by No. 114 A & B part," read "west by No. 114 A & B."

## Errata No. 2.

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1924, as amended, by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1929, in respect of lands required for the field channels of the Conway-Melara Project in the Melara village, Tanjore taluk, Tanjore district, published at page 810 and 1000 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated 7th June 1932—

For "T.S. No. 1013, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and by No. 1015 south and west by No. 1016—0.00 acre," read "T.S. No. 1013 of Chikankudapuram, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and on the south and west by No. 1015—0.00 acre."

For "T.S. No. 1013, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and by No. 1015 south and west by No. 1016—0.00 acre," read "T.S. No. 1013 of Chikankudapuram, bounded on the north and west by No. 1014; and on the south and west by No. 1015—0.00 acre."

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1924, as amended, by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1929, in respect of lands required for the field channels of the Conway-Melara Project in the Melara village, Tanjore taluk, Tanjore district, published at page 810 and 1000 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated 7th June 1932—

For "Government, situated, S.E. No. 114 A & B part," read "Government, situated, S.E. No. 114 A & B."

In the entry relating to Government, S.E. No. 114 A & B part, for "west by No. 114 A & B part," read "west by No. 114 A & B."

For "Government, situated, S.E. No. 114 A & B part," read "Government, situated, S.E. No. 114 A & B."

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1924, as amended, by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1929, in respect of lands required for the field channels of the Conway-Melara Project in the Melara village, Tanjore taluk, Tanjore district, published at page 810 and 1000 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated 7th June 1932—

For "T.S. No. 1013, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and by No. 1015 south and west by No. 1016—0.00 acre," read "T.S. No. 1013 of Chikankudapuram, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and on the south and west by No. 1015—0.00 acre."

For "T.S. No. 1013, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and by No. 1015 south and west by No. 1016—0.00 acre," read "T.S. No. 1013 of Chikankudapuram, bounded on the north and west by No. 1014; and on the south and west by No. 1015—0.00 acre."

In the entry relating to Government, S.E. No. 114 A & B part, for "west by No. 114 A & B part," read "west by No. 114 A & B."

For "Government, situated, S.E. No. 114 A & B part," read "Government, situated, S.E. No. 114 A & B."

## Errata No. 7.

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1924, as amended, by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1929, in respect of lands required for the field channels of the Conway-Melara Project in the Melara village, Tanjore taluk, Tanjore district, published at page 810 and 1000 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated 7th June 1932—

For "T.S. No. 1013, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and by No. 1015 south and west by No. 1016—0.00 acre," read "T.S. No. 1013 of Chikankudapuram, bounded on the north by No. 1014; and on the south and west by No. 1015—0.00 acre."



The 11,000 rube distribution transformers, taking power from the H.T. feeders will be connected to the H.T. feeders and stay on the H.T. side.

(c) The central points of the High pressure system may with the approval of the Government of Madras and the consent of the P.W.D. authority and the Board be connected to each. Provided always that it shall be lawful for the Government of Madras from time to time to issue, with due regard to the expense involved, and to the effect upon the commercial prospects of the undertaking, regulations dealing with the above system of supply as to authorities subject to such limitations and conditions as shall be prescribed in writing by the Government after opinion of supply to be adopted for the purpose of this clause.

(d) The transmission lines, feeders, distributing mains and service lines may be overhead or underground in whole or part, and shall be erected, constructed and maintained by the licensee in strict accordance with the Act and the rules thereunder and the following provisions—

(e) The licensee shall not use overhead mains at any higher pressure than medium pressure without the sanction in writing of the Electric Inspector in each case and subject to any conditions or limitations which he may prescribe.

(f) In the streets mentioned in the third annexure hereto or in any other streets which may at any time hereafter be added in writing by the Government of Madras all electric lines shall be laid underground.

(g) Where the electric supply line crosses or runs along the routes of labour, temple or other religious procession the wires shall be laid underground or at such height as will allow of the free and safe passage of those processions or shall be temporarily removed.

(h) In cases where through which wheeled traffic is not permitted the poles shall be placed on the extreme edge of the line and a special construction to be approved by the Electrical Inspector adopted to keep the wires clear of the roof of every building.

(i) In any street or in direct continuation in which overhead electric lines are run such lines shall where possible be run on one side only.

(j) Where overhead mains are used, due precautions shall be taken by the licensee to avoid any possible interference with the adjacent telegraph or telephone conductors by inductive effects. The overhead wires shall be suitably tamped—where necessary.

(k) For the purpose of rule 61 of the Indian Electricity Rules, 1925, the maximum wind pressure shall be taken as 15 lb. per square foot.

8. *Conduiting works.*—(a) The licensee shall lay down suitable and sufficient feeders and distributing mains and shall install the necessary transformers and control equipment to the satisfaction of the Government of Madras for the purpose of supplying electric energy throughout such streets or parts of streets as are mentioned in the first annexure and as indicated in red on the deposited map. In the case of difference between the descriptions in the first annexure and as indicated on the deposited map, the latter shall prevail. The licensee shall endeavour to complete the works aforesaid within five months from the commencement of the license and shall complete the same within twelve months thereafter.

(b) Further within twelve months of the receipt of the first notice and subject to the first proviso of clause VI (c) of the Schedule to the Act, the licensee shall lay down suitable and sufficient additional feeders and distributing mains, as may be required to effect a supply to every applicant, or community within the area having a demand of

not less than 5,000 units per annum of low tension energy per mile of additional mains or feeder.

(c) In addition to the streets mentioned in the first annexure the licensee shall lay down further distributing mains to an appropriate length of one mile as may be directed by the Government of Madras within six months of the commencement of the supply.

(d) If the licensee fail to comply with the above provisions or should in the opinion of the Government of Madras the progress made during any portion of the said period of twelve months be unsatisfactory the license may be revoked, and the security furnished as per clause 4 (i) above forfeited.

(e) The licensee shall submit reports to the Electric Inspector, Chief Engineer for Electricity, every three months from the commencement of this license with the completion of the compulsory work specifying all steps taken, and the progress made in carrying into effect this license.

9. *Source of supply.*—The licensee shall not be at liberty to generate energy, but shall buy from Government all the energy required for distribution and resale.

10. *Working up of streets and railways and security of undergrounds.*—(a) The licensee are hereby specially authorized to open and break up the soil and pavement of the streets not repairable by the Government of Madras or by the local authority and maintained in the second annexure to this license and also to open and break up the soil and pavement of the Railways also mentioned in the said annexure at such points and places and to construct only as shall have been previously approved in writing by the Government after the licensee has given such special notice as notice as the Government may direct, within such period as the Government may fix in this behalf to the persons who are entitled to work the said railways and after all representations or objections received in accordance with any such notice have been considered by the Government.

(b) The length of the trenches to be opened at any one time or any street and the period for which they may remain open shall be determined from time to time by the Government of Madras or the local authority by which such streets are repairable. Where any street is opened not more than half the width of such street shall remain the specific authority in writing of the Government of Madras or the local authority as aforesaid be obtained for traffic.

(c) The licensee are further authorized to cross all rivers, streams and irrigation channels within the area of supply in accordance with such conditions as the Government may impose.

11. *Scale of price to be charged in respect of the supply of energy.*—The price to be charged by the licensee for energy supplied by them shall not exceed those rates as that fixed in the Power Agreement forgoing the Fourth Amendment, the terms of which have been agreed to between the Secretary of State for India in Council and the licensee.

12. It shall be the duty of the licensee to give to the several magistrates immediately and full information of any circumstances in which the interruption of the supply may be apprehended as a result of civil commotion or disturbances of the public peace or any strike or lock out of the nature specified in section 15 of the Trade Disputes Act, 1926.

13. *Purchase of undertakings.*—(a) The option of purchase given by section 7, sub-section (1) of the Act shall first be exercisable on the expiration of twenty years from the commencement of this license and on the expiration of every subsequent period of ten years during the continuance of this license. The percentage of the value to be determined in accordance with and for the purpose of sub-section (1)



holders of the licences as the necessary holders of the Secretary of State at Port of call to be subject to the limitations that are ordinary, usual and incidental to the generation and transmission of electrical energy but such limitations shall not extend to extraordinary reasons beyond the control of the Secretary of State, he more than five per cent on the frequency and twelve and a half per cent on the voltage. The licensee agree to specify that all over 11,000 volts supplies these factors shall be taken into account on the high tension side and 500 volts on the low tension side.

4. Save as provided herein the supply shall be available continuously except in case of lockout or strike of the employees of the Secretary of State, breakdown of machinery or plant, force majeure or any other cause over which the Secretary of State has no control in any of which cases the Secretary of State shall not be responsible for any discontinuance of the energy but he shall restore the supply as soon as he reasonably can.

5. The point of supply shall be as follows:—

(a) From the receiving station of the Secretary of State at 21,000 volts.

(b) From any point on the Secretary of State's 11,000 volts line in the licensed area at the discretion of the Secretary of State.

6. All 11,000 volts stations as feeders taken directly from the Secretary of State's lines or busbars must be suitably protected by the licensee by high tension fuses or automatic oil circuit breakers. The fuses and circuit breakers shall be capable of immediately restoring the maximum short circuit energy likely to occur at the point of installation. The relay settings and fuse capacities will be specified by the Chief Engineer for Electricity or his representative.

7. All transformers, switchgear and other electrical equipment directly connected to the feeders or lines of the Secretary of State shall be of suitable design and be maintained to the reasonable satisfaction of the Chief Engineer for Electricity or his representative.

8. Special cage motors exceeding certain capacities will not be permitted on Government facilities as follows:—

Capacity of Motor H.P.A. 4 pole motor amp.	Maximum horsepower of motor.
250	10
500	20
1,000	40
1,500	75
2,000 and over	100

The starting current of each squirrel cage motor shall not exceed 200 per cent normal full load current.

The starting of slip ring or other similar motors shall be by means of suitable appliances as designed, but the starting current at any time does not exceed 150 per cent normal full load current for operation up to 50 horse-power, and 175 per cent for all sizes over 50 horse-power.

9. For the purpose of metering the electrical energy taken by the licensee under this agreement there shall be provided at the points of supply one 11,000 volts metering set on each feeder of the licensee which shall be the property of and be kept in repair and maintained by the Secretary of State. Each metering set shall consist of the necessary instrument transformers and polyphase integrating wattmeter with one kilowatt demand meter. At the discretion of the Secretary of State a balancing demand meter may be installed at any feeding point where there are two or more feeders.

For metering at points of supply the Secretary of State may install a polyphase integrating wattmeter with kilowatt demand attachment, and determine the power factor by mutual agreement.

10. The licensee may at their own expense install check meters at their feeders at the receiving station of the Secretary of State at any point of supply.

11. The meters shall be properly sealed on behalf of both parties and shall not be interfered with by either party except in the presence of the other party or its representative duly authorized on that behalf.

12. The readings of the said meters shall be taken by the accredited representatives of the licensee and the Secretary of State at or as near noon as practicable on the last day of each calendar month and the readings as taken shall be binding and conclusive between the licensee and the Secretary of State as to the amount of electrical energy supplied to the licensee. In the event of any meter being found defective and a check meter not having been installed, the power consumed during the period for which the meter was defective shall be determined by taking the daily average consumption for the previous three months.

13. The licensee shall from time to time and at all times on previous notice thereto allow the employees of the Secretary of State in the Electricity Department to inspect the electrical equipment of the licensee at any point of supply for all or any of the purposes connected with the supply of electrical energy to the licensee under this agreement.

14. Once in every year the meters shall be recalibrated and standardized by means of standard instruments by the Secretary of State in the presence of the licensee's Electrical Engineer or their representative if desired.

15. The licensee shall be entitled on application to the Secretary of State or his authorized representative in this behalf to have a special metered set of the meters at any time and the expense of such set shall be borne by the Secretary of State or the licensee according as the meters are found defective or correct as a result of such a test. Such meters shall be deemed to be correct if the limits of error do not exceed those laid down in the Indian Electricity Rules, 1933, or any other statutory modification thereof for the time being in force.

16. For the purpose of this agreement the maximum demand at each point of supply to the licensee is such maximum in the highest total amount of kilowatt capacity delivered to the licensee of the licensee at the point of supply during any consecutive thirty minutes in the month.

17. Maximum demand charges for any month and at any point of supply will be based on the average hourly maximum H.P.A. demand for the twelve months ending with the month in question always provided that the average be not less than the average demand charge for any previous month in which case the higher figure will be taken as the basis for payment. For the first year's term the demand charge for any month will be based on the average of the monthly demands for all the months ending with the month in question with the same proviso as above mentioned. (The demand charge for the first month of operation will be determined by the maximum demand for that month.)

18. For each calendar month during the term of this agreement the licensee shall pay to the Secretary of State a demand charge at each point of



supply at the rate of Rs. 4-8-3 per kilowatt ampere up to 250 K.V.A.; Rs. 4 per K.V.A. when the maximum demand exceeds 250 K.V.A.; Rs. 2-8-6 per K.V.A. when the maximum demand exceeds 750 K.V.A. and Rs. 2-6-0 when the maximum demand exceeds 1,200 K.V.A. as determined in the preceding clause. The licensee shall pay this charge as a discharge without prejudice to the conditions in clause 22.

18. In addition to a demand charge to be paid each month as provided in clause 16, the licensee shall pay an energy charge per K.W.H. of all electrical energy consumed by the licensee during the month, which shall be at one of the following rates dependent upon the category within which falls the licensee's total consumption at each point of supply.

Total monthly consumption K.W.H.	Rate per K.W.H.	ANAL.
Up to 10,000 —	—	0-75
Exceeding 10,000 and up to 25,000 —	—	0-85
10,000 —	15,000 —	0-15
15,000 —	25,000 —	0-10
25,000 —	50,000 —	0-15
50,000 —	100,000 —	1-10

Minimum credit sale rate 10/- anna without prejudice to the maximum monthly charge.

19. The licensee guarantees to the Secretary of State a minimum revenue from the sale of electrical energy of Rs. 1,500 for the first three months after commencement of supply under this agreement, of Rs. 25,000 for the subsequent 24 months and of Rs. 25,000 for each year thereafter, subject to the conditions set out in clause 22.

21. A rebate of 20 per cent will be allowed on all power supplied by the Secretary of State to the licensee at any point of supply named in this agreement during the months of July to September inclusive, in cases of the average monthly consumption recorded during the previous nine months.

22. If at any time the licensee are prevented from storing, using or distributing or selling the electrical energy to be supplied, either by agreement either in whole or in part owing to any strikes, riots, insurrections, outbreak of Civil or Military authority, fire, explosion, act of God or any other cause reasonably beyond control, or if the Secretary of State is prevented from or unable to supply such electrical energy owing to all or any of the causes mentioned above, then the minimum charge or guarantee payable by the licensee shall be reduced, in proportion to the ability of the licensee to take as the Secretary of State is able to supply such power.

23. The Secretary of State shall within fifteen days after the expiration of each calendar month deliver to the licensee an account showing the number of units supplied to the licensee by the Secretary of State in accordance with the readings of the said meters and the amount payable therefore under the amount payable in respect of the maximum demand charge and other charges, if any, payable by the licensee to the Secretary of State and the licensee shall pay the same within thirty days from the delivery of such account.

24. If the payments herein provided, for any year thereof shall be unpaid for the space of thirty days next after any of the days wherein the same ought to have been paid or ascertained, or if the licensee shall not in all things perform and observe the contracts and conditions herein contained and on the part of the licensee to be observed and performed then and at such time and in addition to any

other right or power possessed by the Secretary of State it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State at any time thereafter notwithstanding that the Secretary of State may not have taken advantage of any previous breach or default or breach of a like nature of his clause to suspend all further supply of electrical energy under this agreement, or to forthwith by notice in writing determine this agreement, such suspension of the supply of electrical energy shall not release the licensee of their liability to pay the minimum charge provided for in clause 16 or their liability under clause 20 nor shall such determination affect any rights, claims, demands or powers which may have accrued to the Secretary of State or be enforceable by virtue of these provisions.

25. In the event of the licensee requiring power demand in excess of 500 K.V.A. the licensee shall give the Secretary of State twelve months' notice in writing, stating the quantity of energy required.

26. This agreement shall subject to amendments provided by and agreed in force for ten years from the date hereof. Either party shall be at liberty to determine this agreement after the expiration of such ten years on giving to the other two years' notice in writing of such intention and at the expiration of such notice this agreement shall absolutely terminate and determine but without prejudice to the rights or remedies if any of either party which may have accrued or accrued hereunder in the meantime.

27. The licensee are at liberty to charge their consumers such rates as may from time to time be approved by the Secretary of State in writing, but the rates charged to the consumer must not exceed the following:—

#### I General purposes—

- (a) Lighting .. Six annas per unit.
- (b) Lighting, heat and small appliances where the latter alone at least 25 per cent of the connected load.

Maximum for classes I. Beyond 2 a month per service.

- (c) and (d) ..
- (e) Bazaar lamps .. A flat rate of Rs. 2 per 40 watt lamp per month and burning five hours daily. Lamps burning longer hours or of larger capacity to be proportioned.

(f) Public street light— 25 annas per unit.

- (g) Commercial points— Three annas per unit, inc. electric signs, public buildings and stairs.
- Maximum Rs. 15 per month per service.

(h) Special rate for "All Electric Home"— The connected load in domestic houses, refrigerators, etc., shall be at least 5 K.W. and more than twice the connected load in lights and fans—

Shall be 6 pence per month per 1,000 watts represented as a flat charge plus 4/- annas per unit.

(i) Special 'small consumer' rates as follows— For bazaar shops and small houses the rates will be worked out by the licensee and a flat rate of lamp provided at the rate of—

- 15 annas per week for one 40-watt lamp.
- 15 annas per week for two 40-watt lamps.
- 25 annas per week for three 40-watt lamps.

The installation will remain the property of the Government and bills will be collected every week. No installation of more than three lamps will be considered and each lamp must not be used for more than five hours per day.

22. *Small power*—(a) *Industrial power* of 400 kw or less.—Rates 5 per cent of K.W. per month on a fixed charge plus 14 annas per unit for the first 5,000 units and 12 annas per unit for all in excess of 5,000. Alternatively 5 p per K.W. per month of maximum demand plus the above unit charge.

The maximum demand unit rate shall not exceed 3 annas per unit without prejudice to the fixed charge.

(b) *Power at 400 volts for agricultural use and cottage industries*—

14 annas per unit.

Minimum per month Rs. 1-0-0 per connected lamp-power.

(c) *Electric street lighting, houses, & bathing*—over 10 K.W. capacity or more at 400 volts and not only between 10 p.m. and 7 a.m.—

5 annas per unit, or

14 annas per unit outside the above hours.

Minimum Rs. 2-0-0 per 1,000 units consumed.

23. When after three years of operation any rate thereunder it can be proved that the application of the standard rates set out in clause 22 results in a profit to the Government less than eight per cent on the paid up capital, then discounts on the rates specified in clauses 22 and 23 up to a maximum of five per cent will be allowed by the Secretary of State always provided that the Government has been paid and the electrical undertaking has been managed in a reasonably efficient manner and no charge or reimbursement or consequential expenditure can be proved. Such discounts when made will be decreased or discontinued entirely when the profits of the business, as determined in clause 25, exceed eight per cent.

24. When the profits made by the business are available for distribution as interest and dividends, except an amount equal to ten per cent on the paid up capital, including taxes, levied in the company, this reserve shall be utilized for the benefit of the Government and shareholders. Sixty per cent of the excess over ten per cent shall be contributed to a "reserve fund" for the purpose of reducing the price for light and power, relieving reserve power or for such other purposes as may directly benefit the consumer. The remainder of forty per cent of the excess may be retained by the business for distribution in the form of unsecured dividends or for such other purpose as may benefit the shareholders.

25. Profit, in this case, is defined as the difference between the gross revenue and the operation and maintenance expenses of the system plus depreciation and emergency fund.

26. Operation and maintenance expenses include—

(a) Cost of power (when purchased from another company), of fuel, oil, water, and stores necessary, salaries and wages, distribution, the purchase, transportation and insurance for offices and of such part not chargeable to depreciation amount.

(b) All costs, interest and taxes (including income) and payments for insurance of property.

(c) Management and general administrative charges and other expenses to increase annual contribution to the system.

(d) A fund up to 1 per cent of the capital invested in the undertaking may be set aside as a reserve for emergency. When the fund exceeds 5 per cent of the invested capital, the surplus may be returned to the undertaking and the equivalent in bonus shares issued to the shareholders.

(e) The allowance for depreciation shall be in accordance with the Indian Income-Tax Act, 1918, or any statutory modification thereof.

27. At least 10 per cent of the Depreciation Fund must be retained in Government or Trustee Securities and not drawn upon, without the permission of the Government, until the fund has accumulated to the original amount provided for.

28. When a return on the capital invested has averaged less than eight per cent over a period of five years, savings in excess of ten per cent will in special cases, be accumulated. The accumulated savings over ten per cent in any one year to exceed the difference between the simple interest at eight per cent for five years on the invested capital, and the sum of the actual interest earned over the five-year period under review.

29. Before taking supply of power from Government and in order to minimize the risk of unnecessary expenditure the Government reserves the right and specifications of these distribution system to Government for their general approval.

30. Any dispute or difference arising between the business and the Secretary of State or their respective Electrical Engineers or in the supply of electrical energy hereunder or the payment thereof or in the interpretation of the agreement or the right of the Secretary of State or the business respectively to determine the price or any other question matter or thing arising hereunder such questions shall be referred to a single arbitrator to be appointed on the suggestion of either party by the Hon'ble the Chief Justice for the time being of Madras if willing to act or if he shall be unwilling to act then by some other person who shall be mutually agreed upon by both parties. The arbitrator's decision thereon shall be final and the provisions of the Indian Arbitration Act of 1920 or any other statutory modification thereof for the time being in force shall apply in any such reference.

In witness whereof Major Henry George Howard, Chief Engineer for Electricity, under the order and direction of the Government of Madras acting for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council has set his hand and seal and the signature and seal of Messrs. The Palghat Electric Corporation, Ltd., was affixed the day and year first written above.

Signed by the authorized in the presence of S. Krishnamoorthy

The Managing and of Messrs. The Palghat Electric Corporation, Ltd., was affixed hereto in the presence of E. V. Ramakrishnan, Managing Proprietor, The Kolaba Press, Palghat.

H. G. HOWARD,  
Chief Engineer for Electricity.

Seal of the  
Palghat  
Electric  
Corporation,  
Ltd.

S. K. SANKAR BHATTAR,  
Managing Director.

Fort St. George, July 8, 1932.

No. 215.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished:—

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.

(CIVIL AVIATION.)

India, the 30th June 1932.

No. T-32.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Aircraft Act, 1911 (XVII of 1911), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1912, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of section 18 of the said Act, namely:—

I. To sub-rule (1) of rule 5 of the said Rules the following shall be added namely:—

“ Landing or alighting area ” means that part of an aerodrome reserved for the departure or landing or alighting of aircraft.”

“ Public transport ” means—

(a) all transport effected by aircraft for hire or reward (of any nature whatsoever);

(b) all transport effected by aircraft without remuneration of the transport is effected by an air transport undertaking.

II. For rule 5 of the said Rules the following rule shall be substituted namely:—

“ 5. Every aircraft shall carry and be operated by the personnel prescribed in Part IV of these rules and such personnel shall be licensed in the manner prescribed in that Part.

Provided that nothing in this rule shall apply in the case of aircraft flown within three miles of an approved aerodrome, a Royal Air Force aerodrome or a Government aerodrome by personnel under instruction or undergoing tests for the purpose of obtaining a licence.”

III. For Part IV of the said Rules the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“ PART IV

Personnel of Aircraft.

18. (1) Subject to the provisions of rule 5, every aircraft registered in British India shall comply with such of the following requirements in respect of the personnel which it carries and by which it is operated as are applicable to the class of aircraft to which it belongs:—

(a) Every flying machine not being flown for public transport or for any industrial purpose for hire or reward shall be flown by a person holding a Private Pilot's licence (A licence) or a Public Transport Pilot's licence (B licence).

(b) Every flying machine being flown for public transport or for an industrial purpose for hire or reward shall be flown by a person holding a Public Transport Pilot's licence (B licence).

Provided that within British India and within 34 miles of the aerodrome from which the flight commences such flying machine may, subject to the aircraft and engine being under the supervision of the holder of a B licence or of a Ground Engineer's licence, be flown by day by a person holding an A licence which has been specially endorsed in accordance with sub-rule (2) of rule 24 (A. 1. licence).

Provided further that such flying machine may be flown at any time or place by the holder of an A. 1. licence if the holder of a B licence endorsed for the particular type of flying machine is in the cockpit and is able to take control of the flying machine.

(c) Every flying machine which is being used for the purpose of giving instruction in piloting shall carry, except when flown solo by a pupil under instruction, a person holding a B licence, which has been specially endorsed for instructional purposes in accordance with sub-rule (4) of Rule 21, and on other persons may report, for this or reward, instruction in piloting flying machines.

Provided that the holder of a B licence may impart further instruction to a person already in possession of pilot's licence.

(d) The following aircraft, namely:—

(i) Every flying machine used for international public transport and having to fly without landing;—

(a) more than 100 miles over inhabited regions, or more than 100 miles but not more than 500 miles entirely over the high seas or uninhabited regions; or

(b) by night, more than 35 miles but not more than 500 miles; and

(e) Every aircraft of less than 700,000 cubic feet capacity, for every flight by day or by night, shall carry a navigator holding a first or second class navigator's licence.

(e) The following aircraft, namely:—

(i) Every flying machine used for international public transport and having to fly without landing;—

(a) more than 500 miles entirely over the high seas or uninhabited regions; or

(b) by night, more than 500 miles and

(ii) Every aircraft of 700,000 cubic feet capacity, or more for every flight by day or by night, shall carry a navigator holding a first class navigator's licence.

(1) First grade Wireless Operator.—An aircraft which is required by these rules to carry wireless apparatus and which provides in the international service of public correspondence at third hours shall carry a person licensed to operate wireless telegraphic apparatus on aircraft in accordance with sub-rule 5 (k) of Rule 21.

(2) Second grade Wireless Operator.—An aircraft which is required by these rules to carry wireless apparatus but which does not provide in the international service of public correspondence at third hours shall carry either a first grade wireless operator or a person licensed to operate wireless telegraphic apparatus in accordance with sub-rule (5) (i) of Rule 21.

(3) Radiotelephone operator.—An aircraft which is required by these rules to carry wireless apparatus and which communicates by radiotelephony shall carry either a first grade wireless operator or a person licensed to operate wireless apparatus in accordance with sub-rule (5) (i) of Rule 21.

(4) In either of the following cases, namely:—

(a) when the pilot of a flying machine required by clause (d) or clause (e) of sub-rule (1) to carry a navigator, himself holds a navigator's licence of the required class and there is on board a second pilot capable of flying the machine in case of need;

(b) when there is on board such flying machine a member of the crew additional to the pilot who holds such navigator's licence a navigator shall not be required to be carried in addition to such pilot or member of the crew.

(6) Where the pilot of a flying machine required by clause (d) or clause (e) of sub-rule (1) is a seaman, a seaman, himself holds a master's licence of the required class but there is on board no second pilot capable of flying the machine in case of need a seaman holding a licence of the required class shall be carried in addition to the pilot except in the case of—

(a) night flights over routes suitably marked and signposted as such by the competent authorities;

(b) day flights over selected routes;

(c) day flights of not more than six hundred miles over the high seas or unselected routes.

(7) In sub-rule (5)—

(a) "unselected region" means a region where, in consequence of the sparsity of the population, and of the absence of suitable harbours or of the inadequacy of the coast, the difficulties of navigation are similar to those met with over the high seas;

(b) "night" means the period commencing one hour after sunset and terminating one hour before sunrise;

(c) "flight over the high seas" means a flight in the course of which an aircraft takes off over the sea at a distance of more than 50 miles from the nearest point of the coast.

(8) (1) The licences referred to in Rule 5 shall be granted by the Governor-General in Council.

(2) Any licence granted under this Part may be modified or suspended at the pleasure of the Governor-General in Council and any such licence shall be surrendered by the holder to the Governor-General in Council as demanded for this purpose.

(3) Applicants for licences shall be required to produce proof of having the following practical experience and of having passed satisfactorily the following tests and examinations:—

(1) Private Pilot's Licence (A Licence).—Flying Experience, Flying Tests, Technical Examination and Medical Examination as laid down in Section A of Schedule II.

Provided that for the purpose of the grant of such licence—

(a) A person who is qualified as a Royal Air Force Pilot may be exempted from the flying test and may be exempted from the medical examination on production of a certificate from Royal Air Force Medical Officer that he is fit to fly during day and is up to the standard required for an A licence;

(b) A pilot's certificate, issued by the Aero Club of India and Burma within two years preceding the date of application for the

licence, may be accepted as evidence of having passed the flying tests and technical examination.

(c) A licence may be issued for all types of flying machines or endorsed for one or more types only.

(3) Pilot's licence endorsed for limited transport of goods and passengers within India (S-1 licence).—Flying Experience, Flying Tests, Technical Examination and Medical Examination as laid down in Section B of Schedule II.

Provided that for the purpose of the grant of such licence—

(a) A person who is qualified as a Royal Air Force Pilot may be exempted from flying tests and technical examination by a Royal Air Force Medical Officer at which the candidate was posted fit for full flying duties may be accepted in lieu of the medical examination.

(b) Such licence shall be endorsed for such types of flying machines only as the candidate has produced proof of his competence to fly.

(3) Public Transport Pilot's Licence (B Licence).—

Flying Experience, Flying Tests, Technical Examination and Medical Examination as laid down in Section C of Schedule II.

Provided that for the purpose of the grant of such licence—

(a) A person who is qualified as a Royal Air Force Pilot may be exempted from the flying tests (but not from any of the required flying experience) and from the technical examination on flying machines, engines and instruments specified in Section C of Schedule II, and an examination by a Royal Air Force Medical Officer at which the candidate was posted fit for full flying duties may be accepted in lieu of the medical examination.

(b) Such licence shall be issued for such types of flying machines only as the candidate has produced proof of his competence to fly, provided that for industrial purposes other than public transport, a licence may be issued for any or all types of flying machines.

(c) Public Transport Pilot's Licence, endorsed for instructional purposes (Pilot Instructor's Licence).—

Flying Experience, Flying Tests, Technical Examination and Medical Examination as laid down in Section D of Schedule II.

(4) Navigator's Licence, 1st class and 2nd class.

Flying Experience, Technical Examination and Medical Examination as laid down in Section E of Schedule II.

#### (5) Wireless Operator's Licence.

(a) First Grade Licence.

Flying Experience and Medical Examination.

Technical Qualifications:

(b) Second Grade Licence.

Flying Experience and Medical Examination.

Technical Qualifications:

As laid down in Section F of Schedule II.

The candidate must be the holder of a wireless certificate of competency as a wireless operator issued by the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, India.

As laid down in Section F of Schedule II.

The candidate must be the holder of a second class certificate of competency as a wireless operator issued by the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, India.

(c) *Radio Telegraph License.*  
Flying Experience and Medical Examination.  
Technical Qualifications.

Provided that a candidate for a wireless operator's license who has not had the required air experience may be granted a provisional license for a period not exceeding six months.

(a) *Private Pilot's License (A License)* 12 months.

(b) *Pilot's License endorsed for limited public transport within India (A 1 License).*

(c) *Public Transport pilot's license (B License)*

(d) *Public Transport pilot's license endorsed for flying instruction (B1 instructor's License), Navigator's License (2nd and 3rd Class), Wireless Operator's license.*

23. Licenses may be renewed for further like periods, on the following conditions:—

(i) *Private Pilot's License (A License).* On producing proof of recent flying experience as laid down in Sections B, C, D, E and F of Schedule II:

(ii) *All other Licenses.*—On producing proof of recent flying experience and after passing the medical examination as laid down in Sections B, C, D, E and F of Schedule II:

Provided that at any time in case of sickness or accident the holder of any license may be required to undergo a fresh medical examination and produce a certificate of medical fitness as a condition of the license being renewed or remaining valid:

Provided also that the holder of any license may be required before the renewal of the license to satisfy all or any of the requirements which are applicable on the first grant of a license of the same class.

34. (i) An aircraft not registered in British India shall carry the personnel prescribed by the laws of the State in which it is registered and such personnel shall be licensed in accordance with the laws of that State.

(ii) Subject to the conditions of Rule 29, when a license has been granted by the duly competent authority in any part of His Majesty's dominions outside British India, or in any foreign State and is for the time being in force, the Governor-General in Council may, subject to such conditions and limitations, and for such periods as he shall think fit, confer on such license the same validity for the purpose of flying aeroplanes registered in British India as if it had been granted under these Rules.

35. Licenses shall not be granted to applicants who at the time of application do not comply with the following conditions:—

(i) An applicant for a Pilot's A License shall have attained the age of 17 years.

(ii) An applicant for a Pilot's A License or a Pilot's B License or a Navigator's License shall have attained the age of 17 years and shall not be more than 45 years of age.

36. (1) The following fees shall be payable in respect of the issue, validation or renewal of

As laid down in Section F of Schedule II.

The candidate must be the holder of a radiotelegraph operator's certificate of competency issued by the Director General of Posts and Telegraphs, India.

is order to enable him to acquire the necessary air experience.

22. Licenses shall remain valid, unless otherwise cancelled or suspended, for the following periods:—

Up to a period of six months from the date of the medical examination where the holder is of the male sex and up to a period of three months where the holder is of the female sex.

licenses or duplicate licenses and the fees and examinations laid down in Rules 21 and 22:—

	7/2	1/2	Total		1/2
			Examination Fee	Examination Fee	
Private Pilot's License ..	25	10	35	10	45
Pilot's A License ..	5	10	15	10	25
Pilot's B License ..	10	10	20	10	30
Public Transport Pilot's License ..	10	10	20	10	30
Navigator's License ..	10	10	20	10	30
Wireless Operator's License ..	20	10	30	10	40
Radio Telegraph License ..	10	10	20	10	30

\* For flying tests, the candidate is entitled to receive the amount and pay all charges incurred thereby.

Provided that a candidate who, when applying for renewal of his license or on any other occasion, is required to undergo some part only of the technical examination, the fee may be reduced by such amount as the Governor-General in Council may think proper in the circumstances of the case.

39. An application for any license or for the renewal of any license shall be accompanied by a Treasury receipt for the sum necessary to cover all the fees payable, but when in any case the license is not issued or renewed, the Governor-General in Council may refund to the applicant such proportion of the sum paid as represents the cost of any examination not carried out or any license not issued.

IV. For Schedules II and III to the said Rules the following Schedules shall be substituted, namely:—

SCHEDULE II.

Proof of competency, tests and examinations for the issue and renewal of licenses to aeroplanes.

The qualifications of which provide are required from applicants for licenses or renewal of licenses are as set out below:—

Section A—Pilot's A License.

1. *Flying Experience.*—An applicant for the grant of a license or the renewal of a license shall have served out, during the six months preceding the date of the application, not less than five hours solo flying.

5. *Flying Tests*.—(a) In tests test, except test (3), where the examinee may also be observed, the candidate shall be alone in the flying machine. An applicant for the grant of a licence shall carry out the following tests to the satisfaction of the examiner:—

(i) Tests for altitude and gliding flight: Two flights starting with a glide, the engine being completely throttled down at not less than 2,000 feet above the landing or alighting area. The landings shall be made without re-ascending the throttle and within 150 yards or less of a point fixed beforehand by the official examiner at the test.

(ii) Tests of skill: A flight without landing around two points (or buoys) situated 500 yards apart, making a series of five figure-eight turns, each turn including one of the two points (or buoys). This flight shall be made at an altitude of not more than 600 feet above the ground (or water) without touching the ground (or water). The landing shall be effected by:—

(1) Firstly showing the throttle of the engine at least when the aircraft touches the ground (or water).

(2) Firstly stopping the flying machine without the use of brakes within a distance of 50 yards from a point fixed by the candidate before starting.

(iii) Landing test: A left hand and right hand spin.

(iv) All landings carried out in the course of the above tests shall be normal three point landings to the satisfaction of the examiner.

(b) An applicant for the renewal of a licence who has not had the current flying experience laid down in paragraph 1 of this Section shall carry out the following tests to the satisfaction of the examiner:—

(i) Test of skill: Three figure of eight turns in accordance with sub-paragraph (c) of this paragraph.

(ii) Landing test: Three landings, firstly stopping the aircraft on each occasion without the use of brakes within a distance of 50 yards from a point fixed by the applicant before starting.

(iii) All landings carried out in the course of the above tests shall be normal three point landings to the satisfaction of the examiner.

(c) An applicant for the addition to his licence of a different type of aircraft may be required to carry out any of the foregoing tests and shall normally be required to carry out the landing test detailed in sub-paragraph (b) (ii).

6. *Technical Examination*.—An applicant for the grant of a licence shall be required to obtain the percentage of possible marks set out below in an examination in the following subjects:—

(i) Rules as to Lights and Signals, General Rules for Air Traffic, Special Rules for Air Traffic as and in the vicinity of aerodromes open to Public use. Pass marks 70 per cent.

(ii) International Air Legislation with particular reference to the obligations of a pilot in international flight. Pass marks 60 per cent.

(iii) General knowledge of, as to the effect of the responsibilities of a pilot, the Indian Aircraft Rules and Orders to Airman. Pass marks 50 per cent.

7. *Medical Examination*.—(a) An applicant for the grant of a licence shall be required to undergo a medical examination by a medical

practitioner who possesses qualifications entitling him to admission to the Medical Register of Great Britain, and who may be the applicant's usual medical attendant. Such examination shall be conducted in accordance with G.A. Form 3, and a copy of that form, completed as required, shall be forwarded by the medical officer to the Director of Civil Aviation, Simsbury, Delhi, by whom copies of the form will be supplied on demand.

(b) This medical examination shall be based upon the following requirements of mental and physical fitness:—

(i) Good family and personal history, with particular reference to nervous stability, as to which information shall be given in a statement made and signed by the applicant and satisfactory to the medical examiner.

(ii) The applicant shall not be under seventeen years of age.

(iii) General Physical Examination.—The applicant must neither suffer from any wound or injury nor have undergone any operation, nor possess any abnormality, congenital or acquired, which might interfere with the safe handling of aircraft under ordinary conditions. Palpation of the abdomen and abdominal viscera, particularly the pylorus, transverse colon and appendicular regions, whenever it reveals any swelling or distinct pain, must be completed by a radioscopic and radiographic examination. Any surgical intervention in the biliary passages or the digestive tube, except appendectomy, involving a total or partial resection or a diversion of one of these organs, any amputation of the radius or any part whatever of the digestive tube any structure of the skeleton, any amputation or foreign body, any permanent disease established by clinical or laboratory examinations, will entitle rejection, unless two years after a surgical operation the effects of the operation are not deemed liable to cause sudden incapacity in the air. Exceptions may be made for sporadic structures not accompanied by other localities, and for stones compensated by a good abdominal examination. Diseases of the liver (including those of the biliary passages) and of the pancreas will be cases where it is deemed necessary to be notified by laboratory examination, particularly by radiography as well as by an examination of the blood and of the urine, and shall entitle rejection only if they afford indication of the existence of a calculus, tumour or lesion involving a permanent impairment of function of these organs.

(iv) General Medical Examination.—The applicant must not suffer from any disease or disability which renders him liable suddenly to become incapacitated in the management of aircraft. He must possess heart, lungs and nervous system in a state to withstand the effects of altitude. He must be free from kidney disease, and must not present any clinical sign of a renal, nor have any cardiac lesion.

(v) Eye Examination.—The applicant must possess, with correction by glasses if necessary, a visual acuity equal to at least 50 per cent of the normal visual acuity for each eye taken separately, or 60 per cent for one eye and 70 per cent for the other; the visual acuity being measured by reference to standard test type powerfully illuminated in such a manner that the light does not enter directly into the area of the retinas. Squamous vision, ocular pains, the field of vision of each eye and colour perception must be normal.

(v) **Ear Examination.**—The middle ear must be healthy. An applicant must possess an auditory acuity not less than that corresponding with the perception of the whispered voice at one metre. The whispering mechanism must be intact and not hypermetropic. It must be equal on both sides.

(vi) **Nose, Throat and Mouth Examination.**—The applicant must possess free nasal air entry on both sides. Provided however, that a person who does not satisfy the above requirements may, at the discretion of the Secretary of State, be accepted as eligible for the issue of a licence, so far as medical requirements are concerned, if he has previously been found medically fit for flying.

Provided, however, that a person who does not satisfy the whole of the above medical requirements may, at the discretion of the Governor-General in Council, be accepted as eligible for the issue of a licence, if he has previously been found medically fit for flying. Provided also that a person who does not satisfy all the above medical requirements may, at the discretion of the Governor-General in Council, be accepted as eligible for the issue of a licence subject to such limitations as the Governor-General in Council may impose. Such licences shall in no case be valid for flight outside British India.

(v) The medical examination shall ordinarily be conducted within two months of the date of application. Where the examination has taken place more than two months but less than six months prior to the date of application a certificate that the candidate has had no illness or accident from the date of his medical examination shall be required. Where the examination has taken place more than six months prior to the date of application a fresh medical examination shall be required.

#### Section B.—Pilot's A & J Licence

1. **Flying Experience.**—An applicant for the original endorsement of a licence shall be required to produce evidence of having earned out during the two years preceding the date of application not less than 100 hours solo flying (excluding not less than 30 landings) of which not less than 15 hours shall have been performed during the preceding six months. An applicant for the endorsement of his licence in respect of a type of flying machine fitted with two or more engines shall be required to produce evidence of having earned out not less than 10 hours flying on a multi-engined flying machine either as first pilot or as second pilot. An applicant for the renewal of the endorsement of his licence shall be required to produce evidence of having earned out during the preceding six months not less than 15 hours solo flying.

2. **Flying Tests.**—(a) An applicant for the original endorsement of a licence or an applicant for the renewal of the endorsement of his licence who has not had the recent flying experience laid down in paragraph 1 of this Section shall be required to carry out the following tests to the satisfaction of the examiner:—

(i) General flying for half an hour with an examiner on board and making three landings.

(ii) An applicant for the endorsement of his licence in respect of an additional type of aircraft shall be required to carry out in the air, during the examination, three landings with the

aircraft light and three landings with the aircraft fully loaded.

(iii) An applicant for the endorsement of his licence in respect of a type of aircraft fitted with two or more engines and not having any such type of aircraft already endorsed in his licence shall be required to carry out the following test to the satisfaction of the examiner:—

(i) General flying for half an hour with an examiner on board, during which the aircraft shall be flown with each engine in turn completely throttled down and during which three landings shall be made. Part of this flying shall be carried out with the aircraft light and part with the aircraft fully loaded.

(ii) For additional types of multi-engined aircraft the applicant shall only be required to carry out the above tests on one field down in multi-paragraph (b).

(iii) All landings earned out in the course of the above tests shall be entered three years and up to the satisfaction of the examiner.

3. **Written Examination.**—An applicant for the endorsement of his licence shall be required to pass an examination in subject (a) detailed below and may be required to regularly in an examination in subject (b):—

(i) The general knowledge of aero engines and flying machines with particular reference to the contents of both headings.

(ii) As set out in paragraph 2 of Section A of the Schedule for Pilot's 'A' Licence.

4. **Medical Examination.**—An applicant for the endorsement of a licence or for the renewal of the endorsement shall be required to undergo a medical examination as set out in paragraph 4 of Section C of this Schedule for applicants for Pilot's 'B' Licence. The examination shall be conducted in three parts.

#### Section C.—Pilot's 'B' Licence

1. **Flying Experience.**—(a) An applicant for the grant of a licence shall be required to produce evidence of having earned out during the three years preceding the date of application not less than 300 hours solo flying (including not less than 80 landings) of which not less than 15 hours shall have been performed during the preceding six months, and of which not less than five hours shall have been performed by night. An applicant for the endorsement of his licence in respect of a type of flying machine fitted with two or more engines shall be required to produce evidence of having earned out not less than 30 hours flying on a multi-engined flying machine either as first pilot or as second pilot.

(b) An applicant for the renewal of a licence shall be required to produce evidence of having earned out during the preceding six months not less than 15 hours solo flying.

2. **Flying Tests.**—(a) In each test, except where otherwise stated the candidate shall be alone in the flying machine. An applicant for the grant of a licence shall carry out the following tests to the satisfaction of the examiner:—

(i) The same tests as are laid down in paragraph 2 (a) of Section A of the Schedule for Pilot's 'A' Licence. A candidate who is in possession of a Pilot's 'A' Licence or a certificate issued by the Aero Club of India and flown within a period of two years preceding the date of the application for the 'B' Licence is not required to give these tests again.

(ii) A left hand and right hand sign





Infant epilepsy. Motility, sensibility, tenderness, cutaneous and pupillary reflexes, co-ordination of movements and cerebellar functions, must be noted. An exception may be made for local peripheral trouble due to accidental section of a nerve branch.

Fractures of the cranium involving the internal table of the frontal bone, even without apparent impairment, will entail temporary stiffness during a period of two years from the date of the fracture. Any presumed nervous aphasia will entail rejection, unless the constancy of such an impairment is proved by an examination of the blood and an examination of the cerebro-cerebral fluid, made with the consent of the applicant.

(iv) Applicant may not be less than 18 or more than 45 years of age.

(v) *General Medical Examination*.—The applicant must neither suffer from any wound or injury, nor have undergone any operation, nor possess any abnormality, congenital or acquired, which might interfere with the safe handling of aircraft at any altitude, even in the case of prolonged or difficult flight. Palpation of the abdomen and abdominal viscera particularly the pyloric, vesicular, duodenal and appendiceal regions, whenever it reveals any swelling or distention pain, must be completed by a radioscopic and radiographic examination.

Any recent intervention of the biliary passages or the digestive tube, except appendicitis, involving a total or partial section or a diversion of one of these organs any associated lesion in the walls of any part whatever of the digestive tube, any prostatic or vesicular, any vesicular or foreign body, any peritoneal lesion, established by clinical or laboratory examinations, will entail rejection. Exception may be made for pyelonephritis without not accompanied by other trouble and for pleases compensated by a good abdominal musculature. Diseases of the liver (including those of the biliary passages) and of the pancreas will in cases where it is deemed necessary be verified by laboratory examination particularly by radiography or x-ray as by an examination of the blood and of the urine, and will entail rejection only if they afford indication of the existence of a calculus, tumour or lesion involving a permanent impairment of function of these organs.

(vi) *General Medical Examination*.—The applicant must not suffer from any disease or disability which renders him liable suddenly to become incompetent in the management of aircraft. His muscular power must be adequate for the handling of the types of aircraft he will have to pilot or the apparatus he is to use. He must not have any sign of aneurism of the large arterial trunks, nor have any cardiac lesion, or, as if well compensated, the heart must be normal, with normal function, and only respiratory arrhythmia, transient of pain free from excitement or exercise and a general slow pulse not associated with cerebro-vascular disturbance will be allowed.

The applicant must not suffer from any acute disability of the lungs, nor possess any chronic lesion of the lungs, and must be free from tuberculosis capable of being diagnosed by the usual clinical methods, from tuberculo-mycetoid disease of the glands, and from pulmonary emphysema, even if slight. However, with regard to the maintenance of the applicant's efficiency, pulmonary emphysema will entail rejection only

when the pulmonary capacity falls below three and half litres at rest after full exhalation and holding the breath and when the decrease of the breath holding falls at rest below fifty per cent, or only fifty per cent if the candidate is less than 35 years of age or if the female sex. In addition such examination shall include a radioscopic record in doubtful clinical cases. The applicant must not present any signs of organic disease of the kidneys; these latter must be susceptible to palpation and of normal size. Beneficially will entail rejection; this rule, however, will not apply as regards the maintenance of efficiency if no functional trouble is involved. The same must not contain any pathological element. Alterations of the urinary passages and of the genital organs, even haemorrhoids, may entail temporary or definitive rejection. An exception being allowed as regards the maintenance of efficiency in the case of tuberculous anti-epididymitis in its mild and localized form.

Aphasia of the limbs will entail rejection a normal vision and appendages. Cases in which surgical intervention has taken place will be considered individually. Any presumed pulmonary will entail rejection. Following myocarditis or aneurism, the holder of a licence will be allowed to resume his air duties only after having undergone a fresh medical examination. The applicant must not present any clinical signs of aphasia.

Dysentery shall be considered as an acute disease; provided that a prescription of dysentery infection shall entail rejection, unless the medical examiner considers that the clinical phenomena have disappeared.

(vii) *Eye Examination*.—The applicant must possess a degree of visual acuity compatible with the efficient performance of his duties. Binocular vision, colour power, the field of vision at each eye and colour perception must be normal. Pupil must possess, without correction by glasses, visual acuity equal to at least 30 per cent of the normal visual acuity for each eye taken separately, or 50 per cent for one eye and 70 per cent for the other, the visual acuity being measured by means of standard test types normally illuminated in such a manner that the field does not shrink directly into the eyes of the candidate. Nystagmus must possess the same visual acuity, but with correction by glasses if necessary.

(viii) *Ear Examination*.—The middle ear must be healthy. The applicant must possess an auditory acuity not less than that corresponding with the normal perception of the tuning forks C (1) 64 vibrations per second, C (2) 256 vibrations per second, and C (7) 4,096 vibrations per second, the forks being held perpendicularly in the ground ear positions from the auditory tube. The vestibular mechanism must be intact and not hyperactive; it must be equal on both sides.

(ix) *Nose, Throat and Mouth Examination*.—The applicant must possess free nasal and labial air entry on both sides and must not suffer from serious, acute or chronic affections of the buccal cavity or upper respiratory tract.

Provided that a person who does not satisfy the whole of the above medical requirements may, at the discretion of the Government in Council, be accepted as eligible for the issue of a licence, so far as medical requirements are

concerned, if he has previously been found medically fit for flying in accordance with the above requirements.

(3) An applicant for the renewal of a license will be required to undergo a medical examination conducted by specially qualified medical officers appointed by or acting under the authority of the Governor-General in Council. This examination will be based on the requirements set out in sub-para. (c) of this paragraph, but certain extensions of non essential requirements thereof may be made at the discretion of the Governor-General in Council.

Provided that if the person applying for the renewal is temporarily resident in a region distant from official medical centres, the prescribed examination which he should normally pass under the conditions of this paragraph may exceptionally, at the discretion of the Governor-General in Council, be deferred twice for consecutive periods of three months each, on condition that he obtains locally on each occasion a satisfactory medical certificate after having been examined by a qualified medical officer.

(4) In order to ensure the maintenance of efficiency, every holder of a license shall be re-examined and provisioned fit before issuing air dates:—

(i) Whenever he has performed a total of 325 hours flying in the capacity of pilot of a flying machine within any period of 50 consecutive days since his last medical examination under these provisions.

(ii) After illness or accident (including, in the case of license-holders of the female sex, confinement or miscarriage).

#### Section D.—Pilot Instructor's License

1. *Flying Experience.*—An applicant shall be required to produce evidence of having carried out not less than 500 hours solo flying.

2. *Flying Tests.*—An applicant shall carry out such practical flying tests as may be required by the Governor-General in Council or produce evidence of such qualifications as a pilot instructor as may be considered equivalent.

3. *Technical Examination.*—An applicant shall undergo such technical examination as the principles of flying instruction as may be required by the Governor-General in Council or produce evidence of such qualifications as a pilot instructor as may be considered equivalent.

4. *Medical Examination.*—The medical standard required is the same as that laid down for the issue or renewal of a Pilot's 'B' license in Section C of this Schedule and the extensions shall normally be carried out on the occasion of the issue or renewal of this license.

#### Section E.—Navigator's License

1. *Flying Experience.*—(a) An applicant for a second class license shall be required to produce evidence of having had at least two years' experience, during which at least 500 hours shall have been spent in the air.

(b) An applicant for a first class license shall be required to produce evidence of having had at least four years' experience, during which at least 900 hours must have been spent in the air, not less than 100 hours of this being experience of navigation in the air and not less than 15 hours being air experience in night flying.

(c) In this paragraph the expression "air experience" means experience as an operative member of the crew of an aircraft.

2. *Technical Examination.*—(a) An applicant for a second class license shall be required to pass to the satisfaction of the examiners and to obtain the percentages of marks set out below an examination on the following subjects:—

(i) Form of the earth; its divisions and their notation, mathematical calculation of the various elements by plane trigonometry in circle, cosine and distance. Pass Marks 60 per cent.

(ii) Maps and charts, how to read and use them, practical properties of the common forms of projections. Pass Marks 60 per cent.

(iii) Compasses; their construction, use, and adjustment, elementary principles of earth's magnetism. Pass Marks 60 per cent.

(iv) Flight by dead reckoning; with the use of instruments for the measurement and calculation of the elements of the triangle of velocity. Pass Marks 60 per cent.

(v) Navigation by radiogoniometry, methods of fixing the position of an aircraft, with the application of the necessary corrections. Pass Marks 60 per cent.

(vi) International air legislation; regulations for the protection of civilians at sea, public laws for the assistance of navigators. Pass Marks 70 per cent.

(vii) Signalling, semaphore, flashing, and international code flags. Pass Marks 90 per cent.

(viii) Meteorology, knowledge of meteorological elements and observations; arrangements for the issue of meteorological report for aviation; principles of forecasting; construction and interpretation of synoptic charts, climatology. Pass Marks 60 per cent.

The candidate shall be required to obtain not less than an average of 70 per cent of marks on the whole examination, including subject (vii).

(b) An applicant for a first class license shall be required to pass to the satisfaction of the examiners and to obtain the percentages of marks set out below an examination on the following subjects:—

(i) Form of the earth; as in (a) (i) with the addition of mathematical calculation of various elements by spherical trigonometry (great circle courses and distances). Pass Marks 60 per cent.

(ii) Maps and charts; as in (a) (ii) with the addition of the principles of construction of the common forms of projection. Pass Marks 60 per cent.

(iii) Tables, elementary theory and application to the use of tables. Pass Marks 60 per cent.

(iv) Compasses, as in sub-paragraph (a) (iii); more advanced knowledge. Pass Marks 60 per cent.

(v) Flight by dead reckoning, as in sub-paragraph (a) (iv). Pass Marks 60 per cent.

(vi) Navigation by radiogoniometry, as in (a) (v). Pass Marks 60 per cent.

(vii) International air legislation, etc., as in sub-paragraph (a) (vi). Pass Marks 70 per cent.

(viii) Signalling, as in sub-paragraph (a) (vii). Pass Marks 90 per cent.

(iii) Instrumental navigation: various methods of fixing the position of an aircraft, with the use and care of tables, diagrams, and instruments for the solution of this problem; knowledge of the mathematics involved. Four Marks 60 per cent.

(iv) Meteorology as in sub-paragraph (c) (iii), more advanced knowledge. Four Marks 60 per cent.

The candidate shall be required to obtain not less than an average of 70 per cent on the whole examination including subject (vi).

(v) The arrangement of subjects detailed in this paragraph is not necessarily that adopted in the examination when two or more subjects may be grouped into one paper. The examination is usually written but is accompanied by oral and practical tests.

3. *Medical Examination.*—An applicant for the grant or renewal of a license shall be required to undergo a medical examination under the same conditions as set out in paragraph 4 of section C of this schedule for Pilot's "B" License, with the following modification:—

1a. In order to pass the tests relating to visual acuity a candidate may have his eyes corrected by glasses.

#### Section F.—*Wireless Operator's License.*

1. *Flying Experience.*—(i) An applicant for a first grade license shall be required to produce evidence of having had not less than twenty hours air experience in the operation of an aircraft, wireless telegraph set.

(ii) An applicant for a second grade license shall be required to produce evidence of having had not less than twenty hours air experience in the operation of an aircraft wireless telegraph set.

(iii) An applicant for a radio telephone license shall be required to produce evidence of having had not less than twenty hours air experience in the operation of an aircraft radio telephone apparatus.

2. *Medical Examination.*—An applicant for a license shall be required to undergo a medical examination, by medical officers specially approved, for the purpose by the Governor-General is directed. This examination shall be based on the requirements set out in paragraph 4 of section A of this schedule, with the modification that special attention shall be paid to the following considerations:—

1. General fitness of personification.
2. Normal or sub-normal nasal air entry.
3. Short tidal entry.

4. Absence of middle otitis or conditions showing of otitis or eardrum stoppage.

5. Perception of the whispered voice at arm's feet or more for each ear.

6. Perfect perception of air vibrations between 512 and 1024 cycles per second.

7. Absence of voice spontaneous or provoked laryngeal troubles (hoarseness, vomiting, loss of voice).

#### Section G.—*General*

1. The candidate normally required as proof of flying experience shall consist of the production of a Pilot's Log Book certified by a responsible authority, or of a certificate stating the number of hours flown and type of aircraft flown, issued by a responsible authority or person approved for the purpose.

2. Flight by night for the purpose of this schedule, except where otherwise stated, means

flight performed between for hours of one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise.

3. In such flying test, unless otherwise specified, the candidate shall be alone in the flying machine.

4. The flying tests specified in sections A to D respectively shall be carried out within a continuous period of two months.

They may be carried out in any order. They shall be witnessed by at least two properly accredited witnesses who will hand over the official reports to the proper authorities.

The official reports shall give full details of the flight, especially of the landings. The candidate shall furnish, before each test, proof of identity, which the witnesses have the right to demand.

A logbook shall be carried on all flight tests, and the graph signed by the two witnesses shall be attached to their report.

5. (a) Application for the grant of license should be made to the Director of Civil Aviation, Simsburgh, by whom all the necessary forms will be supplied on demand.

(b) Such applications should be accompanied by—

(i) Two unmounted photographs of the applicant measuring 1½ in. x 1½ in.

(ii) The necessary medical certificate, and statements signed where these have not been made direct.

(iii) The necessary receipt for the payment of the fee due.

6. In Schedule VI to the said Rules, Forms D, F, G, H and I shall be omitted.

#### POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT

The 7th June 1932.

No. 181/T. 82.—In answer to the queries referred by section 3 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Indian Telegraph Rules, 1902, namely:—

In subrule (j) of rule 82 of the said rules for the words, figures and brackets "rules 78, 80 and 81 (i)" the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"... Table I and forth in rule 78 under subrule (i) of this rule."

#### ACQUISITION OF LANDS

For St. George, June 26, 1932.

Under section 2 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor-General hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 9.08 of an acre, be situated a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a field channel at the Deputy-Master Project; and under sections 2 and 7 of the said Act, the Special Deputy Collector No. 1, Madras, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take notice for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector No. 1, Madras, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Deputy District, Madras, dated 26th June, 1932.  
Enclosed attached to Madras Office.

Done, by, Madras, No. 1124 A, bearing in G. Thangaraj, Madras, the 26th June 1932, and by No. 1124 B, and by No. 1124 C, and by No. 1124 D.





purpose, to wit, for enclosing a field situated between lots No. 16 of E Branch channel to irregularly No. 3 of Therothogery, and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Dindigul, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the said Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Dindigul, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

**Madurai district, Nidakkottai taluk,  
Therothogery village.**

**Reported, vol. 5, No. 10, p. 5, belonging to Pottai Kottai Kurutai, son of Kottai Kurutai, and Pottai Kurutai, son of Kottai Kurutai, located on the north by S. No. 10-2 of Therothogery and S. No. 10-1 of Therothogery, and by S. No. 1-5, each by S. No. 1, and by S. No. 1-1.**

1076

0-25

**Fort St. George, June 23, 1922.**

Whereas it appears to the Government that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for constructing an irrigation bangalow, notice to that effect is hereby given in all cases in any manner in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act of 1924, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1925; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tanjavur, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act, under section 2 (5) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tanjavur, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 3-A of the Act.

**Guntur district, Repalle taluk,  
Rachakottapalle village.**

**Reported  
vol. 5,  
No. 10.**

**Act, by No. 115-2 part, situated Pottai Thandi, between Pottai Thandi and Pottai Thandi, located on the north by No. 115-2 part 1 and 2, and by No. 10-1, each by No. 115-2 part 1 and 2; and by No. 115-2 part 1.**

0-77

0-10

0-20

Total

0-10

**Fort St. George, June 27, 1922.**

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of Kottikottai tank bed of Kottikottai village, notice to that effect is hereby given in all cases in any manner in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act of 1924, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1925; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chittoor, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 2 of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chittoor, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 3-A of the Act.

**North Arcot district, Wandiwash taluk,  
Kankkhamangudi village.**

(Table)

**Government, by No. 11-1 A-1, belonging to Kankkhamangudi, located on the north by No. 11-1 A-1; and by No. 11-1 A-1; and by No. 11-1 A-1.**

1076

0-10

0-25

Total

0-25

**Madurai district.**

**Government, by No. 11-1 A, belonging to Pottai Kurutai, son of Kottai Kurutai, located on the north by No. 11-1 A-1; and by No. 11-1 A-1; and by No. 11-1 A-1.**

0-25

0-25

**Fort St. George, June 29, 1922.**

Under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the lands specified below are needed, for a public purpose, to wit, for clearing brush No. 3 at O/S Darling left bank below Kankkhamangudi and clearing brush No. 3 at O/S Darling below Kankkhamangudi and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Sub-Collector, Tanjavur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said lands. Under section 2 (5) of section 17 of the Act, the Governor in Council further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 2 (1) of the Act. A plan of the lands is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Tanjavur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

**Tanjavur district, Srirangam taluk,  
Kankkhamangudi village.**

(Clearing brush No. 3 at O/S Darling left bank below Kankkhamangudi.)

**Government, by No. 11-1 A, belonging to Pottai Kurutai, son of Kottai Kurutai, located on the north by No. 11-1 A-1; and by No. 11-1 A-1; and by No. 11-1 A-1.**

0-25

0-10

0-10

0-10

0-10

Total

0-10

**(Clearing brush No. 3 at O/S Darling left bank below Kankkhamangudi.)**

**Government, by No. 11-1 A, belonging to Pottai Kurutai, son of Kottai Kurutai, located on the north by No. 11-1 A-1; and by No. 11-1 A-1; and by No. 11-1 A-1.**

0-10

0-10

0-10

Total

0-10









the functions of a Collector under the Act and to take order for the registration of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Na. V. Thangar, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk,  
No. 14, Kalligumputt village.

#### Sold Ratta No. 1

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 140 A-1 200, T.S. No. 140 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-1, and by T.S. No. 140 A-3, each by T.S. No. 140 A-4; and by T.S. No. 141 A-1 C-1.

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-1, T.S. No. 141 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-3 A-2, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1 and 141 A-2, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-4, T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

#### Sold Ratta No. 2

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-1, T.S. No. 141 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-3, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1 and 141 A-2, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-1, T.S. No. 141 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-3, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1 and 141 A-2, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-1, T.S. No. 141 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-3, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1 and 141 A-2, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

Total .. 0-00

#### Fort St. George, June 25, 1922.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Government is hereby declared that the land specified below and measuring 0.16 of an acre, be the same a Ratta ways or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the said channel of the canal system of the Chattri-Kottar Project; and, under sections 2 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Na. V. Thangar, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Na. V. Thangar, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk,  
Arenacoppa village.

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-1, T.S. No. 141 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-3, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1 and 141 A-2, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-1, T.S. No. 141 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-3, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1 and 141 A-2, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

Total .. 0-00

#### Fort St. George, June 25, 1922.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the re-establishing of the Kallikoppa channel, to be the same a Ratta ways or less, it is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, in compliance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1920, and the

Government of Canada hereby authorizing the Revenue Divisional Officer, Bikanernagar, to take order and to execute the powers conferred by section 4 (1) of the Act. Under section 2 (1) of the same Act, the Revenue in Council, appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Bikanernagar, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 6 of the Act.

West Godavari district, Bikanernagar taluk,  
Kallikoppa village.

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-1, T.S. No. 141 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-3, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1 and 141 A-2, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-1, T.S. No. 141 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-3, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1 and 141 A-2, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for straightening Kallikoppa channel, to be the same a Ratta ways or less, it is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, in compliance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1920, and the Government of Canada hereby authorizing the Revenue Divisional Officer, Bikanernagar, to take order and to execute the powers conferred by section 4 (1) of the Act. Under section 2 (1) of the same Act, the Revenue in Council, appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Bikanernagar, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 6 of the Act.

Trichinopoly district, Talukkal taluk,  
Sulliamangalam village.

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-1, T.S. No. 141 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-3, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1 and 141 A-2, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-1, T.S. No. 141 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-3, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1 and 141 A-2, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-1, T.S. No. 141 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-3, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1 and 141 A-2, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

Government, 1st, R.S. No. 141 A-1, T.S. No. 141 A-2, belonging to M. Chandrasekhar Reddy, being located on the north by T.S. No. 141 A-3, and by T.S. No. 141 A-4, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-1 and 141 A-2, each by T.S. No. 141 A-4 A-2.

Total .. 0-00

B. GOPALASWAMI,  
Secretary to Government.

#### PAPERS PLACED AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE PRESS

Barrow News Press and Free Press, 1922.

Barrow—General Register—Printing of certain tables—Division of the 5000 and 10000 into 1000 and 10000 of each—1922.

G.O. No. 1200, G. & H., 17th June 1922. [2+]

Barrow—General Register—Printing of certain tables—Division of the 5000 and 10000 into 1000 and 10000 of each—1922.

G.O. No. 1200, G. & H., 17th June 1922. [2+]

[RE.—Copies of any of the foregoing papers may be obtained on payment of the price stated in brackets against each on application to the Superintendent, Government Press, Barrow, India.]

G. T. H. BRACKEN,  
Chief Secretary.



SUPPLEMENT TO PART I  
OF  
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 27]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 3, 1932.

(Price, 6 pice.

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

MADRAS (EUROPEAN) CONSTITUENCY.

Whereas the Madras (European) Constituency of the Legislative Assembly has been called upon by notification to elect a member on or before the 24th August 1932, I, V. N. YERWANATHA RAO, the Returning Officer of the said constituency, do hereby give the following

PURVIS NOTICE.

- (1) The number of persons to be elected is one.
- (2) Nominations papers may be delivered to the undersigned at his office in the Secretariat Buildings, Government Hill, the Nilgiris, or if he is temporarily prevented from receiving the same, to the Deputy Secretary, Law Department, Secretariat Buildings, Government Hill, the Nilgiris. They

should be presented between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. on or before the 15th July 1932.

(3) Forms of nomination paper may be obtained at the office of the persons above mentioned between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. from the 15th to the 22nd July 1932.

(4) The nomination papers will be taken up for scrutiny at 11 a.m. on the 18th July 1932 in the office of the Returning Officer, Secretariat Buildings, Fort St. George, Madras.

(5) In the event of the election being postponed, the poll will take place on the 23rd August 1932 between the hours of 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. in the office of the Returning Officer at Fort St. George, Madras, with an interval of rest between 3 p.m. and 5 p.m.

V. N. YERWANATHA RAO,

*Returning Officer of the Madras (European)*

*Constituency.*

Secretariat Hill, 2nd July 1932



necessary preliminaries for the conduct of elections in which are in different stages of progress, necessitating the postponement of their constitution to different dates. Moreover, it has not been found possible to conduct the elections to panchayats originally constituted under the Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1909, within the date fixed, viz., 23rd June 1932. A short postponement of the date of reconstitution has therefore become unavoidable in these cases also.

5. In exercise of the power conferred by rule 8 (c) (i) of the Schedule to the Madras Local Boards (Amendment) Act, 1928, the Government are hereby pleased to postpone, in respect of the district and taluk boards and panchayats shown in the appendix to this Order, the date fixed in G.O. No. 1114, L. & M., dated the 23rd March 1932, for the retirement of the sitting members and for the meeting of the office of the newly elected members and to fix the dates shown against them, as hereinafter.

#### APPENDIX.

The Nilgiris Taluk Board ..	14th July 1932.
All the taluk boards in the Chingleput district ..	14th July 1932.
The Chingleput District Board ..	23rd July 1932.
The district and taluk boards in the Madras District ..	1st July 1932.
All other district and taluk boards ..	2nd August 1932.
All panchayats which were originally constituted under the Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1909 ..	3rd August 1932.

*Port St. George, July 4, 1932*  
(G.O. No. 2545, L. & M.)

No. 1038.—In G.O. No. 2588, L. & M., dated the 27th June 1932, the Government fixed the 14th July 1932 for the retirement of the sitting members and for the coming into office of the newly elected members of the taluk boards in the Chingleput district. They were fixed that the date of the meeting for the election of Presidents of some of the taluk boards in the District have been fixed by the Election Officers from 3 to 8 days after that date. It is not desirable that there should be an interval between the date of the meeting (into office of the newly elected members and the date fixed for the election of Presidents. In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 8 (i) (b) of the Schedule to the Madras Local Boards (Amendment) Act, 1928, the Government are accordingly pleased to postpone the date fixed in G.O. No. 2588, L. & M., dated the 27th June 1932, for the retirement of the members of the existing Taluk Board and to fix the following dates for the coming into office of the members of the new taluk boards mentioned below:—

Tamil Nadu and Coimbatore Taluk ..	14th July 1932.
Tamil Nadu Taluk Board ..	14th July 1932.
Coimbatore Taluk Board ..	14th July 1932.

*Port St. George, June 25, 1932*  
(G.O. No. 2475, L. & M.)

No. 1039.—The following draft of a rule relating to the making of contributions by district and taluk boards, which the Government acting with Ministers propose to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 1 C and sub-rule (2) of rule 1 E of Schedule V and clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 108 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920 (Madras Act XIV of 1920), is hereby published, accompanied by clause (a) of section 200 of the said Act for general information. Notice is hereby given that the draft will be further proceeded with after six weeks from

the date of publication of this notification and that any objection or suggestion which may be received with respect thereto before the expiry of the period referred to will be considered by the Government acting with Ministers:—

#### DRAFT RULE.

"No district board shall make any contribution under clause (c) of sub-rule (2) of rule 1 C of Schedule V to the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, and no taluk board shall make any contribution under clause (c) of sub-rule (2) of rule 1 E of the same Schedule:—

- (a) to any local board or municipal council not in the same revenue district; or
- (b) to any private person or association except with the previous sanction of the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards."

E. CONRAN SMITH,  
Secretary to Government.

*Port St. George, June 21, 1932*  
(G.O. No. 2389, P. & M.)

No. 1039.—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 11 and clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 169 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920 (Madras Act XIV of 1920), and in pursuance of the rule published with Local Self-Government Department Notification No. 2129, dated the 1st December 1931, at page 1370 of Part I-A of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated the 1st December 1931, the Government acting with Ministers are hereby pleased to make the following rule prescribing the qualifications of Sanitary Inspectors and Vaccinators under local boards:—

#### RULE.

No person shall, without the sanction of the Local Government accorded by general or special order, be appointed to any of the posts under a local board specified in column (1) of the Schedule below unless he possesses the qualifications laid down in the corresponding entry in column (2) thereof:

Provided that the Director of Public Health may, subject to such conditions as he may impose, sanction the appointment to the post of Vaccinator, First or Second class, of any person not possessing the qualifications prescribed therein in column (2) of the said Schedule:—

#### SCHEDULE.

Designation of post.	Qualifications.
(1)	(2)
1. Sanitary Inspectors ..	A Sanitary Inspector's certificate granted by the Director of Public Health, Madras as the Chairman of the Board of Examiners constituted in this behalf by the Local Government.

Provided that the above qualification shall not be necessary in the case of—

- (a) a candidate who possesses—
  - (i) the L.M.P. diploma granted by the Board of Examiners for Government medical examinations, Rangoon Medical School, Madras, or
  - (ii) a medical qualification recognised by the Local Government as equivalent to or higher than the said L.M.P. diploma; or
  - (iii) any certificated Sanitary Inspector, Sanitary Inspector or Assistant Sanitary Inspector who held a substantive appointment as a Sanitary Inspector or Assistant Sanitary Inspector on 1st April 1929, under the Local Government or under any local body in the Presidency of Madras; or
  - (iv) any person who has qualified himself in the Presidency of Madras for the post of Sanitary Inspector before 1st July 1929; or
  - (v) a candidate who has—
    - (i) passed the Bachelor or Brevet Sanitary Inspector's and Vaccinator's Test, having commenced his course before 1st April 1929; and
    - (ii) has, without undergoing any additional course, passed the Sanitary Inspector's Examination in the Presidency of Madras or has undergone a corresponding training and passed the examination prescribed for Health and Sanitary Inspectors in the Presidency of Madras.

Description of post.	Qualification.
(1)	(2)
2. Vaccinators— First class.	Qualification prescribed for Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

Provided that the above qualification shall not be necessary in the case of—

- (1) any person who held a substantive appointment as a First-class Vaccinator on 1st April 1929 under the Local Government or under any local body in the Presidency of Madras; or
- (2) any Assistant Sanitary Inspector who has successfully undergone the training in vaccination prescribed for First-class Vaccinators before 6th October 1928.

Description of post.	Qualification.
(1)	(2)
2. Vaccinators— Second class.	A Second-class Vaccinator's certificate issued by a First-class Health Officer under the authority of the Director of Public Health, Madras.

36, 1931—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 34 and clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 35 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920 (Madras Act V of 1920), and in pursuance of the rules published with Local Self-Government Department Notification No. 2877 dated 1st December 1931, at pages 1022, 1071 of

A-5

Part I-A of the First St. George Gazette, dated 1st December 1931, the Governor acting with Members in Council pleased to make the following rules prescribing the qualifications of Sanitary Inspectors and Vaccinators under municipal councils—

#### RULES.

No person shall, without the sanction of the Local Government recorded by special order, be appointed in any of the posts under a municipal council specified in column (1) of the Schedule below unless he possesses the qualifications laid down in the corresponding entry in column (2) thereof.

Provided that the Director of Public Health may, subject to such conditions as he may impose, sanction the appointment to the post of Vaccinators, First or Second class, of any person not possessing the qualifications prescribed therein in column (2) of the said Schedule.

#### SCHEDULE.

Description of post.	Qualification.
(1)	(2)
1. Sanitary Inspectors.	A Sanitary Inspector's certificate granted by the Director of Public Health, Madras, as the Chairman of the Board of Examiners constituted in the behalf by the Local Government.

Provided that the above qualification shall not be necessary in the case of—

- (a) a candidate who possesses—
  - (i) the L.M.P. diploma granted by the Board of Examiners for Government medical examinations, Rangoon Medical School, Madras; or
  - (ii) a medical qualification recognised by the Local Government as equivalent to or higher than the said L.M.P. diploma; or
  - (iii) any certificated Sanitary Inspector, Sanitary Inspector or Assistant Sanitary Inspector who held a substantive appointment as a Sanitary Inspector or Assistant Sanitary Inspector on 1st April 1929 under the Local Government or under any local body in the Presidency of Madras; or
  - (iv) any person who has qualified himself in the Presidency of Madras for the post of Sanitary Inspector before 1st July 1929; or
  - (v) a candidate who has—
    - (i) passed the Bachelor or Brevet Sanitary Inspector's and Vaccinator's Test, having commenced his course before 1st April 1929; and
    - (ii) has, without undergoing any additional course, passed the Sanitary Inspector's Examination in the Presidency of Madras or has undergone a corresponding training and passed the examination prescribed for Health

and Sanitary Inspectors in the Presidency of Madras.

Description of post.	Qualifications.
(1)	(2)
2. Vaccinators—	Qualifications pre-
First class.	scribed for Sanitary
	Inspector or Sub-
	Assistant Surgeon.

Provided that the above qualifications shall not be necessary in the case of

(1) any person who held a substantive appointment as a First-class Vaccinator on 1st April 1929 under the Local Government or under any local body in the Presidency of Madras; or

(2) any Assistant Sanitary Inspector who has successfully undergone the training as vaccination provided for First-class Vaccinators before 6th October 1928.

Description of post.	Qualifications.
(3)	(4)
3. Vaccinators—	A Second class Vac-
Second class.	cinator's certificate
	issued by a First-
	class Health Officer
	under the authority
	of the Director of
	Public Health,
	Madras.

For St. George, June 18, 1932

No. 1932.—

#### PLAGUE REGULATIONS IN FORCE OUTSIDE THE CITY OF MADRAS.

Whereas the Governor acting with Ministers is satisfied that various parts of the Presidency of Madras are visited by and other parts are threatened with an outbreak of the dangerous disease known as plague;

And whereas the ordinary provisions of the law for the time being in force in the said Presidency are insufficient to prevent the outbreak of such disease or the spread thereof;

Now therefore in exercise of the powers conferred by section 2-A of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1891 (III of 1891), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1920 (XXXVIII of 1920), and in pursuance of all regulations previously issued on the subject, the Governor acting with Ministers is hereby pleased to prescribe the following temporary regulations to be observed throughout the said Presidency except the City of Madras for a period of one year from the 15th day of July 1932.

1. In these regulations—

(1) 'Collector' means the Collector of the district.

(2) 'infected area' means any place or area which is notified to be infected with plague under these regulations by the Local Government or, subject to their control by the Collector.

(3) 'local authority' means

(a) in the case of municipal areas

(i) the municipal health officer; where no such officer has been appointed or in his absence, the local medical officer appointed by the Local Government; where neither of such officers has been appointed or in the absence of both or in the absence of the local

medical officer, as the case may be, the municipal health officer; and

(b) the chairman of the municipal council;

(c) in the case of non-municipal areas

(i) the local medical officer appointed by the Local Government; where no such officer has been appointed or in his absence, the local medical officer appointed by the local board; and

(ii) the village headman;

and besides in both cases, any other person appointed as local authority by the Collector.

(4) 'Local Government' means the Governor acting with Ministers.

(5) 'Plague Officer' means the District Health Officer, the Municipal Health Officer and the Revenue Divisional Officer within their respective jurisdictions and elsewhere in respect of any area any other person who may be appointed by the Local Government or by the Collector as plague officer for such area.

2. The Local Government may, by notification in the Port St. George Gazette, declare any place or area in which case or cases indigenous cases of plague have occurred, or in which the existence of plague among rats or other susceptible animals has been proved, or is inferred with plague. In similar circumstances the Collector may notify by notification and by publication in the District Gazette that any place or area in his district is infected with plague and shall inform the Local Government forthwith of such notification and the Local Government may cancel or modify such notification.

3. The Collector may

(a) close any existing market

(b) in any infected area or

(c) in any area in his district adjoining an infected area, whether such infected area be in that district or in a neighbouring district; and

(d) appoint special places where markets may be held and prescribe limits beyond which it shall not be lawful for persons bringing articles for sale from or into an infected area to pass.

4. In any infected area the Collector, or a plague officer with the previous sanction of the Collector, may order the evacuation of infected premises and of persons in the neighbourhood of such premises, or generally of the infected area or any part thereof.

Provided that, before issuing or executing an order for compulsory evacuation, the Collector shall

(a) satisfy himself that such evacuation is necessary to prevent or check the further spread of the disease or is in the interests of the affected population, having regard to climatic conditions;

(b) either provide within reasonable distance adequate and suitable shelter and the necessary water-supply for the persons evicted or satisfy himself that such shelter and

water-supply have been provided by private agency; and

(c) make necessary arrangements for catch and wagg.

The Collector may require all persons who evacuate their premises voluntarily, or against whom an order of compulsory evacuation is passed under this regulation, to reside in such place and for such period as he may appoint.

Nothing contained in this regulation shall be deemed to apply to persons who produce a certificate from a Registered Medical Practitioner to the effect that they have been successfully inoculated against plague within a period of six months immediately preceding the notification of a place or area as an infected area or who get themselves inoculated within 24 hours of the publication of such notification and produce a certificate to that effect from a Registered Medical Practitioner.

5. In any infected area the Collector may enter upon, occupy and use, or may depute any person to enter upon, occupy and use, without having recourse to the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, any building or place which is required for, and is, in the opinion of the Municipal Health Officer in the case of municipalities where there is a Health Officer and in all other cases, of the District Health Officer or if there is no District Health Officer, of the District Medical Officer, suitable for any purposes connected with plague measures provided that, if the building or place is occupied by any persons before he enters shall be given to such persons or be subsequently placed in such building or place not less than 24 hours before it is entered upon, occupied or used under this regulation. The owner or lessee of such building or place shall be entitled to a reasonable rent, to be fixed by the Collector, for the period during which the building or place is occupied or used and the Collector shall, when any building ceases to be so occupied or used, cause it to be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected and, if the owner or lessee so desires, whitewashed inside and outside.

6. If the Collector or a Plague Officer is of opinion that the destruction of any hut or shed is necessary to prevent the spread of plague, he may take necessary measures for the destruction of such hut or shed and of the materials of which it is constructed.

7. The Collector or any person authorized by him in this behalf may direct that any building or place shall be inspected and that all rats and other susceptible animals found therein shall be destroyed; and to facilitate such destruction, he may order the temporary removal of any article from such building or place.

8. The Collector may direct that at any place in his district any encroachment of stalls or other produce or merchandise being conveyed by rail, road or otherwise, shall be removed, and shall, if necessary, be loaded and exposed to the sun in such manner and for such period as he may fix.

9. Every owner or occupier of any building and every medical practitioner shall at once report to the nearest local authority any case of plague or any case of fever with glandular swellings or any unusual mortality among rats or squirrels, which may point to the cause.

10. The chairman of the municipal council in the case of a municipal area, the president of the panchayat in the case of a panchayat area, the headman of the village in other cases and in all cases any person authorized by the Collector in this behalf may prevent any articles suspected of coming from an infected area from being brought or taken into the local area concerned until such articles have been exposed to the direct rays of the sun for not less than three hours or have been disinfected to his satisfaction. Similar powers may be exercised by such chairman, president, headman or authorized person regarding the exposure to the sun or the disinfection of any articles taken out of any infected area within their respective jurisdictions.

11. (1) Any local authority as a plague officer or any officer of the Public Health Department not below the rank of a Health Inspector or a Sanitary Inspector may at any time by day or by night, after giving such notice as may appear to him reasonable, inspect any premises in which plague is reported or suspected to exist.

(2) If such authority or officer is of opinion that the cleaning or disinfecting of any premises or part thereof or of any article therein, which is likely to retain infection will tend to prevent or check the spread of such infection, he may cleanse or disinfect such premises, part or article and may by notice require the occupier of such premises or part to vacate the same for such time as may be specified in such notice.

(3) The cost of cleaning or disinfecting any premises or part thereof or any article therein under clause (2) shall be met entirely by Government.

(4) Such authority or officer may direct the destruction of building, clothing or other articles likely to retain infection.

12. (1) In the absence of a written contract to the contrary, every inspector, assistant, peon, watchman, labourer, scavenger or other person or servant employed to do duty in connection with plague shall be entitled to one month's wages before discharge, or to one month's wages in lieu thereof unless he is discharged for misconduct or was engaged for a specified term and is discharged at the end of such term.

(2) No such inspector, assistant, peon, watchman, labourer, scavenger, or casual servant shall, in the absence of a written contract authorizing him to do so, or without reasonable cause, resign his employment or absent himself from his duties or neglect or refuse to perform any of his duties without giving a month's notice.









1200	1201	1202	1203	1204	1205	1206	1207	1208	1209	1210	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215	1216	1217	1218	1219	1220	1221	1222	1223	1224	1225	1226	1227	1228	1229	1230	1231	1232	1233	1234	1235	1236	1237	1238	1239	1240	1241	1242	1243	1244	1245	1246	1247	1248	1249	1250	1251	1252	1253	1254	1255	1256	1257	1258	1259	1260	1261	1262	1263	1264	1265	1266	1267	1268	1269	1270	1271	1272	1273	1274	1275	1276	1277	1278	1279	1280	1281	1282	1283	1284	1285	1286	1287	1288	1289	1290	1291	1292	1293	1294	1295	1296	1297	1298	1299	1300	1301	1302	1303	1304	1305	1306	1307	1308	1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320	1321	1322	1323	1324	1325	1326	1327	1328	1329	1330	1331	1332	1333	1334	1335	1336	1337	1338	1339	1340	1341	1342	1343	1344	1345	1346	1347	1348	1349	1350	1351	1352	1353	1354	1355	1356	1357	1358	1359	1360	1361	1362	1363	1364	1365	1366	1367	1368	1369	1370	1371	1372	1373	1374	1375	1376	1377	1378	1379	1380	1381	1382	1383	1384	1385	1386	1387	1388	1389	1390	1391	1392	1393	1394	1395	1396	1397	1398	1399	1400	1401	1402	1403	1404	1405	1406	1407	1408	1409	1410	1411	1412	1413	1414	1415	1416	1417	1418	1419	1420	1421	1422	1423	1424	1425	1426	1427	1428	1429	1430	1431	1432	1433	1434	1435	1436	1437	1438	1439	1440	1441	1442	1443	1444	1445	1446	1447	1448	1449	1450	1451	1452	1453	1454	1455	1456	1457	1458	1459	1460	1461	1462	1463	1464	1465	1466	1467	1468	1469	1470	1471	1472	1473	1474	1475	1476	1477	1478	1479	1480	1481	1482	1483	1484	1485	1486	1487	1488	1489	1490	1491	1492	1493	1494	1495	1496	1497	1498	1499	1500	1501	1502	1503	1504	1505	1506	1507	1508	1509	1510	1511	1512	1513	1514	1515	1516	1517	1518	1519	1520	1521	1522	1523	1524	1525	1526	1527	1528	1529	1530	1531	1532	1533	1534	1535	1536	1537	1538	1539	1540	1541	1542	1543	1544	1545	1546	1547	1548	1549	1550	1551	1552	1553	1554	1555	1556	1557	1558	1559	1560	1561	1562	1563	1564	1565	1566	1567	1568	1569	1570	1571	1572	1573	1574	1575	1576	1577	1578	1579	1580	1581	1582	1583	1584	1585	1586	1587	1588	1589	1590	1591	1592	1593	1594	1595	1596	1597	1598	1599	1600	1601	1602	1603	1604	1605	1606	1607	1608	1609	1610	1611	1612	1613	1614	1615	1616	1617	1618	1619	1620	1621	1622	1623	1624	1625	1626	1627	1628	1629	1630	1631	1632	1633	1634	1635	1636	1637	1638	1639	1640	1641	1642	1643	1644	1645	1646	1647	1648	1649	1650	1651	1652	1653	1654	1655	1656	1657	1658	1659	1660	1661	1662	1663	1664	1665	1666	1667	1668	1669	1670	1671	1672	1673	1674	1675	1676	1677	1678	1679	1680	1681	1682	1683	1684	1685	1686	1687	1688	1689	1690	1691	1692	1693	1694	1695	1696	1697	1698	1699	1700	1701	1702	1703	1704	1705	1706	1707	1708	1709	1710	1711	1712	1713	1714	1715	1716	1717	1718	1719	1720	1721	1722	1723	1724	1725	1726	1727	1728	1729	1730	1731	1732	1733	1734	1735	1736	1737	1738	1739	1740	1741	1742	1743	1744	1745	1746	1747	1748	1749	1750	1751	1752	1753	1754	1755	1756	1757	1758	1759	1760	1761	1762	1763	1764	1765	1766	1767	1768	1769	1770	1771	1772	1773	1774	1775	1776	1777	1778	1779	1780	1781	1782	1783	1784	1785	1786	1787	1788	1789	1790	1791	1792	1793	1794	1795	1796	1797	1798	1799	1800	1801	1802	1803	1804	1805	1806	1807	1808	1809	1810	1811	1812	1813	1814	1815	1816	1817	1818	1819	1820	1821	1822	1823	1824	1825	1826	1827	1828	1829	1830	1831	1832	1833	1834	1835	1836	1837	1838	1839	1840	1841	1842	1843	1844	1845	1846	1847	1848	1849	1850	1851	1852	1853	1854	1855	1856	1857	1858	1859	1860	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	1866	1867	1868	1869	1870	1871	1872	1873	1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	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*Divisional Receipt.*

24. Payments and Due Items Sent to Treasurer;  
Twenty-four Rupees.

L. M. FRASER,  
Collector.

Chief Collector's Office,  
5th April 1932.

In exercise of the powers delegated to Collector by G.O. No 1378, L. & M., dated 15th March 1929, the Collector of North Arcot is hereby pleased to cancel under sub-section 3 of section 48 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1923, as amended by Act XI of 1929, the notification issued under G.O. No. 4749, L. & M., dated 10th November 1925, in so far as it relates to the road mentioned below:—

2. The road will remain in the Taluk Board, Pöör, with effect from the date of the publication of the notification in the District Gazette, subject to the conditions specified in paragraph 3 (iii) of G.O. No. 1491, Revenue, dated 24th July 1923.

Name of the road. Name of the board.  
Road from Chittur-Göddur Taluk Board, Pöör,  
road to Pöppanam.

K. KENNEDY,  
Collector.

North Arcot Collector's Office,  
5th June 1932.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him in Notification No. 411, dated 15th March 1929, published in the Port St. George Gazette, dated 15th March 1929, at page 148 (Part I-A), under sub-section 2 of section 18 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1923, the Collector of Tenasserly hereby exercise with effect from the date of this notification in so far as it relates to an extent of 2.58 acres covered by the over-lands described below, the notification issued with G.O. No. 4756, L. & M., dated 10th November 1925, and published on page 8 of the General Supplement to the Tenasserly District Gazette for January 1927, dated 24th January 1927, excluding from the operation of the Local Boards Act, all public roads which then vested in the Local Boards in the Presidency of Madras, but which are not actually maintained by them on the said date:—

Tenasserly District, Nanguneri taluk,  
Dudur Nanguneri village.

Survey number.	Extent.	Survey number.	Extent.	Survey number.	Extent.
249 C-3	.. 1.06	254-3	.. 0.12	254-1	.. 0.10
254-1	.. 0.12	250-2	.. 0.18	251-5	.. 0.29
250-2	.. 0.18	272-4	.. 0.42		
254-4	.. 2.78	272-7	.. 0.40	Total	.. 3.68
250-5	.. 0.12	274-1	.. 0.12		
251-5	.. 0.29	281-3 A	.. 0.10		

A. C. WOODHOUSE,  
Collector.

Tenasserly Collector's Office,  
5th June 1932.

Under rules 28 and 34 of Part I of the rules for the conduct of elections of members of local boards the persons whose names are given below have been declared elected as members of the undermentioned District Board and they shall come into effect on the date fixed by the Local Government under rule 3 (5) (a) of the Schedule to the Madras Local Boards (Amendment) Act, 1926, for the District Board and where they reside:—

Residence of Elect.	Name of person declared elected.	Community or not for which declared elected	(If the person has been declared elected for a particular sect)
CHENNAI DISTRICT BOARD.			
XXVIII. Gundaracheri ..	Kannaswami Mudaliyar ..	..	..
XXVIII. Pöppanam ..	Vaidyanatha Mudaliyar, K. ..	..	..

Chennai, 27th June 1932.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by G.O. No. 1378, L. & M., dated 15th March 1929, the Collector of Tenasserly, under sub-section (3) of section 48 of the Madras Local Boards Act 1923 of 1926 (as amended), hereby cancels the notification No. 142, published under G.O. No. 4749, L. & M., at page 43, Part I-A of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 15th February 1927, and at page 7 of the Tenasserly District Gazette, dated 15th April 1927, in English and in Telugu in the Tenasserly District General Supplement, dated 11th April 1927, in so far as it relates to the public road in the Vengalpet in District mentioned below:— The said road will be reserved in the District Board, Vengalpet, from the date on which this notification is published in the Tenasserly District Gazette, and from that date the District Board is authorized to lay down the road subject to the conditions specified below:—

(a) that in laying out the road the District Board, Vengalpet, shall observe the instructions contained in G.O. No. 54, Revenue, dated 11th January 1917, and 1926, Revenue, dated 20th June 1929;

(b) that it shall submit to any decision lawfully passed under the Madras Survey and Revenue Act in the course of any survey that may subsequently be ordered and will carry out any orders which the Collector may issue with the object of enforcing the provisions of the two Government Orders mentioned above;

(c) that it shall pay, in accordance with the rules in force, the cost of any survey which the Government may desire to be necessary; and

(d) that it shall not allow any person to hold claims within the areas here duly specified their names in writing or the land has been acquired under the Land Acquisition Act.

\* Road from Göddur to Pöppanam merging the portion lying in G.O. No. 179 of Göddur.

H. R. URRELL,  
Collector.

Vengalpet Collector's Office,  
28th June 1932.

Under section 11 (3) of the Madras District Municipalities Amendment Act X of 1926 and under rule 121 (i) of the rules for the election of members and vice-presidents of municipal councils, Jacob A. Abdul Kader Sahib Sahodur has been declared duly elected as Vice-Chairman of the Municipal Council, Tiruppur, North Arcot district.

M. THIRUASATHI MUDALIYAR,  
Chairman.

Tiruppur Municipal Office,  
12nd June 1932.

Station of Clerk.	Name of person declared elected.		Consent or ass. for which declared elected (if the person has been declared elected for a second time).	
XXIII. Talpavoor ..	M.E.Ry. Vangupala Mahalingar Amangal	..	..	..
Madarasalem, 17th June 1932.				
M. DWANAKANATHAN, Station Officer.				
XVII. Ponnasalai ..	Wakkiravulu Madalpur, M.	..	..	..
XVIII. Madaravango- lam.	Appa's Nagala ..	..	..	..
XXI. Sengapampal.	Govindarajulu Nayakar ..	..	..	..
C. P. SUBBARAYALU NAYUDU, Station Officer.				
Srirangapatna, 20th June 1932.				
II. Gummadiyand...	M.E.Ry. Hethanaga Raja Amangal ..	..	..	..
III. Madar ..	" Maheshwara Nagar Amangal ..	..	..	..
IV. Shetavanam ..	" R. Vasanthakala Nagala Gura ..	..	..	..
V. Minjar ..	" P. R. Thiruvengala Reddyar Amangal ..	..	..	..
T. R. SADASIVA ATTANGAR, Station Officer.				
Pondur, 20th June 1932.				
XII. Vallabharam ..	Mr. Mahalingam Reddyar ..	..	..	..
XIII. Madaravaram ..	" Sankaragobal Pillai T. ..	..	..	..
XIV. Kanchikudi ..	" Jayaram Nagala, U. ..	..	..	..
XVI. Pallikurral ..	" Krishna Reddyar ..	..	..	..
V. SRINIVASA AYYAR, Station Officer.				
Bellapet, 20th June 1932.				
XXII. Peravali ..	M.E.Ry. Venkateswami Madalpur ..	..	..	..
XXIV. Walajah ..	" Gupta Nagala ..	..	..	..
XXV. Mayad ..	" Lakshmin ..	..	..	..
XXVII. Uthiramerur ..	M.E.Ry. Sundarambaram Madalpur ..	..	..	..
	" Devanaray Madalpur ..	..	..	..
M. R. VENKATASWAMI NADAR, Station Officer.				
Cherpuram, 20th June 1932.				
Under rules 19 and 26 of the rules for the conduct of municipal elections, the person whose name is given below has been declared elected as a Councillor of the Trichinopoly Municipality and he shall come into office from the date of this declaration—				
Number of ward.	Name of person declared elected.		Consent or ass. for which declared elected (if the person has been declared elected for a second time).	
I ..	M.E.Ry. Chelamburam Serral Amangal	..	..	..
Trichinopoly, 20th June 1932.				
T. S. RAJAMATTA, Station Officer.				



# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

*Published by Authority.*

No. 27]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 5, 1932.

[Price, 5 c. 6 p.]

## Part I-B.—Educational.

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### EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

#### LEAVE.

Fort St. George, June 25, 1932.

No. 128.—M.R. By M. Subramanyam Mahalingam, Assistant, Government, Junior Combined School, Bangalore, leave on average pay on medical certificate for three weeks from 24th April 1932.

#### EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

No. 127.—M.R. By N. K. Venkateswara Rao, an extension of leave on half average pay for one day, i.e., for 25th March 1932.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, June 27, 1932.

No. 126.—Under section 3 of the Madras Elementary Education Act, 1920, the undermentioned persons have been elected to be members of the Madras Educational Councils held against their names by the electorate specified therein:—

M.R. By P. Rangaswami Rao, District Officer, East Godavari (by the Taluk Board, Pithapuram).

Fort St. George, June 26, 1932.

M.R. By, Mahomed Rafiqul Karim, Assistant, South Kanara (by the Taluk Board, Chitradurga).

Fort St. George, June 26, 1932.

No. 125.—In rule 22 of the Grant-in-Aid Code—“Over the words ‘of Rs. 2 per session for each child’ occurring in the first sentence, and insert the following in the second sentence:—

“The grant on payable shall be restricted to two-thirds of the net cost of maintenance of the

institution subject to a maximum of Rs. 5 a month per pupil.”

Fort St. George, June 27, 1932.

(G.O. No. 3, 803, Education).

No. 124.—Under sub-section (1) of section 42 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition (Amendment) Act XXXVIII of 1925, the Government in Council and the District Officer with the sanction hereby withdraw from the compilation of the lands specified below in Tiruvallur, village, Chidambaram taluk, South Arcot district, included in the notification under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act published at pages 113 and 114 of Part 2-B of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated the 1st March 1932, as required for sports grounds of the Annamalai University:—

1. Nos. 144 and 145, belonging to Madras College, Chidambaram, and 146, belonging to Annamalai University, Chidambaram, measuring 5.01 and 2.77 acres respectively.

Fort St. George, July 5, 1932.

No. 121.—Further, publishers and others who may desire to present works to the British Museum are informed that the Registrar of Books, Madras, will arrange to forward presentations upon to the Registrar of the British Museum. Copies of books intended for deposit should be addressed to the Registrar of the British Museum, and by a letter stating the contents and requesting the Registrar to forward the same or return.

A. F. W. DIXON,  
Deputy Secretary to Government.



## GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIPS, 1932-33.

The scholarships in this notification are open only to pupils of primary whose preliminary examinations are certified by the head of their school as entitling to be such as to permit them to proceed with their studies without assistance. In the award of scholarships the fitness of these students of the community who are most in need of aid will, other conditions being satisfied, be first considered, preference being given to the Dervishes, Ashrafis, Khawassims, Orpans and members of other backward classes.

The age of an applicant for a scholarship payable from the 6th Standard, or I Form, shall not have exceeded, on the 1st July 1932, 14 years in the case of candidates belonging to the backward classes in non-municipal areas and of Mahomedans and

Orpans boys and 22 years in the case of others and for a scholarship payable from the IV Form 12 and 14 years, respectively. The age of an applicant for a scholarship payable in college classes shall not have exceeded on the 1st July 1932, 20 years in the case of female and Mahomedans and 25 years male candidates and 18 years in the case of others.

(3) Section I—Scholarships in higher standards of elementary schools, in secondary schools and in colleges.

The number and distribution of these scholarships are indicated in the following statement. The scholarships mentioned for the Orpans of the District will be payable not only in institutions in the Presidency, but also in the Government College, Coimbatore.

Class of scholarship.	Number of scholarships for	Monthly value of each scholarship and the period for which it is payable.					
		Reps.	2nd year.	3rd year.	4th year.	5th year.	6th year.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(1) Higher Elementary ..	50	3	4	5	..	..	..
	25	3	4	5	..	..	..
(2) Secondary ..	104	3	4	5	6	8	8
	52	3	4	5	6	8	8
(3) Colleges (a) ..	12	8	8	10	14	14	..
	6	10	10	10	..	..	10
	6	..	..	..	..	..	10

(70% backward class).

## Number of scholarships awarded for each grade each year.

Office by which the scholarship was to be awarded.	(1) Higher Elementary	(2) Secondary examinations in I Form	(3) Secondary examinations in IV Form.
District Educational Officer—			
Orpans ..	5	2	1
Thiruvananthapuram ..	3	7	1
Quilon, East ..	3	15	4
Quilon, West ..	1	7	1
Kannur ..	1	7	2
Kasaragod ..	2	4	2
Kozhikode ..	1	6	3
Ananthapur ..	1	3	1
Chingleput ..	1	3	1
Madras ..	1	6	4
Belur ..	1	6	2
Mysore ..	1	25	3
Channarayana ..	1	3	1
North Arcot ..	1	25	2
Chittoor ..	1	4	2
South Arcot ..	1	3	2
Tanjore ..	1	22	4
Trichinopoly ..	1	16	1
Tuticorin ..	1	10	1
Madurai ..	1	10	1
Ramanathapuram ..	1	7	1
Tirunelveli ..	1	15	2
Coimbatore ..	10	10	10
The Nilgiris ..			
Madurai, North ..	1	11	3
Madurai, South ..	1	10	2
South Nilgiris ..	1	8	2

(4) Corresponding to VI Standard.

(5) I Form.

(6) IV Form.

(7) For each year University class this year.

(8) Corresponding to the first year University class.

(9) For students who after passing the R.A. Degree Examination wish to appear for the R.A. Examination Examination.

(10) Exits for male and female students.

(11) One for the Coimbatore district and one for the Nilgiris district.

(12) Two for the Coimbatore district and one for the Nilgiris district.

## Section II.—General Regulations.

1. Forms of application for the different grades of scholarships available under this notification may be obtained on request from the Director (in the case of Arts Colleges), and from the District Educational Officer concerned, in the case of other institutions.

2. Applications for scholarships payable in higher elementary standards and in secondary schools shall be submitted to the District Educational Officer of the district where the institution in which the scholarship is payable is situated, by the head or manager of the institution in which the pupil studied in 1931-32 through the head or manager of the institution in which he intends to study and through the inspecting officer who inspects that institution.

Applications for scholarships payable in college classes shall be submitted to the Director by the head or manager of the institution from which the student went up for the examination through the head or manager of the institution in which he or she intends to study. In the case of applications for scholarships in the first year University class on behalf of students who have obtained secondary school leaving certificates, the heads or managers of the institutions in which such students have passed should not recommend more than three students who, in their opinion are most deserving of scholarship, and they should submit the marks of the students in the secondary school-leaving certificate Public Examination with their applications to the Director who will nominate the candidates with a view to the award of scholarship.

All applications should be dated. Separate forms should be used for each grade of scholarship. If one form is not large enough, the list should be continued on another form.

3. All applications for scholarships should reach the Director or the District Educational Officer, as the case may be, before the 30th July 1932.





# GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIPS FOR ORISSA, 1932-33.

In the award of scholarships the status of those sections of the community who are most in need of aid will, other conditions being satisfied, be first considered, preference being given to Adi Dravidas, Adi Andhas, Mahasamachas, Orpas and members of other backward classes.

## SECTION I.—Scholarship in higher standards of Elementary schools and in Secondary schools.

The number and distribution of these scholarships are exhibited in the following statement:

Based on the case of Hindu and Mahasamachas students, the age of an applicant for a scholarship awarded from the VI standard onwards must not have exceeded, on the 2nd July 1932, 14 years and for a scholarship awarded from the IV term 17 years respectively.

Date of scholarship.	Number of Scholarships.	Monthly value of each scholarship and the period for which it is payable.					
		1st year.	2nd year.	3rd year.	4th year.	5th year.	6th year.
(a) Higher Elementary ..	84 (2)	Rs. 5	Rs. 5	Rs. 5	Rs. 5	Rs. 5	Rs. 5
(b) Secondary ..	18 (2)	Rs. 10	Rs. 10	Rs. 10	Rs. 10	Rs. 10	Rs. 10

(This statement follows.)

Officer by whom the scholarships are to be awarded.		No. of Scholarships allowed to be awarded under High Elementary standards in VI standard.	
Inspector of Girls' Schools—			
1. Caste ..	1	1	1
2. Caste ..	1	1	1
3. Caste ..	1	1	1
4. Caste ..	1	1	1
5. Caste ..	1	1	1
6. Caste ..	1	1	1
7. Caste ..	1	1	1
8. Caste ..	1	1	1
9. Caste ..	1	1	1
10. Caste ..	1	1	1
11. Caste ..	1	1	1
12. Caste ..	1	1	1
13. Caste ..	1	1	1
14. Caste ..	1	1	1
15. Caste ..	1	1	1
16. Caste ..	1	1	1
17. Caste ..	1	1	1
18. Caste ..	1	1	1
19. Caste ..	1	1	1
20. Caste ..	1	1	1
21. Caste ..	1	1	1
22. Caste ..	1	1	1
23. Caste ..	1	1	1
24. Caste ..	1	1	1
25. Caste ..	1	1	1
26. Caste ..	1	1	1
27. Caste ..	1	1	1
28. Caste ..	1	1	1
29. Caste ..	1	1	1
30. Caste ..	1	1	1
31. Caste ..	1	1	1
32. Caste ..	1	1	1
33. Caste ..	1	1	1
34. Caste ..	1	1	1
35. Caste ..	1	1	1
36. Caste ..	1	1	1
37. Caste ..	1	1	1
38. Caste ..	1	1	1
39. Caste ..	1	1	1
40. Caste ..	1	1	1
41. Caste ..	1	1	1
42. Caste ..	1	1	1
43. Caste ..	1	1	1
44. Caste ..	1	1	1
45. Caste ..	1	1	1
46. Caste ..	1	1	1
47. Caste ..	1	1	1
48. Caste ..	1	1	1
49. Caste ..	1	1	1
50. Caste ..	1	1	1
51. Caste ..	1	1	1
52. Caste ..	1	1	1
53. Caste ..	1	1	1
54. Caste ..	1	1	1
55. Caste ..	1	1	1
56. Caste ..	1	1	1
57. Caste ..	1	1	1
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75. Caste ..	1	1	1
76. Caste ..	1	1	1
77. Caste ..	1	1	1
78. Caste ..	1	1	1
79. Caste ..	1	1	1
80. Caste ..	1	1	1
81. Caste ..	1	1	1
82. Caste ..	1	1	1
83. Caste ..	1	1	1
84. Caste ..	1	1	1
85. Caste ..	1	1	1
86. Caste ..	1	1	1
87. Caste ..	1	1	1
88. Caste ..	1	1	1
89. Caste ..	1	1	1
90. Caste ..	1	1	1
91. Caste ..	1	1	1
92. Caste ..	1	1	1
93. Caste ..	1	1	1
94. Caste ..	1	1	1
95. Caste ..	1	1	1
96. Caste ..	1	1	1
97. Caste ..	1	1	1
98. Caste ..	1	1	1
99. Caste ..	1	1	1
100. Caste ..	1	1	1

(a) Commencing in VI standard.  
(b) Commencing in I term.  
Note.—Before regarding the distribution of the scholarships available in Secondary schools will also separately.

## SECTION II.—General Regulations.

1. Forms of application for the different grades of scholarships available under this notification may be obtained on indent from the Inspectors of Girls' Schools.

2. Applications for scholarships payable in higher elementary standards and in secondary schools shall be submitted to the Inspectors of the schools where the institutions in which the scholarship is payable is situated, by the head or manager of the institution in which the pupil studied in 1931-32 through the head or manager of the institution in which she intends to study, and through the inspecting officer who inspects that institution.

All applications should be dated. Separate forms should be sent for each grade of scholarship. If one form is sent for all, the fee should be returned on another form.

3. All applications for scholarships should reach the Inspectors concerned before the 30th July 1932. Applications submitted after the prescribed date will not be considered.

4. Scholarships will be sanctioned by Inspectors at their discretion and subject to the conditions, if any, which have been specified in this notification. Scholarships remaining unappropriated in one month may be utilized for additional scholarships in other schools. The transfer of such scholarships from one month to another will be made by the Director and Inspectors will therefore furnish him by the 1st of August, next, with a statement showing the number of scholarships placed at their disposal, the number sanctioned by them under each head for the different classes of the community such as Orpas, Mahasamachas, Magpilas, Adi Dravidas, Adi Andhas, other backward classes, Indian Christians, Muslims, Non-Christians, etc., and the number available for transfer. Any scholarship awarded in the course of the period for which it is

payable may be awarded for the remaining period to an eligible applicant in the same year of study as the holder of the scholarship vacated. No new scholarship can be awarded to a student in the month of a vacancy.

5. The names of the selected candidates will be notified by Inspectors to the District Quarter.

6. Heads of institutions may grant leave without remuneration or loss of scholarship for a period not exceeding one month to students who are absent on account of serious sickness, but if the leave exceeds that period, no scholarship is to be granted for the excess period. The grant of such leave should be reported by the head of the institution to the Inspectors concerned. Continued leave without remuneration or loss of scholarship may be granted for good and sufficient reasons for a period not exceeding fifteen days in the year, provided such leave does not substantially prove or amount to a permanent absence. If a scholarship holder absents herself without good reason on the respective day after the vacation for the school the scholarship for the vacation is liable to be withheld under the orders of the managing authority.

7. No person receiving a scholarship under this notification shall be permitted to hold any other scholarship payable wholly or partly by Government without the special sanction of the Director. Such sanction will be accorded only for very distinguished merit.

8. In cases where the order of merit cannot be ascertained, or where the number of eligible candidates is less than the number of scholarships available, it is open to heads of institutions to hold a competitive examination in one or more subjects with a view to select the most deserving candidates.

9. All scholarships payable under this notification are liable to forfeiture for absence, delinquency, irregularity in attendance, or failure to make due progress in the course of study.

10. A scholarship held in any school shall run from the beginning of the month in which the holder joins the class, and shall not continue to be drawn after she ceases to attend it. Scholarship amounts for the vacation months shall be drawn immediately after the first (second, school, college or public) examination and disbursed to the scholarship-holder.

11. The scholarships are payable monthly and on advance.

12. The scholarships in secondary schools and colleges are payable only for nine months, i.e., from 1st July 1932 to 31st March 1933.

13. The scholarships mentioned here, on the scholarship holder's promotion to the next higher class, be either awarded or deemed as the same given above, provided the scholarship holder's progress and conduct have been satisfactory. Applications for renewal or increased scholarships

shall be submitted in the prescribed form. The information referred to above regarding the supply of forms and the date and manner of submission of such applications shall apply equally to the submission of applications for renewed or increased scholarships.

14. A register of scholarships, as required under rule 13 of the Madras Educational Rules, and also, the applications well presented in the Director's Proceedings No. No. 1183, dated 31st May 1922, shall be maintained by the heads of institutions concerned and shall be produced at the time of the departmental inspection of the institutions.

#### SPECIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FOR MUHAMMADANS, 1922-23.

With a view to increasing Muhammadan education in the Presidency, twenty-five special scholarships commencing from the I Form and continuing throughout the whole of the secondary course will be awarded every year in secondary schools. They will be tenable by pupils belonging to the following classes of the Muhammadan community of the Presidency—Mappilas, Lakkis, Chudis, or Poyas and Jangas. They will be of the same value as the scholarships that are now awarded under the Government Scholarships Notification, 1922-23, to pupils in secondary schools (viz., Rs. 5 per annum in Forms I to III and Rs. 7 per annum in Forms IV to VI), and will be held under similar conditions. These twenty-five scholarships will be placed at the disposal of the District Educational Officers for award at their discretion, subject to the conditions laid down in the Government Scholarships Notification of 1922-23.

2. Under G.O. No. 1444, Home (Education), dated 26th September 1920, 25 additional scholarships will be awarded to poor Muhammadan pupils of meritorious ability, 25 of the monthly value of Rs. 5 each tenable in Forms I to III and 25 of the monthly value of Rs. 7 each tenable in Forms IV to VI. These scholarships will be awarded in future years, subject to the condition that the total number of renewed and new scholarships awarded in any year, including the twenty-five special scholarships mentioned in paragraph 1, does not exceed the number specified above and that the annual cost is limited to Rs. 42000. These scholarships will be placed at the disposal of the District Educational Officers for award at their discretion, subject to the conditions laid down in the Government Scholarships Notification of 1922-23.

Note.—The District Educational Officers are requested to submit the total number of renewed and new scholarships to be awarded in the year that will not exceed the amount placed at their disposal.

3. In addition to the above, four special collegiate scholarships tenable by all classes of Muhammadans commencing from the Junior Intermediate class and continuing throughout the whole of the Intermediate and B.A. course will be awarded every year in colleges. The value of each of these scholarships will be Rs. 5 per annum in the Intermediate classes and Rs. 10 per annum in the B.A. classes.

An additional scholarship tenable in the final Honours class (B.A.), the 21st year class of the University course will also be awarded at Rs. 10 per annum. The award of the scholarship will be governed by the rules regulating the award of Government collegiate scholarships published in the Government Scholarships Notification No. 1922-23.

Applications for any of the above scholarships should be made in the form prescribed therein and forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction in the case of scholarships tenable in college classes and to the District Educational Officer in the case of scholarships tenable in secondary schools.

Note.—Before accepting the distribution of the two classes of secondary scholarships tenable in colleges the District Educational Officers will meet separately.

#### SCHOLARSHIPS FOR HINDU AND MUHAMMADAN WIDOWS, 1922-23.

Thirty-two scholarships will be awarded to Hindu and Muhammadan widows studying in recognised schools and will be tenable for six years in the classes specified below:—

##### Elementary Schools.

- (1) Three scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 4 each in class 4.
- (2) Three scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 5 each in class 5.
- (3) Six scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 6 each in I Form.
- (4) Six scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 7 each in the II Form.
- (5) Six scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 8 each in the III Form.
- (6) Six scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 9 each in the IV Form.
- (7) Six scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 10 each in the V Form.
- (8) Six scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 11 each in the VI Form.

##### Intermediate Schools.

- (9) Three scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 4 each in standard 4.
- (10) Three scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 5 each in standard 5.
- (11) Six scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 6 each in standard 6.
- (12) Six scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 7 each in standard 7.
- (13) Six scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 8 each in standard 8.

The award of the above scholarships will be left to the discretion of the Inspectors. The Inspectors will forward the Director, by the 1st of August next, with a statement showing the number of scholarships placed at their disposal, the names recommended by them, under each head, the number available for transfer, and the number additionally required, if any.

Note.—The distribution of the scholarships among the different sections will be made separately. Pupils who are new to the class of transfer will receive the amount till they pass out of the section.

All applications should reach the Inspectors concerned before the 25th July 1922. Applications submitted after the prescribed date will not be considered.

#### SCHOLARSHIPS FOR HINDU AND MUHAMMADAN WIDOWS—RESIDENTIAL—1922-23.

Thirty-two scholarships of the value of Rs. 125 each a month tenable by Hindu and Muhammadan widows residing in any recognised institutions having a recognised hostel of its own. There is no age limit for the award of these scholarships and they are tenable in classes 4 to 6 of Secondary schools and standards 4 to 6 of Elementary schools.

These scholarships will be awarded by the Inspectors of Girls' Schools and applications for them should be submitted in the form prescribed for Government Scholarships to the Inspectors concerned.

Note.—Before accepting the distribution of these scholarships among the Inspectors will meet separately.

All applications should reach the Inspectors concerned before the 25th July 1922. Applications received after the prescribed date will not be considered.



## GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIPS, 1932-33.

IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS AND PREPARATORY CLASSES OF SECONDARY SCHOOLS, 1932-33.

[Note.—The term "standard" includes "class".]

*Special for Magyapille in Elementary schools for boys.*

One hundred and fifty scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 1 each payable in the 4th standard and fifty of the monthly value of Rs. 14 each payable in the 5th standard will be awarded to local Magyapille pupils of promise in the Kandi and Waligama taluqs of Malabar to promote their studies for the next higher standard.

Twenty scholarships payable by Magyapille boys residing in standards 6, 7 and 8 are also awarded. The scholarships will be of the value of Rs. 1, 3 and 5 each a month when held in standards 6, 7 and 8 respectively.

The conditions of award are as follows:—

(1) The candidate shall previously have been a pupil at the time of commencement and be at least one year previously in a recognized school.

(2) The candidate shall prosecute his studies in a school recognized by the District Educational Officer or the Malabar Educational Department.

(3) The scholarships shall be awarded, as extended or enhanced, only to pupils of promise.

The scholarships will be sanctioned by the District Educational Officer, North and South Malabar districts.

## GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIPS, 1932-33.

IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS AND PREPARATORY CLASSES OF SECONDARY SCHOOLS, 1932-33.

[Note.—The term "standard" includes "class".]

*Special for Magyapille in Elementary schools for girls.*

Fifty scholarships, as noted below, will be awarded to Magyapille girls in the Elementary schools for girls under the control of the Inspector of Girls' Schools, V Circle.

Twenty scholarships of the monthly value of one rupee each in standard 4.

Twelve scholarships of the monthly value of one rupee and eight annas each in standard 5.

Three scholarships of the monthly value of two rupees each in standard 6.

Five scholarships of the monthly value of two rupees and eight annas each in standard 7.

Four scholarships of the monthly value of three rupees each in standard 8.

The conditions of award will be the same as those for the Magyapille scholarships in Elementary schools for boys.

All applications should reach the Inspector of Girls' Schools, V Circle, before the 30th July 1932. Applications submitted after the prescribed date will not be considered.

The scholarships will be sanctioned by the Inspector of Girls' Schools, V Circle.

## GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIPS, 1932-33.

IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS AND PREPARATORY CLASSES OF SECONDARY SCHOOLS, 1932-33.

[Note.—The term "standard" includes "class".]

*Special for Palayur and Kanneri control tracts in the Coimbatore district.*

Twenty-five scholarships, as noted below, will be awarded under G.O. No. 1623, Revenue, dated 1931

June 1930, to the children of the Velayur and Kanneri tribal tribes in the Coimbatore district:—

Five scholarships of the monthly value of eight annas each in the 1st standard.

Five scholarships of the monthly value of one rupee each in the 2nd standard.

Five scholarships of the monthly value of one rupee each in the 3rd standard.

Five scholarships of the monthly value of two rupees each in the 4th standard.

Five scholarships of the monthly value of two rupees each in the 5th standard.

These scholarships will be awarded by the District Educational Officer, Coimbatore and the Nilgiris.

B. LITTLEHAILER,

Director of Public Instruction

Madras, 27th June 1932.

## GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS

## TRAINED-SCHOOL LEAVING CERTIFICATES

## NOTES.

The following books are prescribed as text books in Telugu for the Secondary Grade course of 1932-33 and for the Elementary Grade of the Training-School Leaving Certificate Examination of 1934:—

## TELUGU

## ELEMENTARY GRADE.

## Detailed.

## Poetry:—

Mahabharata by Vatsyaya (any edition)  
Adi Parva, books I and II.

## Prose:—

Sharda Mastrali by Mahamahopadhyaya  
Madhyama Kagadanga Satya, Yama, Vraja,  
As. 15

## See detailed.

## Prose:—

Shardhamahatya, Part I, by John Tolmanna,  
Ganga School, Pithapuram, Price,  
As. 8.

## ELEMENTARY HIGHER GRADE

## Detailed.

## Poetry and Prose:—

Will be published by the Superintendent,  
Government Press, Mount Road, Madras,  
Mount Road, Madras.

## See detailed.

## Prose:—

(1) Parvata Vinayam by M. Subrahmanyan,  
A.A., L.A., University of Mysore, Price,  
As. 20

(2) Mahatma by P. Gopakrishnaiah (Rama  
& Co., Madras), Price, As. 12.

(3) Will be issued shortly.

## ELEMENTARY LOWER GRADE

## Detailed.

## Poetry and Prose:—

Will be published by the Superintendent,  
Government Press, Mount Road, Madras,  
Mount Road, Madras.

### Notified.

#### From—

- (1) **Mohandas Prasad Kachela** by K. Ch. Bhargava (B. Vaidyanathan & Co., Law Office, Madras), Tris. An. 6.  
 (2) **Kannan Pandora Sundaraman** by S. L. Srinivasan, Kalidasa Agasthian, Guntur, Tris. An. 14.  
 (3) **Shivarama Kallala** by Ch. S. Satya (Vaidya Rao & Co., Ellore), Tris. An. 8.

### GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS. NOVEMBER 1921

[ALL EXAMINATIONS UNDER THE GROUPS BELONGING CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING; PHARMACY; AGRICULTURE; LEADERSHIP; DENTISTRY, ETC.; PAIDWORK; BOOK BINDING; TYPING; AND OTHERS; TECHNICAL DRAWING AND DESIGN.]

#### Notice regarding permission to appear.

It is hereby notified that the following candidates for the Technical Examinations to be held in November next are not required to obtain the personal permission of the Commissioner to apply for admission to the examinations:—

I. (1) Candidates for the Lower grade examinations in subjects under the groups specified above who have studied up to the VIII standard of an Elementary School, or who have qualified for an Elementary School Leaving Certificate.

NOTE.—A certificate from the head of a College or High School required by various of general education or from an officer of the Educational Department not below the rank of Deputy Inspector of Schools, in proof of the general standard of education possessed by candidates should accompany the application in all cases.

(2) (a) Candidates for the Higher grade examinations who have qualified for a Secondary School Leaving Certificate or have passed the Matriculation Examination; those for the examination in Chemistry under the head 'Pharmacy' who have taken up Physics and Chemistry as 'O' group subjects for the Secondary School Leaving Certificate; Public Examinations to have passed an examination equivalent to it, in which the subjects of Physics and Chemistry are included.

(b) Candidates for the examinations in all the subjects under 'Pharmacy', except 'Prescribed Dispensing (for compounders)', who have undergone in addition the prescribed course of study in the Middle Medical College.

(c) Candidates for the examination in 'Prescribed Dispensing (for compounders)' who have undergone a course of training for one month at a major dispensary including that in 'First Aid'.

The Commissioner may accept any other examination which he considers equivalent or higher, in lieu of the general educational tests provided above for admission to the Higher and Lower grades.

II. The following persons shall also be eligible for admission to the Government Technical Examinations:—

(1) All persons who are certified by the head of a recognized technical school or college to have completed the prescribed course in the subject or subjects in which they appear;

(2) All employees under Government, Local Boards or Municipal Councils who are required to pass in any of the subjects included in the examinations;

(3) All other persons who are specially permitted by the Commissioner to appear.

III. (1) Candidates who appear and fail in a particular subject and grade may appear at future examinations in that subject and grade. Those who have passed in the Second Class in any subject and grade may come up to qualify for the First Class in that subject and grade on paying the full examination fee.

(2) Where the subject is one in which the examination is divided into stages—for example, Tailoring—candidates who have failed in one or two sections in the subject and grade may come up in that section or sections to paying the full examination fee that is provided for that particular grade they wish to apply.

IV. Candidates who do not possess the required general educational qualifications or have not been permitted by the Commissioner to appear, will be admitted to the Lower grade if they already appeared and failed in the Elementary or Intermediate grade and to the Higher grade, if they already appeared and failed in the Advanced grade, provided the subject is the same in each case.

Candidates who come under this category and who by reason of which wish to appear should state in their applications for admission to the examinations, the year in which they failed and the center at which they appeared in the said subject and grade.

No candidate can claim to reappear for the Higher grade by reason of his having passed the Elementary or Intermediate or Lower grade. In such cases, the previous permission of the Commissioner should be obtained.

2. All other candidates who do not come under any of the above heads should obtain the previous permission of the Commissioner to appear for the examinations and should accordingly submit their applications for admission on or before the 1st August next as in the schedule form, accompanying along with each application a certificate\* from the head of a College or High School occupied the purpose of general education or an Inspecting Officer of the Educational Department not below the rank of Deputy Inspector as respects their general education attainments and as to their age. \* This is a certificate from the head of a school or college, or from the head of a recognized technical school, to the effect that the candidate is of the age and has attained the standard of the grade for which they wish to appear. The application should be made and given in English (vide form below). No printed paper of the form is available.

\* The certificate should be submitted in original and will, under no circumstances, be returned.

#### Form of application for permission to appear for the Government Technical Examinations.

- Name of applicant.
- Description of position of applicant, or appointment held by him.
- Age.
- General education test passed, if any, with date last page of the Question Paper.
- Technical subjects (with grade) in which applicant failed, if any, with date last page of the Question Paper, and name of school, college, or institution.
- Technical subjects (with grade) for which permission is sought.

First Class  
Second Class  
Third Class  
Fourth Class  
Fifth Class  
Sixth Class  
Seventh Class  
Eighth Class  
Ninth Class  
Tenth Class  
Eleventh Class  
Twelfth Class  
Thirteenth Class  
Fourteenth Class  
Fifteenth Class  
Sixteenth Class  
Seventeenth Class  
Eighteenth Class  
Nineteenth Class  
Twentieth Class  
Twenty-first Class  
Twenty-second Class  
Twenty-third Class  
Twenty-fourth Class  
Twenty-fifth Class  
Twenty-sixth Class  
Twenty-seventh Class  
Twenty-eighth Class  
Twenty-ninth Class  
Thirtieth Class

a. Address in full (Postal address should be given).

Station \_\_\_\_\_  
Date \_\_\_\_\_ Signature of applicant.

(2) (Form of certificate to be signed by the head of a College or High School responsible for purpose of general education or an Inspector of the Educational Department not below the rank of Deputy Inspector.)

I hereby certify that the general education statement of the applicant \_\_\_\_\_  
is in accordance with the standard of the \_\_\_\_\_.

Station \_\_\_\_\_  
Date \_\_\_\_\_ Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
Designation (in full) \_\_\_\_\_

(3) (Form of certificate to be signed by a competent person, that is, by one who is professionally qualified or has made a special study of cultural subjects and is conversant by his knowledge and observation.)

I hereby certify that the knowledge possessed by the applicant of the technical subject specified in column 1 appears to be the standard of the skills for which permission is sought.

Station \_\_\_\_\_  
Date \_\_\_\_\_ Signature \_\_\_\_\_

(1) Designation (in full) \_\_\_\_\_  
(2) Technical subject (with grades) passed in which date the paper of the Council should be entered.

(Note—A notice inviting applications containing particulars in regard to subjects, entries, dates, etc., for the election of members to be held in June but not will be published separately in August 1933. Form should be received and applications forwarded to the examination authorities only after the publication of this notice. The last date for their submission is the 15th August 1933.)

(By order)

B. KRISHNA RAO BHOSLE,  
Secretary.

Office of the Officer for Court Examinations,  
Madras, 26th June 1933.

#### 1. SECONDARY SCHOOL LEAVING CERTIFICATE PUBLIC EXAMINATION, 1934—NOTICE.

##### Verifiable Text-Books in Press for Non-detailed study (Group A).

Publishers and authors who are desirous of having their books presented for the Secondary School Leaving Certificate Public Examination, 1934, should send their books (a request only) to the undersigned on or before the 1st September 1933 with a statement containing the following particulars—

1. Title of the book.
2. Date and page of the Part II of the course, mentioning that the book has been approved by the Madras Text Book Committee.
3. Price of the book.
4. Number of copies on hand.
5. Name of publisher.

4. Address of the firm at which copies can be had on payment.

\* 5. Whether the book was prescribed as a previous common, and if so, for which examination and in what year.

Station \_\_\_\_\_  
Date \_\_\_\_\_ Signature and address.

Publishers and authors whose books are presented will receive notification in due course.

\* If the particulars furnished are defective or incorrect, the book will not be considered.

(By order)

B. KRISHNA RAO BHOSLE,  
Secretary, Secondary School Leaving Certificate Board,  
Office of the Officer for Court Examinations,  
Madras, 26th June 1933.

#### UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

##### CONSTITUTION OF UNIVERSITY AUTHORITY.

RESOLUTION OF A RESOLUTION TO THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL BY THE TEACHERS OF THE TEACHERS' COLLEGE, MADRAS, A PROFESSIONAL COLLEGE OF THE UNIVERSITY, UNDER SECTION 22 (a), CLASS II (a), OF THE MADRAS UNIVERSITY ACT OF 1920, AS AMENDED IN 1925.

Whereas a vacancy has arisen in the Academic Council on account of Mr. V. R. Raghunatha Mudaliyar, M.A., LL.B., a member elected by the Teachers of the Teachers' College, Madras, having ceased to be a member of the staff of the college, the Principal, Teachers' College, Madras, is hereby requested to hold an election to fill up the vacancy and to report the result of the same on or before the 25th July 1933.

RESOLUTION OF A RESOLUTION TO THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL BY THE TEACHERS OF THE HINDU COLLEGE, TROVATTA, A PROFESSIONAL COLLEGE OF THE UNIVERSITY, UNDER SECTION 22 (a), CLASS II (a), OF THE MADRAS UNIVERSITY ACT OF 1920, AS AMENDED IN 1925.

Whereas a vacancy has arisen in the Academic Council on account of Mr. Alexander Uthappaiah, M.A., a member elected by the Teachers of the Hindu College, Trovatta, having become an official member of the Academic Council, the Principal, Hindu College, Trovatta, is hereby requested to hold an election to fill up the vacancy and to report the result of the election on or before the 25th July 1933.

RESOLUTION OF A RESOLUTION TO THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL BY THE TEACHERS OF THE MADRAS CHRISTIAN COLLEGE, MADRAS, AN HONORARY COLLEGE OF THE UNIVERSITY, UNDER SECTION 22 (a), CLASS II (a), OF THE MADRAS UNIVERSITY ACT OF 1920, AS AMENDED IN 1925.

Whereas a vacancy has arisen in the Academic Council by the resignation of the Rev. Gordon Matthews, M.A., LL.B., a member elected by the Teachers of the Madras Christian College, Madras, the Principal of the Madras Christian College, Madras, is hereby requested to hold an election to fill up the vacancy and to report the result of the election on or before the 25th July 1933.

(By order)

Srinivas Hennes, Madras,  
25th July 1933.

W. KOTIAN,  
Secretary.

## ANADIRA UNIVERSITY.

## NOTIFICATION.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES APPEARING FOR THE EXAMINATIONS TO BE HELD IN SEPTEMBER 1932.

Candidates for University Examinations are required to observe the following instructions very carefully—

1. Silence should be maintained in the examination room.

2. Candidates should take their places in the examination hall at least five minutes before the time fixed for distributing the papers. Candidates presenting themselves later than half an hour after the appointed time will not be admitted to the examination hall. Candidates who are undoubtedly suffering from infectious diseases of any kind will not be admitted.

Candidates should bring with them to the examination hall each copy of the examination their hall tickets for inspection by the Chief Superintendent.

3. Candidates are prohibited from writing upon their hall tickets or question papers. Candidates are also prohibited from writing their names on any part of their answer books, but their register number should be written very distinctly on the outer cover of each answer book. Failure to write their register number may involve the rejection of answer papers.

4. Candidates are not allowed to exceed the time assigned to a paper.

5. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination room till the expiry of at least half an hour after a question paper has been given out; and no candidate who leaves the room during the period allotted for a paper will be allowed to re-enter within that period.

6. Candidates are forbidden to aid or assist of any kind during the examination. They are further forbidden to communicate with the candidate; should they do so their answer will not be valued and their conduct will be reported to the Syndicate for disciplinary action.

7. Candidates are not allowed the use of books or any kind (except as provided in rule 8). They are also prohibited from introducing into the examination room any book or portion of a book, slate, blotting pad, card-board, manuscript, or paper of any description and from making use of any of these whether introduced into the room by themselves or by anyone else; from communicating with or copying from each other, and from communicating with any person outside the examination room. Any candidate detected in the violation of these rules will be summarily sent out of the room forthwith, and his conduct will be reported to the Registrar. Such a candidate stands the risk of having all his answer papers for the examination he which he has appeared rejected by the Syndicate and of being debarred from sitting for the University examinations for such period as the Syndicate may decide. The use of accounts at University examinations is not permitted except to students answering papers in Mathematics. The use of mathematical instruments while answering papers in Mathematics and in the Physical Sciences will be allowed. Such instruments will not be supplied by the University.

8. Clarke's Mathematical and Physical Tables will be supplied to candidates in Mathematics,

Physics, Chemistry and Geography at the Intermediate and B.A. and B.Sc. Degree examinations.

9. Candidates should, if required, submit their laboratory note-books to the examiners concerned on the first day of the practical examinations in group (B-A) Physics and Chemistry and group (B-B) Physics at the B.A. Degree Examination (B-A) Inorganic and Chemistry (Inorganic) of the B.Sc. Degree examination. Candidates must submit their laboratory note-books in B.A. group (B-B) Chemistry and Physics (Inorganic and Chemistry) and Chemistry (Inorganic) of the B.Sc. Degree examination to the examiners at the practical examinations. Each of the candidates taking Botany as the main subject for B.A. or B.Sc. Degree examinations must submit at the practical examination his laboratory note-book and a collection of the named plants collected and preserved by himself. Candidates for B.Sc. Botany (Inorganic) should also submit their records of field work. The candidates should get back the laboratory note-books at the close of the examination.

10. Candidates are required to provide themselves with their own pens. Candidates may bring into the examination hall their own ink bottles. They must, however, use only black ink while answering their question papers.

11. Particular attention is required to the instructions regarding rough working, and loose sheets of paper placed on the answer books. All rough working must be shown on the left hand page of the answer books themselves. No separate books for rough working will be supplied to candidates. Papers used must be discarded from the answer books of candidates. If the ordinary answer books are found insufficient, additional books will be allowed and these should be securely fastened to the answer books.

12. When candidates have finished writing their answers, and wish to give up their answer books, or at the end of the period permitted for each particular part of the examination, each should stand up in his place and remain standing until one of the superintendents has gone up to him and has received his answer book from him.

13. Candidates sitting for the examinations at the different centres should apply to the Chief Superintendent of the respective centre for their hall tickets.

14. No college student will be allowed to admit a visitor for his examination other than that in which the college he studies is situated, except for satisfactory reasons and on the recommendation of the Principal of his college.

15. A candidate who has obtained his degree of study in an affiliated college but appears for the examination at a second or a subsequent time, having failed previously, should also admit the same visitor in which the college he studied is situated, except under extraordinary circumstances.

16. Candidates appearing at centres where they are not known must be prepared to show to the Chief Superintendent of each centre as to their identity. They must also be prepared to place their signatures upon the identification certificate produced by them before the Chief Superintendent of the respective centre. The officer from whom the identity certificate is produced should be the Principal of a college or a Government officer of a rank not less than that of a Sub-Magistrate.



## TIME-TABLES.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN ARTS AND  
SCIENCE, SEPTEMBER 1912.

## PART I—ENGLISH.

Days and hours.	Subjects.
Monday, 17th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Essay. Poetry.
Tuesday, 18th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Composition.

## PART II—A—SECOND LANGUAGE.

Wednesday, 19th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Translation from classical languages of composition and translation into Modern Language.
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## PART III—GENERAL CHOICE.

Thursday, 20th September— 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. ..	Mathematics—First paper. Geometry—Second paper. Algebra—Third paper. Calculus—Fourth paper. Statistics—Fifth paper.
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Friday, 21st September— 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. ..	Physics—First paper. Chemistry—Second paper. Botany—Third paper. Zoology—Fourth paper. Astronomy—Fifth paper.
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Saturday, 22nd September— 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. ..	Geography—First paper. History—Second paper. Political Science—Third paper. Economics—Fourth paper. Law—Fifth paper.
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Sunday, 23rd September— 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. ..	English—First paper. Indian History—Second paper. Indian Literature—Third paper. Indian Art—Fourth paper. Indian Music—Fifth paper.
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Monday, 24th September— 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. ..	Logic—First paper. Metaphysics—Second paper. Ethics—Third paper. Political Science—Fourth paper. Economics—Fifth paper.
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Tuesday, 25th September— 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. ..	Logic—First paper. Metaphysics—Second paper. Ethics—Third paper. Political Science—Fourth paper. Economics—Fifth paper.
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Wednesday, 26th September— 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. ..	Logic—First paper. Metaphysics—Second paper. Ethics—Third paper. Political Science—Fourth paper. Economics—Fifth paper.
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Thursday, 27th September— 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. ..	Logic—First paper. Metaphysics—Second paper. Ethics—Third paper. Political Science—Fourth paper. Economics—Fifth paper.
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B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, SEPTEMBER  
1912 (NEW REGULATIONS).

## PART I—SECOND LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

Days and hours.	Subjects.
Monday, 27th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Composition. Modern Poetry.
Tuesday, 28th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Shakespeare. Modern Prose.

## PART II—A—SECOND LANGUAGE.

Wednesday, 29th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	First paper. Second paper.
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## PART III—GENERAL CHOICE.

## (i) Mathematics.

Thursday, 30th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Algebra and Trigonometry. Geometry.
Friday, 1st October— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Calculus. Statistics.
Saturday, 2nd October— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Calculus. Statistics and Probability.

## (ii) Philosophy.

Sunday, 3rd October— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Logic and Theory of Knowledge. Ethics.
Monday, 4th October— 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. ..	European Philosophy. Indian Philosophy.
Tuesday, 5th October— 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. ..	Psychology I. Psychology II.

## (iii) History and Economics (History Main).

Wednesday, 6th October— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Political Science. Indian History—Special paper.
Thursday, 7th October— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Constitutional History of India—Special paper. Outline of European History.
Friday, 8th October— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Economics—General.

## (iv) History and Economics (Economics Main).

Saturday, 9th October— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Modern History. Economics.
Sunday, 10th October— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Economics—Special—Cash and Carry. Economics—Special—Fixed Exchange.
Monday, 11th October— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Economics—General. Economics—Special—Fixed Exchange.

## (v) Languages including English.

## (i) Sanskrit and Early Indian History.

Tuesday, 12th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Books of Early Period. Books of the Later Period I.
Wednesday, 13th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Books of the Later Period II. Grammar.
Thursday, 14th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	History of Southern India. Early Indian History.

Days and hours.	Subjects.
1932	
(v) (5) Telugu and Related Subject or Sanskrit.	
Thursday, 14th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Set Books and History of Literature I.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Set Books and History of Literature II.
Friday, 15th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	History of Language and Grammar.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Composition—Grammar—Dissertation.
Saturday, 17th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Composition.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Early South Indian History or Sanskrit.

(v) (7) English

Thursday, 15th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Drama.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Poetry.
Friday, 16th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Prose.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	History of English Literature and Analysis of Literary Periods.
Saturday, 17th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	History of English Language and Literature (a) French of Anglo-Saxon to (d) Set Books from Grammar.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	General Essay.

PART I—ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

Monday, 12th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Composition.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Sixteenth Century Prose.
Tuesday, 13th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Shakespeare.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Seventeenth and Eighteenth Century Prose.
Wednesday, 14th September—	
10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.	Modern Poetry.

PART II—GENERAL GROUP.

(i) Mathematics.

Thursday, 15th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Algebra and Trigonometry.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Geometry.
Friday, 16th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Pure and Applied Geometry.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Dynamics.
Saturday, 17th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Calculus.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Hydrostatics and Properties of Matter.

\* (i-A) Physical Science.

Thursday, 15th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Heat and Sound.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Light and Electricity.
Friday, 16th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Dynamics.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Chemistry.
Saturday, 17th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Hydrostatics and Properties of Matter.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Chemistry of Carbon Compounds.

\* (i-B) Physical Science.

Saturday, 17th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	General Chemistry.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Inorganic Chemistry.
Monday, 19th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Physics.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Chemistry of Carbon Compounds.

\* (ii) Natural Science.

Thursday, 15th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Man Subject (Written) I.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Man Subject (Written) II.
Friday, 16th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Subsidiary Subject (Written) I.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Subsidiary Subject (Written) II.

Days and hours.	Subjects.
1932	

(vi) Psychology, Ethics and Logic or a Language.

Thursday, 15th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Logic and Theory of Knowledge or a Language.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Special Subject.
Friday, 16th September—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Psychology I.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Psychology II.
Saturday, 17th September—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Ethics I.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Ethics II.

(v) History and Economics (History Main).

Thursday, 15th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Physical Science.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Indian History—Special Period.
Friday, 16th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Constitutional History of India—British period.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Customs of European History.
Saturday, 17th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Commerce—General.

(vi) History and Economics (Economics Main).

Thursday, 15th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Modern History.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Economics.
Friday, 16th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Economics Special—Banking and Currency.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Economics Special—Social Economics.
Saturday, 17th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Economics—General.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Economics Special—Public Finance.

(vii) Languages including English.

(i) Sanskrit and Early Indian History.

Thursday, 15th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Stories of Early Period.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Stories of the Later Period I.
Friday, 16th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Stories of the Later Period II.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Dharma.
Saturday, 17th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	History of Sanskrit Literature.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Early Indian History.

(vii) (ii) Telugu and Related Subject or Sanskrit.

Thursday, 15th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Set Books and History of Literature I.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Set Books and History of Literature II.
Friday, 16th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	History of Language and Grammar.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Composition—Grammar—Dissertation.
Saturday, 17th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Composition.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Early South Indian History or Sanskrit.

(vii) (iii) English

Thursday, 15th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Drama.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Poetry.
Friday, 16th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Prose.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	History of English Literature and Analysis of Literary Periods.
Saturday, 17th September—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	History of English Language and Literature (a) French of Anglo-Saxon to (d) Set Books from Grammar.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	General Essay.

\* The dates of Examinations are subject to republishing later.

R.A. (BRITISH) OFFICE EXAMINATION.  
SEPTEMBER 1935.

## PART I—Preliminary.

Days and hours.	Subjects.
Monday, 17th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	English Composition.
1 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Translation.
Tuesday, 18th September— 1 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Early Greek Letter History.

## R.A. SOURCE EXAMINATION, SEPTEMBER 1935.

## PART I—English.

Monday, 17th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Composition.
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## PART II—Classical Sources.

## Mathematics (Main).

Tuesday, 18th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Algebra and Trigonometry.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Pure Geometry.
Wednesday, 19th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Analytical Geometry.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Calculus.
Thursday, 20th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Statics and Dynamics.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Hydrostatics and Aerostatics.

## \* Physics (Main).

Tuesday, 18th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Dynamics and Hydrostatics.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Properties of Matter and Heat.
Wednesday, 19th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Light and Sound.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Electricity and Magnetism.

## \* Chemistry (Main).

Monday, 17th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	General Chemistry, including History of Chemistry.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Inorganic Chemistry.
Tuesday, 18th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Physical Chemistry.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Organic Chemistry.

## \* Botany (Main).

Tuesday, 18th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Botany—First paper.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Botany—Second paper.
Wednesday, 19th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Botany—Third paper.

## Mathematics (Subsidiary).

Thursday, 20th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Algebra, Trigonometry and Analytical Geometry.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Calculus and Differential Equations.

## \* Physics or Zoology (Subsidiary).

Friday, 21st September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Physics (Physics).
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Zoology—Invertebrates.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Zoology—Vertebrates.

## \* Chemistry (Subsidiary).

Saturday, 22nd September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Chemistry (General).
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EXTRACTS FROM THE LATEST ALPHABETIC PRAYERS A  
COUNT FOR PART B. REGULATIONS FOR  
CHAPTER XXXI, SEPTEMBER 1935.

Wednesday, 24th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	7 (English) English, Text books and Applied Geom- etry.
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\* Dates and hours of the Practical Examination will  
be notified later.

\* Consistent with the First Paper in English under  
Part II of the Intermediate Examination.

## Days and hours.

## Subjects.

1935.		
Thursday, 19th September— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	English	Language—First
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Maths	Language—Second

\* Consistent with the First Paper in English under  
Part II of the Intermediate Examination.

(By order)

C. D. S. GUNTHY,  
Registrar.University Office, Welles,  
19th June 1935.MADRAS SERVICES COMMISSION  
NOTIFICATION

The name of Mr. Joseph Sabar, No. 4 under  
"Indian Christians" in the list, dated 15th Decem-  
ber 1931, of persons selected by the Madras Services  
Commission for appointment as Junior Inspector of  
Co-operative Societies in the Madras, Coimbatore,  
Cuddalore, Malabar, Coorg, South Arcot and  
Tanjore districts, is removed from that list.

The name of Mr. Mohammed Abdul Gafar in  
the list, dated 15th December 1931, of persons  
selected by the Madras Services Commission for  
appointment as Junior Inspector of Co-operative  
Societies in the North Arcot, Madras and Coimbatore  
districts, is removed from that list.

Office of the Madras Services Commission,  
Government P.O., Madras, 19th July 1935.

A revised list showing endorsement to the existing  
list of persons, of the candidates selected by the  
Madras Services Commission in 1935 for appointment  
as Sub-Inspectors of Taxes.

WALLAH SUBDIVISION,  
NEW BRITAIN (HINDU).

1. K. K. Venkateswara Rao.
2. E. Venkateswara Rao.
3. C. V. Srinivasachari Petalati.
4. V. Venkateswara Rao.

## MADRAS SERVICES COMMISSION.

1. H. Venkateswara Rao.
2. H. Venkateswara Rao.

## MADRAS SERVICES COMMISSION.

1. T. Venkateswara Rao.
2. K. Venkateswara Rao.

## MADRAS SERVICES COMMISSION.

1. M. Venkateswara Rao.

Other names in the list are as follows (referred to above).

## MADRAS SERVICES COMMISSION.

1. M. Venkateswara Rao.

1. M. Venkateswara Rao.

1. M. Venkateswara Rao.

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1. M. Venkateswara Rao.

1. M. Venkateswara Rao.

1. M. Venkateswara Rao.

**Other examination (including depressed classes).**

16. D. Jayaraman.  
**REGULAT. SUPERVISOR.**  
 Non-BRANCHES (HINDU).

17. N. Appala.  
 18. C. Venkateswara.  
 19. P. Krishnamurthy.

**MURUMBARAS.**  
 20. K. H. Rahman.  
**ISLAM CHRISTIAN.**

21. Y. Shesh Reddi.  
**BRAMHINS.**

22. D. V. L. Narayana Rao.

**Other examination (including depressed classes).**

**REG.**  
**ARABY SUPERVISORS.**  
 Non-BRANCHES (HINDU).

23. M. Govindappa Pillai.  
 24. K. Rama Rao Shastri.  
 25. K. Ramaswami Achari.

**MURUMBARAS.**  
 26. Syed Abdul Aziz.  
 27. Ghulam Muhammad Gafdar.

**ISLAM CHRISTIAN.**  
 28. C. J. Paul.

**BRAMHINS.**  
 29. P. Srinivasachari.

**Other examination (including depressed classes).**

**REG.**  
**WEST COAST SUPERVISORS.**  
 Non-BRANCHES (HINDU).

30. T. P. Bhaskaran.  
 31. P. Gopalan.

**MURUMBARAS.**  
 32. M. T. P. Mohommad.

**ISLAM CHRISTIAN.**  
 33. K. Perumal.  
 34. M. A. Taha.

**BRAMHINS.**  
 35. E. Kandasami.

**Other examination (including depressed classes).**

**REG.**  
**TINNEVELLI SUPERVISORS.**  
 Non-BRANCHES (HINDU).

36. S. Sengumalai Naidu.  
 37. S. Athanathan.

**MURUMBARAS.**  
 38. Hasan Sheriff.

**ISLAM CHRISTIAN.**  
 39. D. Chellayya.

**BRAMHINS.**  
 40. N. Arincheselam.

**Other examination (including depressed classes).**

**REG.**  
**C. P. KANUNAKARA NENON.**  
*Sunday.*

Office of the Medical Service Commission,  
 Dnyanesh P.O., Madras, 2nd July 1935.

**EXAMINATIONS—JULY 1935.**

Time table relating to the Vernacular examinations at local centres in July 1935.

**CESTRATOR CENTRE.**

To be conducted by the Controller of Exams.

**Written Test.**

24th July 1935.

Time.	Subjects.
10 a.m. to 12 noon	Translation into Vernacular—Lower Standard for Assistant Collector (1934).
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Translation into English—Lower Standard for Assistant Collector (1934).

**Oral Test.**

24th July 1935.

At 12 a.m. ... Lower Standard Examination of Assistant Collector (1934).

**Written Test.**

24th July 1935.

10 a.m. to 12 noon ... Translation into Vernacular—English Officer's and English Inspector's test.

**Oral Test.**

24th July 1935.

At 12 noon ... English Officer's and English Inspector's test (1934).

**WALAHIA CENTRE.**

To be conducted by the Controller of Exams.

**Written Test.**

24th July 1935.

Time.	Subjects.
10 a.m. to 12 noon	Translation into Vernacular—Lower Standard for Police Officer (1934).
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Translation into English—Lower Standard for Police Officer (1934).

**Oral Test.**

24th July 1935.

At 12 a.m. ... Lower Standard Examination for Police Officer (1934).

**COCHIN CENTRE.**

To be conducted at the Controller of Exams.

**Written Test.**

24th July 1935.

Time.	Subjects.
10 a.m. to 12 noon	Translation into Vernacular—English Officer's and English Inspector's test.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Translation into English—English Officer's and English Inspector's test (1934).

**Oral Test.**

24th July 1935.

At 12 a.m. ... Test on the test for the 1st Officer (1934).

At 12 noon ... English Officer's and English Inspector's test (1934).

At 2 p.m. and 4 p.m. ... English Officer's test (1934).

**WILLABET CENTRE.**

To be conducted at the Controller of Exams.

**Written Test.**

24th July 1935.

Time.	Subjects.
10 a.m. to 12 noon	Translation into Vernacular—English Officer's and English Inspector's test.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Translation into English—English Officer's and English Inspector's test (1934).

**Oral Test.**

24th July 1935.

## Oral Test.

26th July 1932.

- Mean. Subjects.
- 24.10 noon. { Sub-Judge and District Magistrate's test (Telugu and Kannada).  
Sub-Commissioner and District Magistrate's test (Telugu and Kannada).
- 24.5 p.m. and at 11 a.m. on the following day, if necessary.

## COLLECTOR'S CENTRE.

To sit candidates at the Collector's Office, Bangalore.

## Written Test.

26th July 1932.

- 25 a.m. to 12 noon. { Translation into Telugu—English Officer and District Magistrate's test.  
Translation into Telugu—District Magistrate and District Magistrate's test.  
Translation into Telugu—District Magistrate's test.

## Oral Test.

26th July 1932.

- 21 noon. { Sub-Judge and District Magistrate's test (Telugu).  
District Officer and District Magistrate's test (Telugu, Telugu and Kannada).
- 21.5 p.m. and at 11 a.m. on the following day, if necessary.

## MADRAS CENTRE.

To sit candidates at the Collector's Office, Bangalore.

## Written Test.

26th July 1932.

- 10 a.m. to 12 noon. { Translation into Telugu—English Officer and District Magistrate's test.  
Translation into Telugu—District Magistrate's test.

## Oral Test.

26th July 1932.

- 21.10 noon. { Deputy Collector's test (Telugu).  
District Officer and District Magistrate's test (Telugu, Telugu and Kannada).

P.S.—Candidates who had themselves made to be present for the examination are requested to give the type of notice of their intention to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Changan, Madras.

Time-table relating to the examinations in Tamil, Telugu, Kannada, Malayalam and Hindustani of Assistant Collectors, etc., and other unrepresented officers to be held at the top story on the western block of the Revenue Board's Buildings, Changan, Madras.

## Written test.

26th July 1932.

- Subject and hour. Subjects and hour.
- 10 a.m. to 12 noon. Translation into Telugu—English Officer and District Magistrate's test (Telugu and Kannada).  
Deputy Collector's test (Telugu).
- 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Translation into English—English Officer and District Magistrate's test (Telugu and Kannada).  
Deputy Collector's test (Telugu).

## Written test.

## Oral test.

26th July 1932.

- Subject and hour. Subject and hour.
- 10 a.m. to 12 noon. Translation into Telugu—English Officer and District Magistrate's test (Telugu and Kannada).  
Deputy Collector's test (Telugu).
- 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Translation into English—English Officer and District Magistrate's test (Telugu and Kannada).  
Deputy Collector's test (Telugu).

26th July 1932.

- Subject and hour. Subject and hour.
- 10 a.m. to 12 noon. Translation into Telugu—English Officer and District Magistrate's test (Telugu and Kannada).  
Deputy Collector's test (Telugu).
- 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Translation into English—English Officer and District Magistrate's test (Telugu and Kannada).  
Deputy Collector's test (Telugu).

26th July 1932.

- 10 a.m. to 12 noon. Translation into Telugu—English Officer and District Magistrate's test (Telugu and Kannada).  
Deputy Collector's test (Telugu).
- 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Translation into English—English Officer and District Magistrate's test (Telugu and Kannada).  
Deputy Collector's test (Telugu).

Time-table for the half-yearly examinations of Assistant Collectors, Indian and Forest Officers and Hyderabad Police Officers in Law and Vernacular and for the Departmental test for Forest establishment to be held on the 26th July 1932 and following days.

Form.—(1) Candidates should present themselves at the first day of the examination at the house and place of establishment specified and on subsequent days at the house at which they are required to attend. For any further information regarding the examination they should apply to the Superintendent of their examination.



their own arrangements for housing and lodging outside the college compound.

III. M. discrepancies are found as farther  
proceeding with reference to Native district, esp. III.  
in the case of any students they will be sent out  
of the school.

IV. Incomplete intermediates will not be allowed to sit for any manuscript after they join in the referee.

Bos Taurus.		HB = Bos-Boschman Hybrid.	
K = Kani-Boschman.		H = Anglo-Boschman.	
Q = Quak.		Q = Quak.	
Serial number.	Region name and name of station.	Cows.	Station Area.
1	MI N. Malsipuri ..	0	Gajpur.
2	115, Chhargreya ..	0	Do.
3	116, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	0	Tamrapani.
4	117, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	0	Ward G. Rao.
5	91, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
6	118, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
7	119, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
8	120, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
9	121, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
10	122, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
11	123, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
12	124, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
13	125, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
14	126, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
15	127, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
16	128, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
17	129, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
18	130, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
19	131, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
20	132, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
21	133, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
22	134, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
23	135, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
24	136, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
25	137, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
26	138, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
27	139, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
28	140, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
29	141, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
30	142, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
31	143, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
32	144, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
33	145, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
34	146, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
35	147, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
36	148, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
37	149, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
38	150, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
39	151, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
40	152, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
41	153, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
42	154, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
43	155, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
44	156, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
45	157, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
46	158, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
47	159, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
48	160, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
49	161, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
50	162, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
51	163, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
52	164, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
53	165, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
54	166, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
55	167, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
56	168, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
57	169, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
58	170, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
59	171, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
60	172, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
61	173, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
62	174, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
63	175, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
64	176, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
65	177, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
66	178, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
67	179, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
68	180, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
69	181, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
70	182, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
71	183, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
72	184, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
73	185, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
74	186, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
75	187, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
76	188, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
77	189, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
78	190, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.
79	191, N. S. Sompura Rao ..	100	Do.

	Register number and name of member	Co. Co.	Station number
66	A. M. And Sullivan	C	Madison
67	W. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
68	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
69	W. S. Armstrong	NH	Do.
70	L. S. Armstrong	S	Do.
71	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
72	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
73	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
74	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
75	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
76	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
77	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
78	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
79	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
80	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
81	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
82	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
83	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
84	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
85	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
86	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
87	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
88	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
89	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
90	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
91	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
92	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
93	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
94	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
95	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
96	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
97	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
98	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
99	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.
100	L. S. Armstrong	O	Do.

\* Subject to verification of Optional.  
† Subject to verification of a/c/c/c.  
‡ Subject to verification of a/c/c/c/c.  
§ Subject to the same conditions.

G. NAQARATSKAYA,  
*Priluch*

## 6078 • J. Neurosci., August 19, 2009 • 29(33):6072–6080

Under article 14 of the Code of Regulations for European Scholars, the Inspector of European Schools, Moscow, in his Memorandum R.O.D. No 182 of 1932, dated 28th June 1932, mentions High School Scholarships to the undermentioned pupils, possibly in Stawodsk VIII in the intermission noted against their names for nine months from 1st April to 31st December 1932:—

Partial number, name of pupil and school in which teaching.

## BOTH SCHEDULES TOTAL

1. Loyer, Robert Mervin, <i>Harvard, Calculations</i> ..	28
2. Zimny, Rudolf Karel, <i>St. John's, Ottawa, Ojibwa</i> ..	15

第201期 2015年11月15日 星期一

1. Douglas, Alexander, Anding, Douglas-Carrick	22
2. Hendrick, G. H., Anding, Anding	22
3. Smith, William, Anding, Anding	22
4. Smith, Mark, Anding, Anding High School, Tappan	22
5. Smith, William, Anding, Anding	22
6. Smith, William, Anding, Anding	22
7. Smith, William, Anding, Anding	22
8. Smith, William, Anding, Anding	22
9. Smith, William, Anding, Anding	22
10. Smith, William, Anding, Anding	22

3 The scholarships are divisible to the sum "11-22. (f) Education General-Scholarships-Europeans-Voted-Scholarships" in the budget estimate for 1925-26. Thus and the number of

date of this memorandum requesting the scholar-ship should be written on all scholarship bills presented for payment.

5. These scholarships will be awarded for 1933, on the recommendation of the Headmaster provided that the progress and conduct of the scholars are satisfactory. Applications for such renewals should be made at the beginning of the semester 1933.

6. Return of expenditure on scholarships should be submitted to this office not later than the 15th instant in each month.

7. Headmasters of schools may grant leave without deduction or loss of scholarship for a period not exceeding one month to scholars who are absent in consequence of severe illness, but if the leave exceeds the period of scholarship it is to be granted for the entire period. They may also grant casual leave without deduction or loss of scholarship for good and sufficient reasons for a period not exceeding fifteen days in a year, provided such leave does not immediately precede or succeed holidays. Any other leave must be granted as leave with loss of scholarship. If a scholar absents himself without good reason on the re-opening day after the vacation of the school, the scholarship for the vacation is liable to be withheld. Such case must be submitted for the orders of the sanctioning authority.

8. No scholar holding one of these scholarships shall be permitted to hold any other scholarship provided wholly or partly by Government without the special sanction of the sanctioning authority. Such sanction will be awarded only for very exceptional cases.

9. All scholarships awarded under the above rules are liable to forfeiture for ill-conduct, misconduct, truancy or absence or failure to make due progress or to secure needed promotion.

10. A scholarship held in any class shall run from the beginning of the month in which the scholar joins the class and shall not continue to be drawn after the scholar ceases to attend it.

11. Scholarships are payable monthly on the completion of the month. They should be drawn in the prescribed bill forms which need not be counter-signed.

12. All scholarships for one school (primary or award high or middle) should be drawn monthly, at the beginning of the following month not later than the 10th and in one bill.

13. Registers and applications rolls for scholars are to be maintained as prescribed in appendices II and IV of the Code of Regulations for European schools.

R. F. BUNDEE,

*Acting Secretary of European Schools.*

Madras, 27th June 1933.

#### EX-STUDENT OF THE GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOL, TENNEVELY.

The whereabouts of the following ex-student of the Government Training School, Tennevely, are not known: Manganth, grandson of local head, chairman of municipal council, head of all institutions, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Sub-Assistant Registrar of Births, Deaths and other offices under whom the ex-student may be employed are requested to be good enough to inform him the address to the Headmaster, Government Training School, Tennevely, so as to enable him to take necessary action.

Name is full—Y. KESAVAR DETHANAGAN, native village, Natch and district—Siddagangam, Sivakumaran taluk, Tennevely district; age—about 25 years, caste—Jaffna Christian; place where last employed—Teacher, Alagappa C.M.S. School, Tennevely district; identification mark—(1) a black mole on the right side of the neck and (2) a black mole above the outer third of the right outer knee.

S. V. RAJALI,  
*Headmaster.*

Government Training School, Tennevely,  
27th June 1933.

#### MADRAS UNIVERSITY STUDENTS INFORMATION BUREAU.

President: The Vice-Chancellor of the University of Madras (Madras).

Vice-President: The Director of Public Instruction (Madras), Secretary: Mr. V. K. Ayyappa Pillai, Professor of English, The Presidency College, Madras.

The main functions of the Bureau are—

(1) To furnish information and advice to Indians proceeding to England and other foreign countries for further studies.

(2) To stimulate in India to colleges and other institutions the educational, financial and social information, collected by the Bureau in England.

(3) To communicate with the Central Bureau as to all students before they start, or on behalf of their parents while they are in England.

Students of the Madras Presidency and of Madras District whose colleges are affiliated to the Madras University, who may require going to England and other countries and for admission and friends of those who are going or are already gone, are requested to correspond with Mr. V. K. Ayyappa Pillai, Secretary to the Madras Bureau, Presidency College, Madras, from whom all necessary information can be obtained.

Letters from Madras students to the Educational Adviser in London, or to other Educational authorities in Great Britain are forwarded to the Madras Secretary for disposal and must delay will therefore be saved by direct correspondence with the latter.

There is a Library attached to the Secretary's office, Presidency College, Madras, consisting of the prospectuses, syllabuses and catalogues of the various educational institutions and Universities in Great Britain, America and other countries and students and other enquirers will be allowed the use of the Library on all week days except Saturdays and holidays between 11 a.m. and 4 p.m.

V. K. AYYAPPA PILLAI,  
*Secretary.*

#### NOTIFICATION.

The District Educational Officer, Kizhazh, hereby notifies that the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, has, in his Proceedings D.C. No. 478-B of 1931, dated 26th April 1931, ordered that the Training School Leaving Certificate No. 11718 of the Secondary Grade of Nayakudu Venkata Mangalathu be suspended for a period of five years from 1st April 1932, as seven unauthorised scholars were made therein.

J. VENKATA SUBBA RAO,  
*District Educational Officer,*  
Kanniyapuram, 23rd June 1932.



## VACANCIES.

Applicants are invited from persons holding Physical Training Instructor's certificate for the post of Physical Training Instructor, Government Mohammedan Training School, Madras. Preference will be given to candidates conversant with Urdu. The applicants should submit the following particulars and should reach this office on or before the 15th July 1932—

(1) Name in full, (2) date and religion, (3) date of birth, (4) general and professional qualifications and the language known and (5) previous service as a physical training instructor.

ABDUL KASIM,  
District Educational Officer.

Madras, 30th June 1932.

Applicants from duly qualified candidates are invited for the post of Physical Training Instructor in Government Training School, Changan, Coimbatore District.

2. Candidates should state clearly their date of birth, general and professional educational qualifications, date and languages in which they appeared for the Secondary School Leaving Certificate Examination and should also state whether or not they are eligible for admission to the University course of study and whether or not they have passed the Secondary Grade Training and Manual Training. Copies of all certificates should be submitted along with the applications.

3. The applications should reach this office on or before the 15th July 1932.

SIVARAM BATH,  
District Educational Officer, Coimbatore.

Coimbatore, 30th June 1932.



SUPPLEMENT TO PART I-B.

# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 27]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 2, 1935.

[PART, 1 cont.,

## GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

### GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS, APRIL AND MAY 1935.

The following candidates are declared to have passed the Government Technical Examinations held in April and May 1935 in the subjects under which their names appear:—

(A notice will be published in Part I-B of the Fort St. George Gazette, in the month of August, stating when and in what application should be made for certificates.)

[N.B.—Applications from unsuccessful candidates asking for information as to the cause of failure or for a re-valuation of their answer papers will not be attended to.]

E = English. NE = Non-Examination. H = Indian Certificate. F = Indian. AI = Anglo-Indian. AD = Anglo-Dravidian.

Register number and name of candidate. Class of examination. Place of examination.

### BOOK-KEEPING (LOWER GRADE).

#### First Class.

1644 S. Ramaswami Sankar .. E .. Tiruppur.

#### Second Class.

19 Rajalingam Velupillai Ponn.	NE	Tiruppur.
20 Rajalingam Velupillai Ponn.	E	Tiruppur.
71 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
72 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
73 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	NE	Do.
74 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
80 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	NE	Do.
81 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
82 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	NE	Do.
83 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
84 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	NE	Do.
85 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
86 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	NE	Do.
87 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
88 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	NE	Do.
89 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
90 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	NE	Do.
91 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
92 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	NE	Do.
93 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
94 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	NE	Do.
95 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
96 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	NE	Do.
97 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
98 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	NE	Do.
99 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
100 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	NE	Do.

B-500-1

Register number and name of candidate. Class of examination. Place of examination.

### BOOK-KEEPING (LOWER GRADE)—cont.

#### Second Class—cont.

101 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Tiruppur.
102 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
103 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
104 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
105 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
106 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
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134 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
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142 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
143 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
144 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
145 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
146 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
147 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
148 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
149 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.
150 Panthulu Panthulu Panthulu	E	Do.















GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL  
EXAMINATIONS, APRIL 1932

The following candidates are declared to have passed the Government Technical Examinations held at April 1932 in the subject under which their names appear:—

(A note will be published in Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, in the month of August, stating when and to whom expenses should be made for candidates.)

[N.B.—Applicants from unsuccessful candidates asking for information as to the cause of failure or for a re-examination of their answer papers will get it satisfied to.]

B = British, NI = Non-British India,  
AI = Anglo-Indian.

Register number and name of candidate.	Class of examination.	Pass of examination.
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MIDDLE AND HIGHER GRADE.

Second Class.

43 T. S. Venkatesan	B	Vijayawada.
116 Purna Purna Rajagopal	B	Do.
116a K. S. Venkatesan	B	Krishnaiah.
116b K. S. Venkatesan	B	Tangut.
116c K. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Class of examination.	Pass of examination.
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(MIDDLE AND HIGHER GRADE)—cont.

Second Class—cont.

112 P. S. Venkatesan	B	Tangut.
112a P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112b P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112c P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112d P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112e P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112f P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112g P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112h P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112i P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112j P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112k P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112l P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112m P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112n P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112o P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112p P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112q P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112r P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112s P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112t P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112u P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112v P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112w P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112x P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112y P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.
112z P. S. Venkatesan	B	Do.

(By order)

E. KRISHNA RAO DIRECTOR,  
Secretary.

Office of the Director, the Govt. Examinations,  
Madras, 27th June 1933.

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

SUPPLEMENTAL LIST OF HOLDERS OF EUROPEAN SCHOOL-LEAVING CERTIFICATES WHO COMPLETED THEIR CERTIFICATES IN DECEMBER 1931 AND ARE DECLARED ELIGIBLE FOR ADMISSION TO COURSES OF STUDY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS DURING THE YEAR 1932-33 AND SUCCEEDING YEARS

(N.B.)—See Part I.

Register number.	Name of pupil.	Name of school or institution.	Date of birth.	Language taken.
ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE, COOGELOO.				
116	Francis, William Henry	St. Joseph's College	2nd November 1915	English.
GOVERNMENT PROTESTANT BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL, VENTN.				
116	Paul, Henry (P.N.)	St. Joseph's College	10th February 1915	Latin.

(By order)

Reside House, Madras,  
28th June 1933.

W. McLEAN,  
Registrar.



# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

Published by Authority.

No. 27]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 8, 1932.

[PRICE, 4 annas.

## Part II.—Miscellaneous Notifications.

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Registration, Judicial, Revenue, Forest, Public Works and Criminal .. .. .	111-112	Vacancies .. .. .	113
Revenue .. .. .	112	Public Works .. .. .	114
General .. .. .	112		
Judicial .. .. .	112		
Revenue .. .. .	112		
Public Works .. .. .	112		
Military .. .. .	112		

### APPOINTMENTS, LEAVE, ETC.

#### REGISTRATION.

**Leave.**—M.R.Ry. M. J. Venkatasubrahmaniam, P.W.D. Assistant, Registrar of Assurances, Chittoor-Cuddalore, leave on average pay for thirteen days from the 4th July 1932, with permission to prefer and after the holidays on the 3rd and 17th July 1932 under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules.

**Posting.**—M.R.Ry. V. Kousarumani Ayyar, Joint Sub-Registrar, to be in charge of the Registrar's office, Chittoor-Cuddalore, during the absence of M.R.Ry. M. J. Venkatasubrahmaniam, P.W.D. Assistant, on leave or until further orders.

**B. V. SRI HARI RAO NAYUDU,**

Inspector-General of Registration.

Madras, 25th June 1932.

#### JUDICIAL.

**No. 66.** Transfer, appointment and posting.—The following transfers, appointments and posting of District Magistrate have been ordered by the High Court:—

**I.** M.R.Ry. Kalambur Narasimha Narayana Ayyar, Assistant, from Hoasamand, to Tanjavur, via M.R.Ry. G. R. Venkatarama Ayyar, Assistant, on leave duty or until further orders. To hold over charge in the Head Circle and proceed subsequently.

**II.** M.R.Ry. Madhukrishna Lakshminarayana Acharya Gurus, P.A., S.D., Perambalur, District Court, Coimbatore, is appointed to act as District

Magistrate and is posted to the Court of the District Magistrate at Bangalore, via No. 1. To join forthwith.

**B. C. SANKARA NARAYANA,**

Assistant Registrar, Appellate Side (in charge), High Court, Madras, 25th June 1932.

#### EXCISE.

**Extension of leave.**—Under rule 81 of Fundamental Rules, M.R.Ry. K. Chagubera Rao Nayudu, Excise, Inspector, is granted a further extension of leave on average pay for fifteen days from 2nd July 1932.

**K. BHETO,**

Secretary to the Commissioner of Excise, Madras, 24th June 1932.

#### FOREST.

**Posting.**—Mr. G. M. Kishanappa, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, on return from leave, will be attached to the Madras Division.

**R. D. KICHMOOSET,**

Chief Conservator of Forests, Madras, 24th June 1932.

#### PUBLIC WORKS.

**Posting.**—M.R.Ry. Duranda Narasimha Srinivasulu, P.W.D. Assistant Engineer, on return from leave, to the Bangalore Division, for charge of a subdivision. Madras, 23rd June 1932.

**Transfer.**—(1) M.R.Sy. Chellam Appayya Srinivas Appayya, Assistant Engineer, Tanjore subdivision, No. II Division, Civil Branch, Government Project, on the abolition of that subdivision on 1st July 1932, is transferred, to the Tanjore Circle, for charge of a subdivision.

(2) M.R.Sy. Thevaraswami Anantha Ashtari Appayya, Officiating Assistant Engineer, Nanadani subdivision, Coimbatore Division, Tanjore Circle, to the Madras Circle, for charge of a subdivision.

Madras, 26th June 1932.

**Posting.**—M.R.Sy. Krishna Appayya Srinivas Appayya Appayya, B.A., B.E., Assistant Engineer and Officiating Executive Engineer, South Arcot Division, on relief from the charge of that division, to the charge of a subdivision in the Tanjore Circle.

I. H. GREG,  
Chief Engineer, P.W.D.  
(General, Buildings and Roads).

Madras, 26th June 1932.

**Leave.**—Subject to sign-off, M.R.Sy. T. G. Krishna Appayya, Assistant Engineer in charge of the Technical Section, Office of the Chief Engineer for Irrigation, is granted under subsidiary rule 2 under Fundamental Rule 55, with effect from 4th July 1932, leave on average pay without medical certificate for five days with permission to predecease the holiday on 3rd July 1932.

N. SRANINATHA AYYAR,  
Chief Engineer for Irrigation.

Madras, 2nd July 1932.

**Posting and Transfer.**—(1) M.R.Sy. Chellam Appayya Srinivas Appayya, Assistant Engineer, transferred to this Circle in the Chief Engineer's Notification No. 5574-E-35-A, dated 29th June 1932, is re-posted to the Vanner Division, for charge of the Vanner subdivision.

(2) M.R.Sy. S. Ramayya Appayya, Assistant Engineer, on relief from item (1), is transferred to the Coimbatore Division, for charge of the Nanadani subdivision, in relief of M.R.Sy. T. Aswathadri, Officiating Assistant Engineer, transferred outside the Circle.

G. RAMASWAMI AYYAR,  
Officiating Superintending Engineer,  
Tanjore Circle.

Tanjore, 27th June 1932.

#### MEDICAL.

**Posting.**—M.R.Sy. T. S. Ramasubrahmanya Appayya, M.B.B.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, on relief from leave, is posted on reserve duty at the Government Madhavaram Hospital, Romand, until further orders.

Mr. H. T. Ince, M.B.B.S. (Lead), M.D., Military Assistant Surgeon, on leave from leave, is posted to be on reserve duty at the Government Madhavaram Hospital, Romand, until further orders.

M.R.Sy. G. Srinivas Appayya, M.B.B.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, on reserve duty at the Government Hospital for Women and Children, Madras, is posted to the Government Hospital, Tanjore, with M.R.Sy. Rao Subba M. Subbarao Reddy Garu, M.B.B., granted leave.

Madras, 24th June 1932.

**Leave.**—M.R.Sy. K. S. Subramanyam Appayya, M.B.B.S., Assistant District Medical Officer and Assistant Superintendent, Rajahmundry District

Madhavaram Hospital, Tanjore, leave on average pay for fifteen days from 1st July 1932 to date of relief, under Fundamental Rule 51.

Madras, 27th June 1932.

**Posting.**—In continuation of all previous orders, M.R.Sy. J. Srinivas Appayya, M.B.B.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, will be considered to have been on reserve duty at the King Institute, Gandy, from 1st May 1932 to 9th June 1932.

M.R.Sy. B. Timothy, M.B.B.S. (Eng.), M.B.B. (Lead), will be considered to have been on reserve duty at the King Institute, Gandy, from 7th May 1932 to 9th May 1932 and from 9th June 1932 to 12th June 1932 afternoon.

M.R.Sy. B. Timothy, M.B.B.S. (Eng.), M.B.B. (Lead), on reserve duty at the King Institute, Gandy, is posted to the same Institute to hold a surgical appointment from 13th June 1932 onwards.

M.R.Sy. P. J. Siddana Appayya, M.B.B., Civil Assistant Surgeon, on relief, is posted to the Government Hospital, Romand, with M.R.Sy. S. Venkata Rao Appayya, M.B.B.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, transferred.

M.R.Sy. D. Venkata Rao Appayya, M.B.B.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, on relief, is posted to the Government Hospital, Madras.

Madras, 27th June 1932.

**Posting.**—M.R.Sy. K. S. Sankar Appayya, M.B.B.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, on reserve duty at the Government Hospital for Women and Children, Madras, is posted to Government Hospital, Madhavaram, with M.R.Sy. A. V. Subbarao Appayya, M.B.B.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, granted leave.

(By order)

P. K. WARRIER,  
General Assistant to the Surgeon-General.  
Madras, 26th June 1932.

#### GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS.

##### GOVERNMENT MUSEUM.

PATTEISON ROAD, ROMAND, MADRAS.

Open on all days in the week, excepting Fridays, from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. Admission free. Usually reserved for ladies on the last Saturday of every month after 12 noon.

F. H. GRAVELY,  
Superintendent.

##### COONEMARA PUBLIC LIBRARY.

GOVERNMENT MUSEUM BUILDINGS, ROMAND, MADRAS.

Open on all days in the week, October to March 7 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. and April to September 7 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Consultation of books is free to any person of 17 or more years of age. Books can also be borrowed by approved residents of Madras City and its vicinity. Applications for permission to borrow must be made by the applicant personally at the Library. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required from each borrower.

No direct loan can be made to students in the institution, but the Government Public Library can supply to Government for students to be in national libraries of national standing.

F. H. GRAYLEY,  
Principal Librarian.

# IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

SECRETARIAT BUILDING, 4, BRUNNENBERG ROAD,  
CALCUTTA.

Open on { Weekdays and Saturdays, from 10 a.m. to 7 p.m.  
Saturdays and holidays, from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.

The Imperial Library is also a lending library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

K. H. AHMEDULLAH,  
Librarian.

# BOARD OF EXAMINERS, CALCUTTA.

## QUALIFIED URDU TEACHERS.

### Bangalore.

Ghulam Ahmad, 1, Postgreve Street, St. John's Hill.

Mir Ahmad Ali, Begumabad Minar, 12th Field Bazaar, R.A., Bangalore.

Mohammad Saleh, Minar, 112, North Hill Street, Bangalore Cantt.

A. S. Wali Mohammed, Old Pace House Road, Bangalore.

Sayid Saif Ahmad, 33, Cockburn Road, Bangalore.

Sayid Zia-ul-Haq Minar, c/o Mohammed Ghulam Saleh, Paddy shop-holder, Broadway Road.

### Bellary.

Mir Mahmood Hussain, Bunderwall, Bunderpet, Bellary P.O.

### Madras.

Mohammad Hussain, 38/16, Vaidur Chinnai Road Street, Royapettah, Madras.

## QUALIFIED KANNADA TEACHERS.

### Bangalore City.

Fazal K. Hassanabadi, Sec. 205, Vennarwater-garden, Bangalore City.

## QUALIFIED TAMIL TEACHERS.

### Kumbakonam.

A. M. Srinivas, Rameswaram, Vidyam (Madras University), Lecturer in Tamil, Government College.

### Madras.

K. Raghavachari, Lecturer in Tamil and Superintendent of Vernacular Studies, Wesley College, Madras.

## G. L. PPAAT, LL. B.,

Sep., Board of Examiners (Lary Dept.).

# THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNSEL

HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.—

## NOTICE.

TURKISH ROOM, OPEN 11 A.M. TO 4 P.M. ON WEEK DAYS; SUNDAYS, 11 A.M. TO 1 P.M.

All communications relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911) or in continuation of applications under the

Indian Patents and Designs Act (V of 1889) must be made in English and addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed and a full address given in all communications.

1. *Instructions for the guidance of inventors and others who give in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Amendment) Act, 1920, and the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Amendment Act, 1920, together with current regulations and instructions. These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.*

2. *Advice*—The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their subsequent; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public domain; (3) to recommend any particular Agent, or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Models are not required unless specially asked for. Drawings must be on tracing cloth and the Rules and Instructions for the preparation of drawings as given in the Handbook should be strictly followed. A provisional patent cannot be secured under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911.

4. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British Possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India applications should be made to the patent office in the countries concerned.

5. Fees are payable in cash and need be advanced in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Act. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques, any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission for which due allowance should be made. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees landed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and in advance fees that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

6. Prints and property marks and names are not registered and models are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with pictures, photographs, etc., for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

7. *Provisional specifications of applications*, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the Gazette of India. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy and may be seen

line of shape, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:-

Almshurst—R. O. Technical Institute.  
Bangalore—Indian Institute of Science  
Bombay—Department of Commerce and Industries.

Bombay—Patent Office.

" Various Technical Institutes, Bombay.

" The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Poona.

Calcutta—Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.

" Bengal Engineering College, Shalca.

Canton—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

Chamurah—Office of the Commissioner, Technical Division.

Chittagong—Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.

Dacca—Office of the District Board, Dacca.

Delhi—Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Hyderabad—Industries and Commerce Department of the United Kingdom the

India's Government.

Karachi—Office of City Deputy Collector, Lahore—Fajal Public Library.

London—The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.

Lucknow—Assam Public Library.

Madras—Patent Office, Egmore.

" College of Engineering.

Meerut—Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.

Mysore—Various Technical Institutes.

Poona—Office of the Director of Industries, Bihar and Orissa.

Poona—College of Engineering.

Rangoon—Office of the Chief Secretary, Home and Political Department, Government of Burma.

Rangoon—Thames College.

Shanghai—Office of the Collector, Singapore—Office of the Controller of Patents and Designs, Raffles Hotel, at the 10

Annex South Technical Institute.

" Washington (U.S.A.)—The Patent Office.

8. Specifications of inventions which have been added to the Gazette of India as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1900) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Patent Office, Egmore, Madras; the Patent Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Canton. Specifications and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Patent Office, Bombay, and in the Commerce Library, Madras.

9. Publications on sale at the Patent Office—

PRICE.

RS. S.

(a) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules and Instructions) ... 1 0

(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1900 ... 0 10

(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi) each ... 0 2

(d) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 ... 0 2

(e) Weekly Notifications (Extracts from the Gazette of India) ... 0 1

Annual subscription with postage ... 2 2

(f) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index, 1900-1908 and chronological list, 1900-1904) ... 2 0

(g) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index, 1900-1911) ... 2 0

(h) Patent Office Journals (General Quarterly) each ... 0 8

(i) Patent Office Journals, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918 each ... 1 0

(j) Printed specifications of inventions since 1900 each ... 0 8

K. RAMA PAI,

Controller of Patents and Designs.

# PATENTS.

The following printed specifications of applications for patents, which have been accepted under section 3 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1900, have been published and can be inspected free of charge at the Madras Patent Office, Egmore. Copies of these specifications may be procured at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, at the price of one rupee per copy.

Directions for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act (Act V of 1900) and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (Act II of 1912). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller of Patents and Designs.

18323 Patel.

18321 Jones, Wrightson and Matthews.

18325 Ewald.

18323 H. E. Robertson Co.

18327 The British Tabulating Machine Co., Ltd.

18324 Evans.

18329 Mrs. Stubb.

18323 Bonazzi y Cia de Argentina, Sociedad Limitada.

18329 Akhtolugat Sultani & Feroz.

18340 Mayhew Steel Products, Inc.

18362 Gerdt.

18373 Roberts, Burton and The Railway Signal Co., Ltd.

18373 Chemische Fabrik vormals Badon.

18404 Patra Akhtolugat.

18405 Dr. Hoffmann.

18403 National Carbon Co., Inc.

18406 Tinsley.

18407 Gracovna.

18416 Salari.

18444 I. G. Farbenindustrie Aktiengesellschaft.

18409 Holmworth.

18418 Rosenberg.

18422 The General Electric Co., Ltd.

18425 Warner.

18426 Robert Ltd.

18427 Greenwood.

18429 Mouldy.

18430 The British Tabulating Machine Co., Ltd.

18437 Repulse Separation Ltd.

18025 Columbia Graphophone Co., Ltd.  
18037 "Pelita" Hocking A. G.  
18058 Kertawala.  
18064 Elmas.  
18082 Sotuchikka.

S. H. SLATER,

Secretary to Government, Development Dept.

Fort St. George, 25th June 1932.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Madras, has, under section 30 (1) of the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1902 (India), cancelled the registration of the undermentioned societies, and has appointed the officers noted against each to be liquidator under section 42 (1) of the same Act. This order will take effect on the expiry of two months from the date mentioned above each:—

25th June 1932.

Jawa Arindoff Field Labourers' Co-operative Society No. T. 575, in the Papanum taluk of the Tanjore district—Deputy Registrar, Tanjore.

Kilasa Municipal Employees Co-operative Society Limited, No. 1481, in the Eljore taluk of the West Godavari district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Eljore.

Mudalukuru Co-operative Society No. 2290 in the Udupi taluk of the South Kanara district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Mangalore.

Allapada Christian Co-operative Society No. 1369 in the Saveli taluk of the Kurnool district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Kurnool.

Bahamarguram Co-operative Society No. 10999 in the Cuddapah taluk of the Cuddapah district—Deputy Registrar, Cuddapah.

Paluvaiyil Co-operative Society, Limited, No. A 617182 in the Tiruvattur taluk of the Namakkal district—Deputy Registrar, Madras.

Mariavallur Perches and Sola Co-operative Society, Limited, No. 2481 in the Palakkad taluk of the Coimbatore district—Deputy Registrar, Coimbatore.

Rengasani Union Employees' Co-operative Society No. 102187Y. 12 in the Adoni taluk of the Bellary district—Deputy Registrar, Bellary.

Vellam Panchama Co-operative Society No. 2477 in the Channarayana taluk of the Channarayana district—Deputy Registrar, Madras.

26th June 1932.

Edavangudi Co-operative Society No. 8142 in the Nanguneri taluk of the Tenkasi district—Deputy Registrar, Tenkasi.

Cuddapah Co-operative Agricultural Producers and Sales Society, Limited, No. W. 132 in the Cuddapah taluk of the Cuddapah district—Deputy Registrar, Cuddapah.

26th June 1932.

Gulajayam Maathi Co-operative Society No. Y. 120 in the Haldupalli taluk of the Bellary district—Deputy Registrar, Bellary.

27th June 1932.

Parthibanur Peche Co-operative Society, No. 7/7 in the Perambalur taluk of the Kurnool district—Deputy Registrar, Madras.

Gadgalla Co-operative Society No. 1092 in the Ramachandrapuram taluk of the East Godavari district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Rajahmundry.

Lalagudi Christian Co-operative Society No. E. 165968 in the Saveli taluk of the Kurnool district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Kurnool.

28th June 1932.

Pappaludi Co-operative Society No. O. 156 in the Ambasamudram taluk of the Tenkasi district—Deputy Registrar, Tenkasi.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Madras, has, under section 30 (1) of the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1902 (India), cancelled the registration of the undermentioned society. This order will take effect on the expiry of two months from the date mentioned above:—

29th June 1932.

Seddamangalam Pellar Co-operative Society No. B. 303 in the Nimalai taluk of the Salem district.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Madras, has, under section 48 of the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1902 (India), cancelled the registration of the undermentioned societies, and has appointed the officers noted against each to be liquidator under section 42 (1) of the same Act. This order will take effect from the date mentioned above each:—

27th June 1932.

Bahamarguram Co-operative Society No. 5508 in the Perambalur taluk of the Annamalai district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Annamalai.

Yelavada Christian Co-operative Society No. 2900 in the Saveli taluk of the Kurnool district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Kurnool.

28th June 1932.

Darmadurgam Field Labourers' Co-operative Society No. 10980 in the Tiruvattur taluk of the Namakkal district—Deputy Registrar, Tanjore.

28th June 1932.

D. K. STRATHAIR,  
Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Madras.

#### UNCLAIMED PROPERTY.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned items of property consisting of gold and silver jewellery, clothes, furniture, etc., remaining unclaimed at the Office of the Commissioner of Police, Madras, up to 31st May 1932, will be disposed of as shown below on or after 1st January 1933 unless any person who may have a claim therein appears before the undersigned and establishes his claim before that date.

(a) Items of property mentioned under I will be sold by public auction or realisation.

(b) Those mentioned under II will be returned to the owner of the property when they were found on condition that they give the finder the reward promised under the rules.

I.

128/Und. 32.—One bunch of keys.

147/Und. 31.—An old black mattrass having initials "F.W."

147/Und. 31.—An iron screw bar, valued Rs. 2.

147/Und. 32.—A black leather bag containing five buttons.

147/Und. 32.—A white leather cloth with design of flowers on the border containing three coins, valued Rs. 1.

147/Und. 31.—A small brown cloth, containing two small diamond rings and an old iron bracelet, all valued Rs. 1.

147/Und. 32.—One brass chain, valued Rs. 2.







## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Statement showing the inland consumption and exports of raw cotton in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 26th June 1932.

(Weave-able figures are in bales of 420 lb. each.)

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year.				In the current year.				
	Week ending 26th June 1931.		Total from 1st February 1931 to 26th June 1931.		Current week.		Total from 1st February 1932 to date.		
	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tisserand .. ..	2,044	388	25,584	31,908	1,328	261	2,298	28,671	39,000
Belton .. ..	285	503	12,748	12,800	360	144	1,150	1,404	22,820
Castoria .. ..	1,322	1,232	25,212	27,619	5,822	267	3,819	48,871	66,656
Northern and Western ..	498	275	22,529	15,314	430	796	1,039	36,716	49,992
Cameroon .. ..	261	1,512	419	21,818	0	222	207	1,116	6,164
Outside cotton .. ..	380	86	29,858	34,776	2,978	1,163	703	41,605	25,316
Total .. ..	4,440	6,197	91,697	144,606	16,207	437	9,795	146,595	247,718

(a) Estimate supplied in the corresponding week of previous year by twenty-one mills.

(b) Estimate supplied in the current week by twenty-one mills.

(c) Exports by sea in the current week—Madras-Canton 140; Northern and Western 100; Cameroon 200; Castoria 180; Tisserand—Tisserand 90; Calcutta—Madras 101; Calcutta 201; Calcutta—Calcutta 180; Calcutta—Calcutta 180.

Reasons for delay.

Exports by sea in the current week—Madras 1,280 (from Bombay); Tisserand 410 (from United States of America); Calcutta 180 (from Karachi).

—Madras and Calcutta.

Quantity of cotton ginned in the spinning factories and of weaved cotton received at spinning mills in the Madras Presidency during the week ending 26th June 1932.

(Weave-able figures are in bales of 420 lb. each.)

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year.				In the current year.				
	Ginned in the current week by twenty-one mills.		Total ginned in the current week by twenty-one mills.		Ginned in the current week by twenty-one mills.		Total ginned in the current week by twenty-one mills.		
	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	at Madras by ton.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tisserand .. ..	4,229	26,732	7,420	43,662	2,007	23,458	8,116	42,828	146,006
Belton .. ..	816	7,574	4,324	15,121	588	4,256	2,484	14,191	18,899
Castoria .. ..	1,202	23,401	16,669	42,665	2,748	27,244	27,436	54,174	110,020
Northern and Western ..	4,161	41,575	261	11,278	2,910	20,223	261	30,603	93,404
Cameroon and others ..	1,122	15,813	213	15,821	745	14,875	1,194	13,849	32,550
Outside cotton .. ..	86	86	0	86	86	86	86	86	86
Total .. ..	12,606	116,922	22,417	144,634	9,287	112,834	47,776	162,832	616,026

Statement of cotton ginned in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 26th June 1932.

[Section 2 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1924.]

Variety of cotton.	Number of bales ginned.			
	During the current week.		During the corresponding week last year.	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Tisserand .. ..	2,007	4,308	22,458	25,162
Belton .. ..	588	816	4,084	5,198
Castoria .. ..	2,748	1,302	22,706	28,536
Northern and Western ..	2,910	1,122	36,073	61,375
Cameroon .. ..	745	86	12,878	18,875
Outside cotton .. ..	86	86	86	86
Total .. ..	9,287	12,606	112,834	162,832

Madras, 26th June 1932.

S. V. RAMANURTI,  
Director of Agriculture.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Vital Statistics of the Municipal Towns of the Madras Presidency for the week ending 15th June 1932.

Serial number.	District and Municipal towns.	Population from previous Census to this Census of 1931.			Deaths.			Causes.										Total.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Dysentery.	Typhoid.	Typhus.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Whooping cough.	Measles.	Smallpox.	Tuberculosis.	Pneumonia.	Other causes.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1	Madras	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	
2	Chennai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
3	Coimbatore	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
4	Trichy	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
5	Madurai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
6	Tamil Nadu	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
7	Malabar	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
8	Coorg	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
9	Chennai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
10	Coimbatore	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
11	Trichy	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
12	Madurai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
13	Tamil Nadu	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
14	Malabar	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
15	Coorg	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
16	Chennai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
17	Coimbatore	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
18	Trichy	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
19	Madurai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
20	Tamil Nadu	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
21	Malabar	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
22	Coorg	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
23	Chennai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
24	Coimbatore	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
25	Trichy	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
26	Madurai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
27	Tamil Nadu	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
28	Malabar	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
29	Coorg	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
30	Chennai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
31	Coimbatore	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
32	Trichy	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
33	Madurai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
34	Tamil Nadu	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
35	Malabar	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
36	Coorg	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
37	Chennai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
38	Coimbatore	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
39	Trichy	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
40	Madurai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
41	Tamil Nadu	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
42	Malabar	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
43	Coorg	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
44	Chennai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
45	Coimbatore	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
46	Trichy	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
47	Madurai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
48	Tamil Nadu	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
49	Malabar	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
50	Coorg	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
51	Chennai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
52	Coimbatore	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
53	Trichy	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
54	Madurai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
55	Tamil Nadu	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
56	Malabar	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
57	Coorg	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
58	Chennai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
59	Coimbatore	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
60	Trichy	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
61	Madurai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
62	Tamil Nadu	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
63	Malabar	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
64	Coorg	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
65	Chennai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
66	Coimbatore	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
67	Trichy	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
68	Madurai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
69	Tamil Nadu	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
70	Malabar	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
71	Coorg	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20
72	Chennai	10,000	10,000	20,000	10	10	20	1	1													

**Abstract return of ARRESTS AND DEATHS FROM  
LIVERPOOL DISEASES in the Presidency of Madras  
during the week ending 11th June 1932.**

Name of each (male and female)	Cholera.		Dysentery.		Typhoid fever.	
	Arrests.	Deaths.	Arrests.	Deaths.	Arrests.	Deaths.
<b>Madras—</b>						
City ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Suburban ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rural ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total ..	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>Other parts—</b>						
Chennai ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tamil ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Malabar ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total ..	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>Grand Total ..</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Deaths—</b>						
City ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Suburban ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rural ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total ..	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>Other parts—</b>						
Chennai ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tamil ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Malabar ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total ..	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>Grand Total ..</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>

Name of each (male and female)	Cholera.		Dysentery.		Typhoid fever.	
	Arrests.	Deaths.	Arrests.	Deaths.	Arrests.	Deaths.
<b>Madras—</b>						
City ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Suburban ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rural ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total ..	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>Other parts—</b>						
Chennai ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tamil ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Malabar ..	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total ..	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>Grand Total ..</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>

J. R. D. WEBB, Major, I.M.S.,  
Officiating Director of Public Health,  
Madras, 25th June 1932.

# JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

## PROCLAMATION.

By virtue of a Warrant in and directed by His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras, I hereby proclaim and give notice that a Review of Cases and Transfers and General Court of Sessions and for Port St. George, the Town of Madras, and the local limits thereof and the places and factories subordinate thereto will be holden at the Court House of the Court at Madras at Madras on Monday, the first day of August ensuing the date hereof at 10.45 o'clock in the forenoon for the trial of all cases and offences done or committed within Port St. George or the Town of Madras and the local limits thereof and places and factories subordinate thereto and dependent thereon.

And also that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Adjudication for the trial of all cases and offences done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby require and compel all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Session or in any case connected thereto to attend at the time and place aforesaid and not to depart without leave.

A. J. LEECH,  
Sheriff of Madras.

Madras, 24th June 1932.

## INVESTIGATOR OF POWERS.

Under section 25 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1923, as amended by section 5 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1924, and further amended by the Demarcation Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), and the Madras Civil Courts (Second Amendment) Act XXVIII of 1920, the High Court is pleased to appoint M. R. Fy. G. Rajagopalakrishnan, District Magistrate, Pudukottai, District, and M. R. Fy. B. C. Ponnambalam, District Magistrate, Tirunelveli, within the Presidency of Port St. George, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits

appeals by such Courts arising within the local limits of their jurisdiction as laid by section II of Act III of 1920 up to the amount of Rupees 300.

3. The powers given by this notification are personal and will be exercised by the District Magistrate so long as they continue to be District Magistrate or until further orders.

3. This notification will have effect from the date of its publication in the Port St. George Gazette.

D. C. SANKARA NARAYANA,  
Assistant Registrar, Appellate Side.

High Court, Madras,  
29th June 1932.

# NOTIFICATIONS.

With the sanction of His Excellency the Governor of Madras in Council, and by virtue of the powers conferred by the Government of India Act, 1919 (1 and 6 Gen. V. Ch. 41), the Letters Patent of the High Court of Judicature at Madras as amended from time to time, and all other powers heretofore residing, the High Court has made the following amendments to the High Court Fees Rules, 1923. It shall come into force on the date of publication in the Port St. George Gazette:—

In Appendix II, insert the following as Item No. 58 (b):—

58 (b). In respect of sales by the Sheriff in execution of decrees, percentage on the purchase money realised at a per cent. for the first 1,000 rupees and as 2½ per cent. for the rest.

(58) H. C. C. BRADLEY Chief Justice.	
( ) V. RAMANUJAM	
( ) M. VENKATACHARI RAO	
( ) E. M. WALLACE	
( ) D. G. WALLER	
( ) E. D. C. REIDY	
( ) C. V. RAMAKRISHNA AYYAR	Judges.
( ) K. PANDARAT	
( ) A. J. CHANDRASEKHAR	
( ) E. D. CHANDRASEKHAR	
( ) K. SUNDARAM CHETTI	
( ) GILBERT STONE	

G. S. WHITE,  
Registrar.

High Court, Madras,  
28th June 1932.

Under the provisions of section 122 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the following first supplementary Rules 2 of Order XLIII of Schedule I of the said Code are published for the information of all persons interested and it is hereby notified that the said amendments as well as any objections or suggestions which may be received in respect thereof from any person interested in the matter will be taken into consideration by the High Court on or after the 15th August 1932.

# DEBT AMENDMENTS.

"*Amendments to the following for rule 3 of Order XLIII of C.P.C.*—

1. The provisions of Order XLIII shall apply, so far as may be, to Appeals from Appellate Orders.

2. A transmission of appeal from an appellate order shall be accompanied by a certified copy of the judgment and of the order of the Court of

first instance, and by a certified copy of the judgment and of the order of the Appellate Court.

3. If any ground of appeal is based upon the construction of a document, a printed or typewritten copy of such document shall be presented with the memorandum of appeal.

Provided that, if such document is not in the English language and the appellant appears by a pleader, an English translation of the document verified by the pleader to be a correct translation shall be presented.

D. C. SANKARA NARAYANA,  
Assistant Registrar, Appellate Side.

High Court, Madras,  
22nd June 1932.

# INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 29 of 1931, DISTRICT COURT, KUTNA.  
Golla Fishamrao—Petitioner (Creditors).  
Vadamamallai Kannaiah—Respondent (Debtor).

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920. The above-named respondent was adjudicated by this Court on 28th April 1932. All the creditors should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, as required under the rules. The respondent has been granted time till 28th April 1932 to apply for his final discharge.

No. 30 of 1931, DISTRICT COURT, KUTNA.  
Korupatti Lakshmanrao—Petitioner (Creditors).  
Sankala Ramaswami—Respondent (Debtor).

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920. The above-named respondent was adjudicated by this Court on 22nd April 1932. All the creditors should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, as required under the rules. The respondent has been granted time till 22nd April 1932 to apply for his final discharge.

No. 42 of 1931, DISTRICT COURT, KUTNA.  
Tatayathi Nagappa Rao—Petitioner (Creditors).  
Mazari Yankala Subba Rao—Respondent (Debtor).

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920. The above-named respondent was adjudicated by this Court on 28th April 1932. All the creditors should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, as required under the rules. The respondent has been granted time till 28th April 1932 to apply for his final discharge.

No. 92 of 1931, DISTRICT COURT, KUTNA.  
Kallu Naga Satyanarayana—Petitioner (Creditors).  
Mannamallai Sankaradevarao—Respondent (Debtor).

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920. The above-named respondent was adjudicated by this Court on 27th April 1932. All the creditors should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, as required under the rules. The respondent has been granted time till 26th April 1932 to apply for his final discharge.

No. 78 of 1931, DISTRICT COURT, KUTNA.  
Vinnamachandri Ramakrishna—Petitioner (Creditors).

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920. The above-named respondent was adjudicated by this

Court on 27th April 1932. All the creditors should press their debts before the Official Receiver as required under the rules. The respondent has been granted time till 27th April 1932 to apply for his final discharge.

No. 99 of 1931, DISTRICT COURT, KINTLA.

Vallabharani Ramayya—Petitioner (Debtor).  
Aharanali Nagayya and others—Respondents (Creditors).

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920. The above-named petitioner was adjudicated by this Court on 18th April 1932. All the creditors should press their debts before the Official Receiver, as required under the rules. The petitioner has been granted time till 6th April 1932 to apply for his final discharge.

No. 91 of 1931, DISTRICT COURT, KINTLA.

Tata Chinnayya and others—Petitors (Creditors).  
Kannali Nayayya—Respondent (Debtor).

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920. The above-named respondent was adjudicated by this Court on 26th April 1932. All the creditors should press their debts before the Official Receiver, as required under the rules. The respondent has been granted time till 26th April 1932 to apply for his final discharge.

No. 93 of 1931, DISTRICT COURT, KINTLA.

Venkatappa Venkata Krishnayya—Petitioner (Debtor).  
Kolla Katanayya and others—Respondents (Creditors).

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920. The above-named respondents were adjudicated by this Court on 23rd April 1932. All the creditors should press their debts before the Official Receiver, as required under the rules. The respondents have been granted time till 23rd April 1932 to apply for their final discharge.

No. 4 of 1932, DISTRICT COURT, KINTLA.

Sigana's Ambayya—Petitioner (Debtor).  
Tikkameti Selaayya—Respondent (Debtor).

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920. The above-named respondent was adjudicated by this Court on 22nd April 1932. All the creditors should press their debts before the Official Receiver, as required under the rules. The respondent has been granted time till 22nd April 1932 to apply for his final discharge.

J. A. BYRNE,  
District Judge.

Kannikottai, 22nd June 1932.

No. 88 of 1932, SEN-COURT, CHENNAI.

Munji Sah & Co., Kiliyoti—Petitioner.  
Abdul Hakim Sahib, coffee merchant, residing at Mettupalayam, Asanoli taluk—Respondent.

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge the respondent as insolvent. Hearing 26th July 1932.

P. C. TVAGARAJA AYYAR,  
Additional Sessions Judge.

Chennai, 8th June 1932.

No. 29 of 1931, SEN-COURT, CHENNAI.

Lakshminasa Chetti and two others—Petitioners.  
Baskiam Reddi—First Respondent.

Under section 30, notice is hereby given that the above-named respondent in this case has been adjudicated insolvent by order of this Court, dated 14th April 1932 and that he should apply for discharge on or before 14th October 1932. Creditors should press their claims as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, South Arcot, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules.

L. KARAYANA AYYAR,  
Additional Sessions Judge.

Chennai, 23rd June 1932.

No. 5 of 1932, SEN-COURT, CHENNAI.

Malla Pillai and Perumal Pillai, sons of Rames Pillai, at Karamadipuram, S. S. Chakkiranda village, Kuvavadi amma, District taluk—Petitioners (Debtors).

Arumachalam Pillai and others—Respondents (Creditors).

Notice under section 30 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the above-named petitioners have been adjudged insolvent by order of this Court, dated 24th June 1932. Time for discharge one year. All creditors should press their claims as soon as possible before the Official Receiver, Madurai, in the form prescribed under the rules.

No. 8 of 1932, SEN-COURT, CHENNAI.

Moffimamul Niyada and Akharawani Nayada, sons of Mawappu Nayyar at Bommayyakan-patti, Taramangalam, Chinnar village, Poyyalur taluk—Petitioners (Debtors).

Sakka Nayada and others—Respondents (Creditors).

Notice under section 30 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the above-named petitioners have been adjudged insolvent by order of this Court, dated 24th June 1932. Time for discharge one year. All creditors should press their claims as soon as possible before the Official Receiver, Madurai, in the form prescribed under the rules.

No. 13 of 1932, SEN-COURT, CHENNAI.

N. R. Kuppuswami Ayyar, son of Subbiah, at Pulin town—Petitioner (Debtor).

Kalli Chettiyar and others—Respondents (Creditors).

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to adjudge him as insolvent and the application stands posted to 22nd July 1932 for hearing in this Court.

No. 34 of 1932, SEN-COURT, CHENNAI.

A. R. Ranga Rao—Petitioner (Creditors).

G. H. Krishna Rao, son of Rameshchandra, at Ganga-vayaludi, Periyar taluk—Respondent (Debtor).

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to adjudge respondent as insolvent and the application stands posted to 26th July 1932 for hearing in this Court.

No. 15 of 1932, *Sub-Court, Dindigul*.

Siddhaya Chetti, son of Thyagappa Chettiyar, at Puddugudi, Kandyapudi village, Dindigul taluk—*Plaintiff (Debtor)*.  
*Respondent Chettiyar and others—Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1930 is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to adjudge him as insolvent and the application stands posted to 25th July 1932 for hearing in this Court.

T. SUNDARAM AYYAR,  
*Subordinate Judge.*

Dindigul, 25th June 1932.

No. 2 of 1932, *Sub-Court, Ottavalam*.

Hareendhar Marudhai Parakkaswaran Nambakudi—*Plaintiff*.  
*Amaramayya Ayyar and others—Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1930 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him as insolvent and that his application stands posted to 26th August 1932. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before this Court either in person or by vald on the said date.

No. 3 of 1932, *Sub-Court, Ottavalam*.

Strandhikali Karthayasaiah alias Karthayasaiah—*Plaintiff*.  
*P. Menakshisetti and others—Respondent*.

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1930 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him as insolvent and that his application stands posted to 26th August 1932. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before this Court either in person or by vald on the said date.

T. R. VENKATESWARA AYYAR,  
*Subordinate Judge.*

Ottavalam, 24th June 1932.

No. 18 of 1932, *Sub-Court, Rameswari*.

M. N. Mahomed Rameez—*Plaintiff (Creditor)*.  
*S. V. A. Thangaband Chettiyar, son of S. V. Annamalai Chettiyar, residing at Chetti street, Rameswari—Respondent (Debtor)*.

Notice is hereby given under sections 7, 8, 10 and 13 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge the respondent as insolvent and that the petition is posted to 30th July 1932.

No. 19 of 1932, *Sub-Court, Rameswari*.

N. Srinivas Ayyangar, son of Manappa Ayyangar, residing at Annathur, Rameswari taluk, Rameswari district—*Plaintiff (Debtor)*.

S. Ramiah Ayyar and twenty-one others—*Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 10 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him as insolvent and that the petition is posted to 30th July 1932.

S. V. PADMANABHA AYTANGAR,  
*Additional Subordinate Judge.*

Rameswari, 26th June 1932.

No. 7 of 1932, *Sub-Court, Srirangapatna*.

Narayanan Posa Chetti Alaga Chetty and Narayanan Posa Chetti Sundararam Chetty, sons of Narayanan Posa Chetti Chettiyar, residing at Parichakkal, Tiruvengottur taluk—*Plaintiffs (Debtors)*.  
*Paria Ayyal Pillai and twenty-two others—Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioners have been adjudicated insolvents by order of this Court, dated 25th June 1932, that their properties will vest in the Official Receiver, Rameswari, that they should apply for discharge within one year from the said date and that all the creditors may prove their claims before the said Official Receiver as early as possible.

No. 20 of 1932, *Sub-Court, Srirangapatna*.

R. K. P. R. M. N. Subramanian Chettiyar, son of Mahalingam Chettiyar, residing at Pochampet, Tiruvengottur taluk—*Plaintiff (Creditor)*.  
*Pattam, son of Kandaswamy, residing at Pochampet, Tiruvengottur taluk—Respondent (Debtor)*.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court praying to adjudge the respondent as insolvent and that the petition stands posted to the 26th day of July 1932 for hearing.

No. 21 of 1932, *Sub-Court, Srirangapatna*.

R. K. S. Rameshaya Mudayarasu, son of R. M. Sridalinga Mudayarasu, residing at Srirangapatna, attached to Aruppukottai, Pudukottai taluk, Rameswari district—*Plaintiff (Debtor)*.  
*Gowdaswami Nayudu and Marudamala Mo yassar—Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court praying to adjudge him as insolvent and that the petition stands posted to the 26th day of July 1932 for hearing.

R. RANGASWAMI AYTANGAR,  
*Subordinate Judge.*

Srirangapatna, 27th June 1932.

No. 22 of 1932 (L.A. No. 514 of 1932),  
*Sub-Court, Tiruvengottur*.

Ramaswami Karasudai, son of Matha Karasudai, at Paruthipalayam, Srirangapatna, Rameswari district—*Plaintiff (Debtor)*.

S. K. Chinnaswami Ayyar and others—*Respondents (Creditors)*.

The above application for discharge filed by the insolvent comes on for hearing before the Subordinate Judge of Tiruvengottur on 28th July 1932.

No. 23 of 1932 (L.A. No. 515 of 1932),  
*Sub-Court, Tiruvengottur*.

Rabeta Pillai, son of Arunachalam Pillai, at Duraisalai Pillai street, Tiruvengottur—*Plaintiff (Creditor)*.

Krishnaswamy and others—*Respondents (Creditors)*.

The above application for discharge filed by the insolvent comes on for hearing before the Subordinate Judge, Tiruvengottur, on 28th July 1932.

No. 20 of 1932 (A. No. 454 of 1932).  
Ses-Court, TRICHINPOLY.

2. P. Pothaswami Chettiar, son of Rangam Pothaswami Chettiar, residing at Bannur street, Kaveri—*Petitioner* (Creditor).  
Vasanthakumari and others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

The above application filed by the petitioner for discharge came on for hearing before the Subordinate Judge, Trichinopoly, on 31st July 1932.

No. 43 of 1932, Ses-Court, TRICHINPOLY.

V. R. Dhandasami Chetti, son of Rameswami Chetti at Lakshmi, Kallidasa—*Petitioner* (Debtor).

Dakshinamoorthi Pillai and others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named debtor was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 8th April 1932 with direction to apply for discharge on or before 30th April 1932. Creditors should prove their claims only before the Official Receiver, Trichinopoly.

No. 101 of 1931, Ses-Court, TRICHINPOLY.

Karappa Karandam, son of Nallappa Karandam and Palaniswami Karandam, son of Karappa Karandam, both residing at Karandam, hamlet of Goodular West, Kaveri—*Petitioner* (Debtor).

Somasundaram Chettiar and others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named debtor was adjudged insolvent by order of this Court, dated 11th April 1931, with direction to apply for discharge on or before 11th April 1932. Creditors should prove their claims only before the Official Receiver, Trichinopoly.

No. 22 of 1932, Ses-Court, TRICHINPOLY.

Selappa Karandam, son of Sallappa Karandam, at Sallappaswaram, Mannar Kaveri—*Petitioner* (Debtor).

Alappappa Chettiar and others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

The above petition filed by the debtor to be adjudged an insolvent under sections 7, 10 and 12 of Act V of 1920 comes on for hearing before the Subordinate Judge, Trichinopoly, on the 7th day of July 1932.

No. 25 of 1932, Ses-Court, TRICHINPOLY.

(1) Rangam Reddy, son of Venkatesh Reddy, at Kanyasali, Ponnambalera (2) Lakshman Reddy, at Mannar, Mannar taluk—*Petitioner* (Creditors).

Kapredu, widow of Perumal Reddy, at Thimbalai village, hamlet of Srikumarpatti, Mannar taluk, debtor; T. Sallappa Reddy and others, creditors—*Respondents*.

The above petition filed by the petitioning creditors to set aside sections 7, 10 and 12 of Act V of 1920, to adjudge the petitioner respondent as insolvent, came on for hearing before the Subordinate Judge, Trichinopoly, on 5th July 1932.

No. 26 of 1932, Ses-Court, TRICHINPOLY.

Kallappa Karandam, son of Nallappa Karandam, at Thimbalai village, Mannar taluk—*Petitioner* (Debtor).

Palaniswami Karandam and others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

The above petition filed by the debtor to be adjudged an insolvent under sections 7, 10 and 12 of Act V of 1920 comes on for hearing before the Subordinate Judge of Trichinopoly on the 24th day of July 1932.

No. 41 of 1932, Ses-Court, TRICHINPOLY.

P. R. Rangaswami Ayyar, son of Rangaswami Ayyar, at Periyasami, Pottaswami—*Petitioner* (Debtor).

Kannaswami Ayyar and others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

The above petition filed by the debtor to be adjudged an insolvent under sections 7, 10 and 12 of Act V of 1920 comes on for hearing before the Subordinate Judge, Trichinopoly, on the 14th day of July 1932.

No. 43 of 1932, Ses-Court, TRICHINPOLY.

Selappa Gounder, son of Kallappa Gounder at Lakshmi, Kaveri—*Petitioner* (Debtor).

Kannaswami Gounder and others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

The above petition filed by the debtor to be adjudged an insolvent under sections 7, 10 and 12 of Act V of 1920, comes on for hearing before the Subordinate Judge of Trichinopoly on the 13th day of July 1932.

No. 44 of 1932, Ses-Court, TRICHINPOLY.

Apparu Pillai, son of Nallaswami Pillai at Vengal Palyaz, Kuppaswami, Mannar taluk—*Petitioner* (Debtor).

Somasundaram Chettiar and others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

The above application filed by the debtor to be adjudged an insolvent under sections 7, 10 and 12 of Act V of 1920, comes on for hearing before the Subordinate Judge, Trichinopoly, on the 6th day of July 1932.

No. 45 of 1932, Ses-Court, TRICHINPOLY.

A. V. Venkatesa Mudaliyar, son of Venkatesa Mudaliyar at Anamalai village, Pottaswami—*Petitioner* (Creditors).

Valambal Ammal, widow of Madhavaswami Mudaliyar, residing at Sannaraswami, hamlet of Vakkay, Kallidasa—*Debtor*.

B. Kandaswami Mudaliyar and others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

The above petition filed by the petitioning creditor to adjudge the debtor respondent as insolvent came on for hearing before the Subordinate Judge of Trichinopoly on the 5th day of July 1932.

C. N. KUPPUSWAMI,  
Subordinate Judge.

Trichinopoly, 2nd July 1932.

No. 10 of 1931 (I.A. No. 324 of 1931),  
District Muzar's Court, AMBASANTORAM  
Kodungam Pidi, son of Kandaswami Pidi,  
residing at Mel Ambasantoram, Ambasanto-  
ram taluk—*Judex*.  
Serna Pidi and eight others—*Creditors*.

Notice is hereby given under section 42 of Act V  
of 1920 that the said insolvent has applied to this  
Court for an order of discharge and that the petition  
stands posted to 25th July 1932 for hearing.

R. RAJAGOPALA AYYAR,  
District Muzar/  
Ambasantoram, 23rd June 1932.

No. 22 of 1932, District Muzar's Court,  
BELLARY.

Jahid Siddasagoud—*Judex*.  
Pudala Ganesan, minor by next friends P.  
Rajavendrachar and D. L. Chetty—*Creditors*.

Notice is hereby given under section 20 of the  
Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that by an  
order, dated 25th June 1932, the above-named  
petitioner was adjudged insolvent and that he  
was directed to apply for discharge within six  
months from the said date. Creditors should  
present their claims before the Official Receiver,  
Bellary.

M. S. BANGARA,  
District Muzar/  
Bellary, 26th June 1932.

No. 7 of 1932, District Muzar's Court,  
BELLARY.

Katholaka Ramalingam Subudai, Komati,  
Mussadi, residing at Chikallur—*Petitioner*.  
Bantu Vignayasa Subudai and two others—*Creditors*.

Notice is hereby given under section 19 of the  
Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the  
above-named petitioner has applied to this Court  
to be discharged from all liabilities and has petition  
stands posted to 15th July 1932. Any creditor intending  
to oppose the application may appear before this  
Court on that date either in person or through  
counsel and do so.

B. APPA RAO,  
District Muzar/  
Bellary, 28th June 1932.

No. 12 of 1931 (R.I.A. No. 482 of 1932),  
District Muzar's Court, CANNANUR.

Pudikudi Manaved of Cannanur town—  
Petitioner (*Judex*).  
Lengalath Aswat Katti and another—*Respondents*  
(*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 42 of Act V  
of 1920 that the insolvent has applied to this Court  
to be discharged from all liabilities and that the  
petition stands posted to 8th August 1932 for  
hearing.

M. RAMA CHANDER,  
District Muzar/  
Cannanur, 24th June 1932.

No. 17 of 1932, District Muzar's Court,  
CANNANUR.

Gajjala Nanyasa—*Petitioner*.  
Mathuram Pudi Subbaya and others—*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given that the petition filed  
by the above-named petitioner under section 19

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of Act V of 1920 to adjudge him an insolvent  
is posted to 12th July 1932 for the hearing of  
objections.

K. RAMASWAMI RAVANDAR,  
District Muzar/  
Cuddapah, 28th June 1932.

No. 14 of 1932, District Muzar's Court,  
KAVALI.

Lagunagudi Perum Hanrick—*Petitioner*.  
Geydipali Ramaswami Sati and two others—*Creditors*.

Notice is hereby given under section 19 of the  
Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the  
above-named petitioner has applied to this Court  
to be adjudged insolvent and that the petition  
stands posted to 25th July 1932 for objection.

C. BHAKTAVATHULU,  
District Muzar/  
Kavali, 25th June 1932.

No. 39 of 1931, District Muzar's Court,  
KANNUR.

Vallu Prida Veerappa—*Judex*.  
Atholur Chinnu Sankaran and others—*Creditors*.

Notice is hereby given under section 20 of  
Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the above-  
named petitioner has been adjudged insolvent  
by this Court on 21st June 1932 and that a period  
of three months has been fixed for the insolvent  
to apply for discharge. Creditors should present  
their claims within that time by delivering or send-  
ing by post an affidavit in Form No. 4 of the  
appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency  
Rules, 1932, before the Official Receiver, Kannur.

No. 16 of 1932, District Muzar's Court,  
KANNUR.

Thayy Gajana Nela and Darji Abdul Kalam,  
sons of Abdul Rahman, Kannur—*Petitioner*  
(*DeMort*).

Murugai Jeyaji Meelchand and others—*Re-  
spondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of the  
Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the above-  
named petitioner's insolvency petition praying  
that they may be adjudged insolvents stands  
posted to the 6th day of August 1932.

V. N. SANKUNTHILAI,  
District Muzar/  
Kannur, 27th June 1932.

No. 3 of 1932, District Muzar's Court,  
MADANAPALLE.

Chintarajipai Vaidya Kameswaraiah, son of  
Krykashachari, residing at Madanapalle, Madanapalle  
taluk—*Petitioner*.

Sargha Subramanya Sastri and eighteen others—*Creditors*.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named  
petitioner has applied to this Court for declaring  
him an insolvent and that his petition stands  
posted to 25th day of July 1932 for hearing. Any  
person opposing the same may appear before  
this Court on the said date in person or by pleader  
and file his objection.



No. 7 of 1925, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
MADRAS.

Yasula Reddyappa—*Petitioner.*

C. Kotesa Reddi and seven others—*Opponents.*

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for discharge as an involunt and that his petition stands posted to 4th day of August 1925 for hearing. Any person opposing the same may appear before this Court on the said date either in person or by pleader and file his objection.

ABDUL BATTAN,  
*District Magistrate.*

Madras, 29th June 1925.

No. 25 of 1921 (M.P. No. 93 of 1922),  
DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT, MADRAS TOWN.

Athanasia Pillai—*Petitioner.*

Lakshmanam Chetty and others—*Opponents.*

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court under sections 41 of Act V of 1909 praying to give an order of absolute discharge and that the said petition stands posted for hearing in this Court on the 28th August 1925.

No. 39 of 1925, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
MADRAS TOWN.

Kareppa Pillai—*Petitioner.*

Syed Mahomed Farooq and others—*Opponents.*

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court under sections 41 and 42 of Act V of 1909 praying to be adjudged an involunt and that the said petition stands posted for hearing in this Court on the 28th August 1925.

S. SOUNDARARAJA AYYANGAR,  
*District Magistrate.*

Madras Town, 28th June 1925.

No. 12 of 1925, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
MADRAS.

Rameswathi Ayyar, son of Rameswathi Ayyar of K. Kurnool, Mysore—*District Magistrate.*

Rameswathi Pillai and nine others—*Opponents.*

Notice is hereby given under clause (2) of section 42 of Act V of 1909 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court under sections 41 and 42 of the said Act praying to be adjudged an involunt and the said petition stands posted for hearing on 28th July 1925. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said petition may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said day.

W. CHAKRAPANI NAIDU,  
*District Magistrate.*

Mysore, 27th June 1925.

No. 2 of 1924, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
MADRAS.

Subbarama Chetty—*Petitioner.*

Subbarama Chetty and five others—*Opponents.*

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court to declare

him an involunt and that the petition is posted to 18th July 1925 for hearing.

V. T. PALANIYANDI MUDALIYAR,  
*District Magistrate.*

Madras, 29th June 1925.

No. 6 of 1921, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
CHENNAI.

Valeri Arakannu, Valeri Arakala and Valeri Bagasappa—*Petitioners.*

Merrill Chenchappa—*Respondent.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioners in the inchoate petition have been adjudged involunt by order of this Court, dated 16th April 1925.

No. 1 of 1922, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
CHENNAI.

Chinnarasappa Bagasappa—*Petitioner.*

Aradan Subbappa and others—*Opponents.*

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has been adjudged involunt by order of this Court, dated 24th May 1925.

No. 3 of 1925, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
CHENNAI.

Annam Andreddi and four others—*Petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioners have filed an application in the Court praying to adjudge them involunt and that the same stands posted to 25th July 1925 for hearing.

K. RAMKRISHNAN,  
*District Magistrate.*

Chennai, 27th June 1925.

No. 4 of 1925, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
PONDICHERRY.

Mukha Ganesan of Amalinda—*Petitioner.*

Mallipudi Marudala and others—*Opponents.*

Notice is hereby given that the order of discharge, dated 6th February 1926, granted to the petitioner is to be suspended for a period of three years during which period the conditions are applied to proceed against any of the properties, movable or immovable, owned or acquired by the petitioner in the meanwhile or for a longer period by which date the petitioner has paid the condition up to 8 annas in the rupee, i.e., the balance of 20 per cent, and produce vouchers for the same.

No. 22 of 1924, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
PONDICHERRY.

Vignala Padayappa of Kottapalli—*Petitioner.*

Vignala Subbarama Chetty and others—*Opponents.*

Take notice that the above petitioner was adjudged as an involunt on 18th April 1925 and he was given time to apply for discharge six months from the said date and that the Official Receiver, East Godavari, is appointed Receiver.

No. 2 of 1932, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
TIRUCHURAI.

*Veijayagopal Govindasami of Zamindari Dostanaru*  
—Petitioner.  
*Kudumakula Appala Narasimham Gura* and  
others—Respondents.

It is hereby notified that the above petitioner was adjudged as an insolvent on 25th June 1932, and he has been given six months' time to apply for discharge. The Official Receiver, East Godavari, is appointed Receiver. Respondents are at liberty to get any of the items claimed to belong to petitioner, attached.

No. 3 of 1932, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
TIRUCHURAI.

*Veijayagopal Govindasami of Zamindari Dostanaru*  
—Petitioner.  
*Kudumakula Appala Narasimham Gura* and  
others—Respondents.

It is hereby notified that the above petitioner was adjudged as an insolvent on 25th June 1932, and he has been given time to apply for discharge within six months. The Official Receiver, East Godavari, is appointed Receiver. Respondents are at liberty to get any of the items claimed to belong to petitioner, attached.

No. 4 of 1932, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
TIRUCHURAI.

*Pulachari Annasami of Taluru*—Petitioner  
(Debar).  
*Muthiah Pappana* and others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given that under sections 16 and 18 of Act V of 1930, the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him as an insolvent, that the said petition is posted to 21st day of July 1932 for hearing and that any person wishing to oppose the same may appear in the Court in person or by a pleader at 11 a.m. on the said day.

G. KUNSHIPAMURTI,  
District Munsif.

Tiruchuram, 27th June 1932.

No. 12 of 1931, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
SOLYALI.

*Sambasiva Madaliver alias Sambasa Madalivar*,  
son of Kelanda Madalivar, residing at Kumbharapetai, Mysore taluk and district—Petitioner  
(Debar-Jandad).

*Vijithanga Madalivar*—Respondent (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given that the said insolvent has applied for an absolute order of discharge under section 41 of the Provincial Insolvency Act and that the said petition stands adjourned to 15th July 1932 for hearing. Those who are desirous of opposing the said petition may do so either in person or by pleader duly instructed on the said date.

V. SUBRAMANYA AYYAR,  
District Munsif.

Mysore, 27th June 1932.

No. 6 of 1932, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
SRIKANTHAN.

*Mahadeva Kalluramas Sella*, son of Palkiri Madona Karavitar, residing at Kumbharapetai, Talukdar-taluk—Petitioner.

*Arumugam Pillai* and four others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given that the said petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and that the petition is posted to 15th July

1932 for hearing. Anybody wishing to oppose may appear on that day, either in person or by pleader.

K. P. ARUNELLA KUTTI,  
District Munsif.

Srikantham, 14th June 1932.

No. 9 of 1931, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
TIRUCHURAI.

*Chayya Parthasarathi Appala Karup and younger brother Narayana Karup*—Jandad.

*Adam Hay Four Muhammad Isack Kall* and twenty others—Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, under section 20 of Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1930, that by an order, dated 2nd March 1932, the above-named petitioners were adjudged insolvents, that the petitioners should apply for discharge within six months from the date and that creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver of North Malabar.

K. N. GOPALAN,  
Principal District Munsif.

Tirucherry, 27th June 1932.

No. 25 of 1931, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
TIRUCHURAI.

*Jakkia Pillai*, son of Subbalakshmi Pillai, residing at Kottur Road, Palamcottah, Tanjore taluk—Petitioner (Debar).

*Purnavara Manappaiah and seven others*—Respondents (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1930 that the above-named petitioner has been adjudged an insolvent by order of this Court, dated the 22nd June 1932, that the said insolvent should apply for his discharge on or before the 22nd December 1932, that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver an affidavit in form No. 3 prescribed in the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1932.

C. SANKARAN NAMBIYAR,  
District Munsif.

Tiruchery, 23rd June 1932.

No. 8 of 1931, DISTRICT MURDER'S COURT,  
TIRUCHURAI.

*Karuppana Padayandi*—Petitioner.

*Kothayya Vaidyan and twelve others*—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section 27 of Act V of 1930 that the petitioner above named has been adjudged insolvent by the order of this Court, dated 28th June 1932, and the time for his applying for discharge is two years from 28th June 1932. The Official Receiver, Nellore, is appointed Receiver of the insolvent's property and creditors should prove their claims before him at an early date.

K. N. KANAGOPAL RASTHI,  
District Munsif.

Tiruchirappalli, 29th June 1932.

# IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913, AND THE SALEM SHANDHAM COMPANY, LIMITED.

Whereas the Managing Director in his letter, dated 1908 May 1902, has stated that Dillingham & Co. Distributors, Limited, has consented to do business and where it is agreed accordingly that the said Dillingham & Co. Distributors, Limited, is not carrying on business or is not in operation; and he is hereby given pursuant to section 217 (2) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that unless cause is shown to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of this notice, the name of the said company will be struck off the register and the said company will be dissolved.

H. KRISHNAMOORTHY,

Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Madras, 27th June 1932.

# IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913, AND THE SALEM SHANDHAM COMPANY, LIMITED.

Whereas communications addressed to the Salem Shandham Company, Limited, at its registered office remain unanswered:

And whereas, at the time of visit on the 22nd October 1931, there was no trace of the company at its registered office:

And whereas a notice, dated the 2nd February 1932, was published on page 265 of the Port St. George Gazette, Part II, dated the 9th February 1932, pursuant to section 217 (2) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, to the effect that, unless cause was shown to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of that notice, the name of the said company would be struck off the register and the company would be dissolved:

And whereas the said company has not shown such cause within the time allowed which expired as the 2nd May 1932.

Therefore, the name of the company has, under section 217 (2) of the Act, been struck off the register.

MUHAMMAD NAJMUDDIN HUSSAIN,

Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies,  
Madras, 29th June 1932.

# ECCLIESIASTICAL NOTIFICATION.

## NOTIFICATION.

KADOTA, CHIRAYUR.

It is hereby notified that the undersigned has been in a various condition. Friends or relatives of the deceased, interested in maintaining them, are requested to communicate with the undersigned within three months from the date of the notice with a view to their maintenance:-

First: S. T. Freeman.

William Evans.

West. William Gutter.

Harriet Amelia Bracken.

Constance Johnson.

Georgina Mayhew.

John Mayhew.

George Lee.

Charles William Hogg.

F. B. JAMESON,

Chaplain of Madras.

Kodakur (South India), 21st June 1932.

# REVENUE NOTIFICATIONS.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

In virtue of the powers delegated to it in G.O. No. 2758, Revenue, dated 14th November 1907, the Board hereby authorizes the Assistant Superintendent of Stamps to initial and sign impressed labels of all values under rule 41 (2) (i) of the Indian Stamp Rules, 1912.

H. BRITO,

Secretary to the Commissioner of Taxes.

Board of Revenue (General Revenue),

Madras, 29th June 1932.

No. 9.—In virtue of the powers delegated under clause 31 of Government Notification No. 485, dated 15th July 1909, published on pages 1205 and 1204 of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 26th September 1928, Part I, as amended by Government Notification No. 101, dated 19th March 1924, and in pursuance of Commissioner's Notification No. 8, dated 17th June 1931, the Commissioner of Revenue hereby prescribes the following rules for the issue, etc., of licenses under section 22 of the Madras Alkali Act I of 1880, for the tapping of toddy-producing trees and for the drawing of toddy therefrom, to have effect in the following local areas from the 1st day of October 1932:—

(1) The villages in the Agency tracts specified in schedule I annexed.

(2) The rest of the Presidency with the exception of the Nilgiris district and the Wynad taluk, Angam, Tangasseri and the Attappadi valley of the Malabar district.

(3) The Bangalore taluk.

3. Tree-tapping licenses shall be issued on the applications—

(a) of licensed toddy shopkeepers to areas in which the toddy shops are sold by sections or houses separately;

(b) of persons having the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of coconut toddy drink;

(c) of persons on their own application in the South Kanara district, provided that the application for license is accompanied by an application for a permit for the transport of the toddy drawn to some particular shop and that the latter application is countersigned or acknowledged to be correct by the shopkeeper to whom shop the toddy is to be taken;

(d) of tree-owners generally, and of school-tappers in the villages of the Agency tracts specified in Schedule I, in the Kuvil-Guduvai district, in the West Godavari district and in the Rayachoti and Rayachoti taluks of the district district, for not more than two trees in the case of tree-owners and three trees in the case of school-tappers for the drawing of toddy required for domestic consumption, but not for sale;

(e) of toddy shopkeepers or sections in the Mysore territory, in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, and in

the Bangangala State desiring to obtain toddy from trees growing in British territory ;

- (f) of toddy shopkeepers in the Podukottai State desiring to obtain toddy from trees in British territory provided that the application is certified or countersigned by the British and Mysore Inspectors of the State, and of toddy vendors in the Cochin State ; and

- (g) of any number of a full tree whether a tree-grove or not, standing in Chakkalathur, Adavuram, Madhavur, and Madhavur villages of Vengalpet taluk or in any of the villages of the Vengalpet district specified in Schedule II, for not more than five trees for each household for domestic consumption, but not for sale.

In cases (b), (d) and (e) the license may be issued in the name of the applicant himself or of his nominee, and in cases (c), (f), (g) and (h) in the name of the applicant only.

3. Persons wishing to apply for the grant of tree-tapping licenses must first pay the fee (or the first instalment thereof, as the case may be) due on account of the trees which they desire to tap, into a Government treasury, which may be either the District treasury or a British treasury. Government officers may also accept bonds of trustees to render payments on account of tree-tax and to grant receipts therefor. In the case of persons mentioned in sub- (a) and (b) the first tax must be paid into a Government treasury of the taluk in which the grove is situated or to an authorized village official in the same taluk and, the vendors concerned should affix a declaration on the applications to the effect that they have obtained a license permanent or temporary for a shop specifying also the name and number of the shop for which trees are to be marked. The shop licensee should be produced before village officials in areas where the application and fees are presented to those officers. Podukottai residents, when applying for trees in British territory, must pay the full tree-tax into a British treasury at the rates prevailing in British territory.

4. (1) Applications for the grant of tree-tapping licenses must be made to the prescribed form to the Inspector, Excise Department, in charge of the area in which the trees are situated. Forms may be obtained from the Inspectors of the Excise Department and from all Tahsildars and Deputy Tahsildars and will be supplied free of charge. Applications put in by shopkeepers and vendors need not be stamped ; those put in by other persons must bear a court-fee stamp of two annas. In any case, if the fee has been paid into a treasury, the application must contain a certificate of payment from the treasury officer ; if payment has been made to a village head, the receipt must accompany the application. Mysore residents and shopkeepers applying for trees in British territory should pay the fee-tax into the Mysore Amil's treasury and should present before the British Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar concerned, along with the application in Form T.T. 1, the receipt with the Amil's certificate of the fact to the effect that the applicant is a person entitled to take out a tree-tapping license in Mysore. Applications

from Mysore residents for licenses for the tapping of trees in villages in the British territory in which there are trees belonging to Government should invariably be got countersigned by the village headman of the village on which the trees are situated in token of the settlement of the claims concerning the ownership of the trees. The tree-tax should be calculated at the higher rate if the trees are not the same on the two sides of the frontier. The procedure for the marking of trees in British territory for toddy shops in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, will be similar to that laid down for the marking of trees in British territory for Mysore shops.

(2) Applications for tree-tapping licenses in the South Kanara district should be countersigned by the owner or person in possession of the forest intended to be marked in token of his consent.

5. Toddy shopkeepers in towns adjoining the Mysore territory will also be allowed to tap trees in Mysore and the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, for the supply of toddy to their shops on payment of the whole of the tree-tax in one instalment into the British treasury of the Madras Government and subject to such regulations regarding permits, etc. as may be prescribed in this behalf. The rate of tree-tax to be paid in such cases will invariably be the higher rate in force, if the rate is not the same on the two sides of the frontier.

The British and Mysore Governments reserve to themselves the right to impose, in addition to the tree-tax, a rent for the use of trees belonging to them, the same when imposed being payable by British and Mysore residents alike. The arrangements agreed to by the Madras and the Mysore Governments with regard to the grant of licenses for tapping trees in either territory on the application of business or shopkeepers in the other do not prevent the operation of trees in any special area in the Madras Presidency or in Mysore with a view to effecting better results or for other sufficient reasons and the mere payment of tree-tax into a British or Mysore treasury does not entitle an applicant to tapping licenses for trees so reserved.

6. (1) Toddy shopkeepers in British territory adjoining the Bangangala State will be allowed to tap trees in the State on payment of tree-tax into the Kottaimathu Sub Treasury. The rate being the same as in the Bangalore district. Toddy shopkeepers in Bangangala State will be allowed to tap trees in the adjoining British territory on payment of tree-tax in the treasury of the taluk in which the trees stand. Toddy shopkeepers in British territory adjoining the Podukottai State will be allowed to tap trees in that State on payment of tree-tax to that State at the higher of the rates prevailing on both sides of the frontier.

(2) Toddy shopkeepers in British territory adjoining Cochin State may be allowed to tap trees in that State on payment of full tree-tax to that State at the higher of the rates prevailing on both sides of the frontier.

A Cochin State resident applying for trees in British territory must pay full tree-tax in one instalment at the higher of the rates prevailing on both sides of the frontier, into a British treasury, and present to the British Tahsildar or

Deputy Tahsildar concerned on application which may be received or assigned by the Circle Inspector of the division within whose jurisdiction the shop is situated. The British Circle Inspector to whom the application is forwarded shall have discretion to refuse to comply with an application either wholly or in part. The currency of the license and permits issued by the British Circle Inspector shall correspond with the periods for which licenses for tapping are granted under the tree tapping rules in force in the Cochin State. The license and permits issued in the State under the British Inspector shall be liable to suspension or cancellation at the request of the Cochin State Revenue officer.

7. Persons applying for the issue of licenses will be responsible to Government for all sums payable as duties on account of the trees licensed to be tapped.

8. (1) Unless there are special reasons for refusing to work the trees, the Inspector on receipt of an application will at once take steps for the marking of the trees by an officer of rank not lower than a Sub-Inspector and for the issue of the license. The Inspector may also at his discretion refuse to comply with an application either wholly or in part, if he considers that the trees applied for are in excess of the legitimate demand of the shop. Applications for trees shall pass out to the marking officer, when required by the latter to do so, the trees applied for by them. Should they fail to do an after reasonable notice, the fees paid by them shall be liable to be forfeited at the Collector's discretion.

(2) In the East Godavari district, in the West Godavari district, in the Rayachoti and Rayachoti taluqs of the Guntur district and in the villages of the Agency tracts specified in Schedule I, trees intended for the drawing of latex intended to be used for the drawing of latex, shall, as far as possible, be in separate tracts or blocks.

9. Collectors may, from time to time, permit the maximum number of trees to be entered in an original application. They may also direct that the trees situated in one village only shall be included in an application.

10. Toddy shall not be drawn from any toddy tree until the tree has been marked by the proper officer.

11. For palmyra and date trees in the Travancore and for Daniyal (dryness Wipha) trees in South Kanara, tree-tapping business shall be closed, that is, in date from 1st October or any subsequent date in the 30th September immediately following, and for coconut and sign trees they shall be half-yearly, that is, in date from 1st October or any subsequent date in the first March immediately following, and from 1st April or any subsequent date in the 30th September immediately following, except in the case of the trees which have been already tapped, on which the full tree-tax may be levied.

12. The following shall be the fees payable on account of each tree for the tapping of which licenses is applied for:—

Details.	Coconut palm (for each half year or third of a year)	Sign palm (for each half year or third of a year if above)	Palmyra or date palm (for the whole year and first 12 months if above)	Daniyal (dryness Wipha) palm (for the whole year or 12 months if above)
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Coconut				
Transplantation, except 1st year when in Schedule II	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 0 0
1st year when not in Schedule II	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Transplantation—1st year when not in Schedule II	0 10 0	0 10 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Agency areas—1st year when not in Schedule II	0 10 0	0 10 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
(1) Transplantation (for the whole year)	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
(2) Other cultivation in the State	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
All other districts	0 10 0	0 10 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

(3) The tree-tax payable by toddy shopkeepers in the Travancore and Malabar districts, who work in August and September palmyra which comes out but, whether applied, will be at the rate of Rs. 1-14-0 per tree.

(4) The tree-tax payable on coconut and sign trees worked by toddy shopkeepers in Malabar,

Chingleput and Tanjore districts who take shops at regular intervals on or after 1st June will be two-thirds of the full rate.

13. The fees payable on account of any license issued under these rules shall be payable in the following instalments unless the Commissioner of Revenue shall otherwise direct:—

Period within which the license is applied for.

Instalments in which the fee is to be paid.

In the case of half-yearly fees.

Between 1st October and 31st December in any year.

One-half at the time of application, and the other half on the 1st February following.

Between 1st January and 31st March in any year.

The whole at the time of application.

Between 1st April and 30th June in any year.

One-half at the time of application and the other half on the 1st July following.

Between 1st July and 30th September in any year.

The whole at the time of application.

In the case of annual fees.

Between 1st October and 31st December in any year.

One-half at the time of application and the other half on the 1st February following.

Between 1st January and 31st April in any year.

One-half at the time of application and the other half on the 1st May following.

Between 1st May and 31st September in any year.

The whole at the time of application.

Notes.—The tree-tax payable for the full year in the villages mentioned and referred to in rule 1 (1) and by applicants for licenses for toddy shops in the villages mentioned in rule 1 (2) of these rules shall be paid in two instalments at the time of application.

14. Every instalment of freight shall be paid on the first day of the month in which it falls due.

15. For the convenience of applicants, applications will be received from 1st September or 1st March; but no trees will be marked, nor licences issued, nor preparations of splices permitted before 15th September or 15th March; nor shall pots be situated on trees before the evening of the 30th September or 31st March, as the case may be. In the case of "Kodupala" palms, trees tagged at auction sales at the Treasury and Municipal Gardens, marking will be allowed from the 15th July. In the case of date trees the process of preparation will be allowed from the 15th September, but the licence required for the marking of the drip incise will not be allowed before the evening of the 30th September. In no case shall today be drawn except during the evening of the Evening.

16. All today drawn under the tree-tapping licence granted in accordance with these rules shall, as soon as the pots containing it are

removed from the trees, be immediately conveyed direct to a supplier as a licensed today shop under a general transport permit which will be granted gratis by the Inspector. In the South Kanan district when a licensee desires to change the shop to which his today is to be taken, the permit will be amended on application and on payment of two annas in addition to the court-fee stamp of the value of one anna to be affixed to the application. No today drawn under these rules shall be sold otherwise than in a licensed distilleries of shipwreck except at a regularly licensed shop. Tree-foot sales or sales in the open are absolutely prohibited.

17. Between sunset and sunrise no today shall be drawn or kept by a person holding a licence under these rules in the garden or field in which stand the trees which he is licensed to tap, except the today contained in the pots attached to the trunks of the trees, provided that the Commissioner of Forest may, on sufficient cause being shown, relax the restriction in any local area.\*

\* In the Madras Forest Circle permits and date today may be drawn as early as 6 a.m.

SCHEDULE 1.

VICARAPURAM AREA.

Garden taluk.	Garden taluk—cont.	Garden taluk—cont.
1. Podda Jagannarasappa.	15. Ghassanad Kodagudem.	27. Liangavaram.
2. Dharmavaram.	16. Vasanthapada.	28. Kalluru.
3. Kottapada.	17. Padi.	29. Telukuda.
4. Sarathapadapalem.	18. Kothamp.	30. Tannavaram.
5. Gumpal.	19. Kottaparam.	31. Anantapadapalem.
6. Gumpadapada.	20. Chikilada.	32. Kodavaram.
7. Vattapada.	21. Kottapadapeta.	33. Gannadivaram.
8. Kottaparam Agraharam.	22. Kottapadapeta.	34. Kottapadapeta.
9. Kottapadapeta.	23. Kottapadapeta.	35. Pottapeta.
10. Gannadapada.	24. Sarathapada Agraharam.	36. Hattapeta.
11. Kottapadapeta.	25. Kottapadapeta.	37. Kottapeta.
12. Kottapadapeta.	26. Kottapadapeta.	38. Dharmavaram (near Dharmavaram Forest reserve).
13. Kottapadapeta.	27. Kottapadapeta.	39. Kottapadapeta.
14. Chinnabhatta.	28. Kottapadapeta.	

EAST GODAVARI AREA.

Chinnabhatta taluk.	Chinnabhatta taluk—cont.	Chinnabhatta taluk—cont.
1. Padi Bhampal.	24. Kottapadapeta.	47. Yappapadapeta.
2. Kottapadapeta.	25. Kottapadapeta.	48. Pottapeta.
3. Kottapadapeta.	26. Kottapadapeta.	49. Pottapeta.
4. Kottapadapeta.	27. Kottapadapeta.	50. Kottapeta.
5. Kottapeta.	28. Kottapadapeta.	51. Kottapeta.
6. Kottapeta.	29. Kottapadapeta.	52. Kottapeta.
7. Kottapeta.	30. Kottapadapeta.	53. Kottapeta.
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13. Kottapeta.	36. Kottapadapeta.	59. Kottapeta.
14. Kottapeta.	37. Kottapadapeta.	60. Kottapeta.
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16. Kottapeta.	39. Kottapadapeta.	62. Kottapeta.
17. Kottapeta.	40. Kottapadapeta.	63. Kottapeta.
18. Kottapeta.	41. Kottapadapeta.	64. Kottapeta.
19. Kottapeta.	42. Kottapadapeta.	65. Kottapeta.
20. Kottapeta.	43. Kottapadapeta.	66. Kottapeta.
21. Kottapeta.	44. Kottapadapeta.	67. Kottapeta.
22. Kottapeta.	45. Kottapadapeta.	68. Kottapeta.
23. Kottapeta.	46. Kottapadapeta.	69. Kottapeta.

Prepared at the Forest Department

## RARI GORAVARI AZENTY—1991.

Chiduvaram taluk—cont.		Telsavaram taluk—cont.		Telsavaram taluk—cont.	
60. Doranapalli	Krishna	19. Kichimipadu.	(Forest)	(Dargavaram part—cont.)	
70. Velpalapalli.		20. Kimmara.		85. Kodamangala.	
71. Manjeruvali.		21. Banampetipadu.		86. Anandabanda.	
72. Komavaram (near No. 71).		22. Dalilanka.		87. Doranavali.	
73. Peda Doravali.		23. Korangudi.		88. Yerrampalem.	
74. Jaganapalli.		24. Vuyyalaadaga.		89. Kottala.	
75. Doranapalem.		25. Alingudi.		90. Rajampalem.	
76. Bonagora.		26. Channapetipadu.		91. Pabbarangudi.	
77. Chirangapalli.		27. Agrahampetipadu.		92. Vajjanavali.	
78. Chiduvaram.		28. Bannam.		93. Adilapadu.	
79. Bhupatipalem.		29. Rajampalem.		94. Gudurukki.	
80. Chiruvapalem.	Krishna	30. Vargupadu.	(Forest)	95. Jagupadu.	
81. Boppa.		31. Rajampalem.		96. Biddigudi.	
82. Talapalem.		32. Gopurampalem.		97. Talipalem.	
83. Bhanavaram.		33. Rajampalem.		98. Vemulangi.	
84. Pithipadu.		34. Gudi Channampalem.		99. Konda.	
85. Chavara.		35. Poligutlapadu.		100. Sambavaram (near No. 85).	
86. Chavampalem.		36. Achavupadu.		101. Duvorai.	
87. Nijeravadi.		37. Boddala.		102. Kuchipalli.	
88. Berra.		38. Geddala.		103. Bhandipalli.	
89. Bealipadu.		39. Venkatachalam.		104. Kandi.	
90. Kuvaili.	Krishna	40. Rajampalem.	(Forest)	105. Anantaga.	
91. Gopuram.		41. Telavaram.		106. Lagunai.	
92. Bost in dipalem.		42. Mahipadu.		107. Chennurupalem.	
93. Padmaravali.		43. Vairabhadrapuram.		108. Ametla.	
94. Duttampadu.		44. Konda.		109. Saravampalem.	
95. Valla.		45. Banampetipadu.		110. Nallamita.	
96. Bhupali.		46. Kottampalem.		111. Lakshmi.	
97. Telavaram.		47. Korapeta.		112. Rajampalem.	
98. Banapalli.		48. Langampeta.		113. Rajampalem.	
99. Banampetipadu (near Peda-Bhupadu).		49. Doranavali.		114. Telavaram.	
100. Doranapalli.	Krishna	50. Banampetipadu.	(Forest)	115. Padilanka.	
101. Kuvampalem.		51. Konda.		116. Mahavampalem.	
102. Gopavaram.		52. Gudurukki.		117. Gopudi.	
103. Gopavaram.		53. Gudurukki.		118. Rajampalli.	
104. Gudurukki.		54. Korangudi.		119. Vayyala.	
105. Banapadu.		55. Tandi.		120. Loddhi.	
106. Banapadu.		56. Velpampalem.		121. Anantaga.	
107. Telavara.		57. Jakkala.		122. Komaravaram.	
108. Velpampadu.		58. Channampalem.		123. Votara.	
109. Telavara.		59. Marripalem.		124. Chiduvaram.	
110. Velpampadu.	Krishna	60. Doranapalem.	(Forest)	125. Peda Doravali.	
111. Velpampadu.		61. Angara.		126. Kuvampalem.	
112. Mahipadu.		62. Bhupatipadu.		127. Vairabhadrapadu.	
113. Kottampalem.		63. Kuvampalem.		128. Sambavaram (near Vairabhadrapadu).	
114. Chavara.		64. Velpampadu.		129. Kuvampalem.	
115. Chavara.		65. Pabbarangudi.		130. Vairabhadrapadu.	
116. Chavara.		66. Jagupadu.		131. Kottampalem.	
117. Chavara.		67. Jaganpalem.		132. Mahipadu.	
118. Chavara.		68. Banampetipadu.		133. Banampetipadu.	
119. Chavara.		69. Banampetipadu.		134. Jaganpalem.	
120. Chavara.	Krishna	70. Banampetipadu.	(Forest)	135. Jaganpalem.	
121. Chavara.		71. Banampetipadu.		136. Banampetipadu.	
122. Chavara.		72. Banampetipadu.		137. Banampetipadu.	
123. Chavara.		73. Banampetipadu.		138. Banampetipadu.	
124. Chavara.		74. Banampetipadu.		139. Banampetipadu.	
125. Chavara.		75. Banampetipadu.		140. Banampetipadu.	
126. Chavara.		76. Banampetipadu.		141. Banampetipadu.	
127. Chavara.		77. Banampetipadu.		142. Banampetipadu.	
128. Chavara.		78. Banampetipadu.		143. Banampetipadu.	
129. Chavara.		79. Banampetipadu.		144. Banampetipadu.	

EAST GODAVARI DISTRICT—cont.		
Shadrenakula taluk—cont.	Shadrenakula taluk—cont.	Nagar taluk—cont.
8. Kuruchandrapuram.	34. Nandigama.	8. Chanderpeta.
9. Paravada.	35. Marumuru.	9. Puzum.
10. Narayanaपुरam.	36. Myruchandrapuram.	10. Ghat. Vempuram.
11. Goudala.	37. Chittara.	11. Ayeravayla.
12. Pimpali.	38. Jekapeta.	12. Kotla.
13. Rajampeta.	39. Kuchanuram.	13. Chennavaram.
14. Srirangam.	40. Konneturam/gudem.	14. Sagar.
15. Waddigudem.	41. Gummugudem.	15. Marikala.
16. Padanattapeta.	42. Chavikudala.	16. Venkateswaram.
17. Kerduram.	43. Tarakalagudem.	17. Karmaram.
18. Trijapeta.	44. Sannamudi.	18. Akaragudem.
19. Maripeta near Waddigudem.	45. Gollapeta.	19. Swarnagudem.
20. Kooravaram.	46. Kotlagudem.	20. Vamsakrishnapuram.
21. Lalavaya.		21. Challa.
22. Marripeta.		22. Lingapuram.
23. Lakshmapuram.		

## SCHEDULE II.

## VISHAKHAPATNA DISTRICT.

Branganapukota taluk.	Branganapukota taluk—cont.	Branganapukota taluk—cont.
1. Panyapudi.	5. Maika.	11. Gollapudi.
2. Vada.	6. Thirupati.	12. Thimmapeta.
3. Dapeta.	7. Rajapalem.*	13. Kanda.
4. Gumpada.	8. Chappanagadda.*	
	* Hamlets of Thirupati.	
Sihora taluk.	Sihora taluk—cont.	Sihora taluk—cont.
1. Kodana.	12. Madanji.	21. Chanderkha.
2. Eera.	13. Doreji.	22. Koppuram.
3. Chanderkha.	14. Kattankula alias Doreji Doreji, hamlet of Koppuram.	23. Narayana.
4. Eerana.		24. Telukula.
5. Poyyala.		25. Kattakoppuram.
6. Sarifnalla.	15. Mammalipeta.	26. Pundarikota.
7. Mandreji.	16. Maddalavula.	27. Gummugudi.
8. Chikla Mandreji.	17. Mellaveta.	28. Delavula.
9. Telukla Thandavola.	18. Sangaravola.	29. Godebanura.
10. Garagapeta.	19. Pallakurkula.	
11. Peta Majjash.	20. Mangalabada.	

B. BRITO.

Secretary to the Commissioner of Revenue.

Madras, 2nd July 1932.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 5 of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1921, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the areas specified in the schedule below—

## SCHEDULE.

## Chidambaram taluk, Coimbatore taluk.

**Chidambaram taluk—**Starting at the north-east corner of S. No. 13 of village No. 47, Chidambaram, running northwards and passing through the eastern boundary of S. Nos. 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350 and 351 of Rameswar village, and turning towards the east crossing the northern side of S. No. 3211A intersecting the Rajapetnam Railway line and then passing through S. Nos. 2511B and 2512 and 2513, and then turning south-eastwards passing through the northern limits of S. Nos. 227, 228A, 228B, 229, 231 and then ending at the eastern boundary of S. Nos. 245, 246, 247 and then turning northwards passing through the north-eastern boundary of 248 and northern boundary of S. Nos. 249, 249A, 249B and 249C of Sangaravola village and then crossing the Coimbatore taluk boundary through the northern limits of S. Nos. 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231 and then crossing Rajapetnam road (S. Nos. 254 and 255) running northwards passing through the northern limits of S. Nos. 184, 185, 186, 187, 188 and 189 of Chidambaram village, and then turning northwards along the eastern boundary of ward No. 10 of Coimbatore Municipality, i.e., along the eastern side of S. Nos. 184, 185, 186 and 189 of Chidambaram village and then turning northwards along the northern

boundary of Ward No. IX of Coimbatore Municipality, i.e., along the northern boundary of S. No. 248 of Chidambaram village and then turning northwards along the western boundary of S. No. 248 of Chidambaram village and then turning south along the northern boundary of S. Nos. 246, 246A north-western corner of 251 and then along the northern boundary of Nos. 251, 251A, 251B, 251C and 252 of Chidambaram village and turning into the limits of Sangaravola village and then passing along the northern boundary of S. Nos. 174, 174A, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

K. S. NARAYANA AYYAR,

Assistant Secretary.

Board (Land Revenue and Settlement),  
Madras, 24th June 1932.

## ERRATUM.

In the eblar notice appearing at page 303 to 305 of Part II of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 24th June 1932, for words "1st October 1931", read "1st October 1932".

Madras Collector's Office,

24th June 1932.



**LIST OF LICENCES ISSUED UNDER THE MADRAS ABKARI ACT I OF 1888 AND OPIUM ACT DURING APRIL AND MAY 1932.**

Number and name of license.	Tax charged per annum.	Place of vend.
F.L. 1.A.—Licence for compounding and blending of foreign liquor for the purpose of sale.		
1. Henna H.C. Chaw No 326	Rs. 200	At Main Road, Bangalore.

*Special license.*

F.L. 13.—Licence for the sale of pure rectified spirits only which include absolute alcohol by chemists and druggists and other class of persons duly authorized in that behalf.		
24. Mr. G. Rama Rao No. 10	Rs. 65	Perumalpet, High Road.
F.L. 17.—Licence for the sale of rectified wine and similar preparations containing 20 per cent and upwards but not more than 42 per cent of proof spirit.		
26. Mr. H. Chandra Rao No. 10	Rs. 65	Perumalpet, High Road.

D.S. 2.—Licence for the sale of distilled spirits.

41. K. Ramesh Sivaswami No. 10	Rs. 65	Perumalpet, High Road.
42. K. Ramesh Sivaswami No. 10	Rs. 65	Perumalpet, High Road.

D.S. 3.—Licence for possession and use of deerskins and for the sale of deerskins and others.

18. Mr. H. D. Natarajan No. 10	Rs. 65	Perumalpet, High Road.
19. Mr. H. D. Natarajan No. 10	Rs. 65	Perumalpet, High Road.

M.L.—Licence granted to a dealer in morphine in the town of Madras for the sale of morphine drugs otherwise than on prescription.

25. Mr. G. Rama Rao No. 10	Rs. 65	Perumalpet, High Road.
26. Mr. G. Rama Rao No. 10	Rs. 65	Perumalpet, High Road.

M.L.—Licence granted to a dealer for the vend of morphine drugs on prescription only.

41. Mr. G. Rama Rao No. 10	Rs. 65	Perumalpet, High Road.
42. Mr. G. Rama Rao No. 10	Rs. 65	Perumalpet, High Road.

**T. G. RUTHERFORD,**  
Collector.

Madras Collector's Office,  
25th June 1932.

**PUBLIC WORKS NOTIFICATIONS.**

**NOTIFICATIONS.**

As the new extension of the Vaidar System will be handed over to the Vaidar Division from 1st July 1932, all correspondence relating to it should, from that date, be addressed to the Executive Engineer, Vaidar Division, Tanjore.

**A. R. S. CAMPBELL,**  
Executive Engineer, No. 1 Division, Canal System, Command-Master Project,  
Tanjore, 14th June 1932.

In partial modification of this office order No. 787-4, dated 22nd June 1932, the words "Executive Engineer, Eastern Division" are now adapted as telegraphic address of Executive Engineer, Eastern Division, instead of the words "Executive Engineer, Eastern Division" occurring in the second sentence of the original office order.

**N. GANAPATHI PILLAI,**  
Executive Engineer, Eastern Division,  
Tamilnadu, 29th June 1932.

**UNCLAIMED DEPOSITS.**

Notice is hereby given that a sum of Rs. 90 (ninety only) being the account money deposited by one C. R. Natarajan Nair in December 1930 for the work of repairs to Photo Studio, Survey Office, for 1930-31, is outstanding in the accounts of this office unclaimed. If the amount is not claimed within one month from the date of this notification, it will be credited to Government.

**M. GUY JACKSON,**  
Executive Engineer, South Presidency Division,  
Madras, 25th June 1932.

An amount of Rs. 90-14-0 being the stipend balance of deposit due to M. Venkataratnam of Nerva in the work of "Fiduciary the work of Nerva, Chennai head office", estimate No. 200 has been outstanding in the accounts for a very long time.

2. The said M. Venkataratnam is reported to have left his village Nerva, and as his whereabouts are not known, the amount of Rs. 90-14-0 due to him will be credited to Revenue if the amount is not claimed within two months of the date of this notification.

**V. VYADARAI APPAR,**  
Executive Engineer, Eastern Division,  
Barnala, 25th June 1932.

**MILITARY NOTIFICATION.**

**REPORT OF DESCRIPTION.**

Report of a deserter or absconder without leave from the Signal Training Centre, Royal Corps of Signals, dated at Jubbulpore, the 22nd day of June 1932.

Number, rank and name, 231022, Signalman Davies, A. E., age, 32 years; height, 5 feet 6 inches; colour of complexion, fair; hair, dark brown; eyes, brown; trade, assistant signaller (Civil), instrument mechanic (Army); date of enlistment 24th October 1926; place of enlistment, Newport-Mon; parish and county in which born, St. Nicholas, Newport, Monmouthshire; date of desertion or absence, 24th June 1932; place of desertion or absence, Jubbulpore; name, name of operative on left side, Hyderabad; on. full name; address, No. 11, Lindsay Street, Calcutta; under four years service.

(Signature), Lieut Colonel, R. Signals,  
Commanding, Signal Training Bn. S.F.C. (I).

# OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

## TENDER FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO THE WATER-SUPPLY FOR THE KING GEORGE HOSPITAL AT VIKRAPATAM.

Tenders will be received by the Executive Engineer, Vangapattinam Division, at his office at Vangapattinam, up to 3 p.m. on Thursday, 25th July 1930, for the work of "Improvements to the water-supply for the King George Hospital at Vangapattinam."

The tender should be in the prescribed form obtainable from the Executive Engineer's office.

2. Tender must be submitted in sealed covers, and should be addressed to the Executive Engineer, Vangapattinam Division, the name of the tenderer and the name of the work being noted on the cover.

If the tender is made by an individual, it shall be signed with his full name and his address shall be given. If it is made by a firm, it shall be signed with the co-partnership name by a member of the firm, who shall also sign his own name, and the name and address of each member of the firm shall be given. If the tender is made by a corporation, it shall be signed by a duly authorized officer who shall produce with his tender, satisfactory evidence of his authorization. Such tendering corporation may be required, before the contract is awarded, to furnish evidence of its corporate existence.

3. Each tenderer must pay as earnest money a sum of Rs. 300 (three hundred only) into the branch of the Imperial Bank of India or into the Government Treasury or sub-treasury within the jurisdiction of the Executive Engineer concerned, to the credit of "Revenue Deposits" on behalf of the Executive Engineer of the Vangapattinam Division and enclose with his tender the cheque endorsed accordingly. This earnest money will be refunded to the unsuccessful tenderer on application after termination of work of rejection of the tender or at the expiration of two months from date of tender whichever is earlier. The refund will be authorized by the Executive Engineer by suitable endorsement on the cheque. The earnest money will not be received in cash or currency notes by the Public Works Department officers, and is not to be returned, where there are no treasuries or banks within the jurisdiction of the officer calling for tenders. When currency notes are given, the tenderer should sign his name in full with date, on the back of all the currency notes given by him, wherever their denominations may be. The parties should make their own arrangements to receive the payment.

The earnest money will be retained in the case of the successful tenderer, and will not carry any interest. It will be dealt with as provided in the tender.

4. When a tender is to be accepted, the tenderer whose tender is under consideration shall attend the division office on the date fixed by written intimation to him. He shall forthwith sign intimation being given to him by the Executive Engineer of acceptance of his tender sign an agreement in the proper departmented form for the due fulfillment of the contract. He shall also within seven days of such signing of the contract make a security deposit of Rs. 300 (three hundred only) in one of the forms prescribed in the Madras Public Works Department Account Code which deposit together with the earnest money and withheld amount, will be retained as security for the due

fulfillment of the contract. If a such security deposit is made by the contractor he shall follow the procedure laid down in the preceding paragraph for payment of earnest money and such deposit will not bear interest. Failure to enter into the required agreement or to make the security deposit as directed in this paragraph shall entail forfeiture of the earnest money.

5. The tenderer shall examine clearly the Madras Detailed Standard Specifications, and also the Standard Preliminary Specifications contained therein, and send the Divisional office copy of the Madras Detailed Standard Specifications and its addenda volume in token of such study before submitting his tender and shall also be for finished work in situ. He shall also carefully study the drawings and additional specifications and all the documents which form part of the agreement to be entered into by the accepted tenderer. The Madras Detailed Standard Specifications and other documents associated with the contract such as specifications, plans, descriptive specifications about regarding materials, etc., can be seen at any time between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m., on office days, in the office of the Executive Engineer, Vangapattinam Division. The tenderer shall also examine the general specifications and particular attention is drawn to the paragraph I 10 (c) regarding test and payment.

6. The tenderer's attention is directed to the requirements for materials under the clause "Materials and workmanship" in the Preliminary Specification. Materials conforming to the British Standard Specifications shall be used on the work, and the tenderer shall quote his rates accordingly.

7. Every tenderer is expected, before quoting his rates, to inspect the site of the proposed work. He should also inspect the quarry and satisfy himself about the quality and availability of materials. The names of quarries, lakes, etc., wherever certain materials are to be obtained will be given in the descriptive specification sheet. The best class of materials to be obtained from the quarry or other source defined shall be used on the work. In every case the materials must comply with the relevant standard specification. Samples of materials to be used for in the standard specification, or in this tender notice, as required by the Executive Engineer in any case, shall be submitted for the Executive Engineer's approval before the supply is site of work is begun. If the contractor, after examination of the source of materials defined in the descriptive specification sheet, is of opinion that materials complying with the standard or other specifications of the contract cannot be obtained in quality or sufficient quantity from the source defined in the descriptive specification sheet, he shall so state clearly in his tender and state wherein he intends to obtain materials, subject to the approval of the Executive Engineer. The Government will not, however, after acceptance of a contract rate, pay any extra charges for load or for any other reason, in case the contractor is forced later on to have utilized the materials available. Attention of the contractor is directed to the standard "Preliminary Specification" regarding payment of freightage, tolls, etc.

8. The tenderer's particular attention is drawn to the sections and clauses in the standard "Preliminary Specification" dealing with—

- (1) Test, inspection and rejection of defective materials and work.
- (2) Curing.
- (3) Construction plant.

- (8) Water and lighting.  
 (9) Clearing up during progress and for delivery.  
 (10) Accidents.  
 (11) Delays.  
 (12) Receipts on particulars of payment.

The contractor should clearly print all the specification clauses which govern the rates which he is tendering.

3. A schedule of quantities accompanies this tender notice. It shall be definitely understood that the Government does not accept any responsibility for the correctness or completeness of this schedule, and that this schedule is liable to alterations by addition, deduction, or additions at the discretion of the Executive Engineer, Vancouver Division, at any time in the course of the contract. The tenderer will, however, base his tender on this schedule of quantities. He should quote specific rates for each item in the schedule, and the rates should be in rupees, annas and paise of those rates. The rates and the units for the rates should be written both in words and figures. The tenderer should also show the totals of each item and the grand total of the whole contract. This schedule accompanying the tender shall be written legibly and free from erasures, overwritings or over-cancellations of figures. Corrections, where unavoidable, should be made by crossing out, striking, dating and re-writing.

10. Tenderer offering a percentage deduction from or increase to a estimate amount, and those not submitted in proper form or in due time will be rejected. Rates or lump sum amounts for items not called for shall not be included in the tender. No alterations which is made by the tenderer in the contract form, the conditions of contract, the drawings, specifications, or quantities or employing same will be recognized and at any such alterations are made, the tender will be void.

11. The tenderer should work out his own rates, without reference being made to the Public Works Department current schedule of rates or to the Public Works Department estimate rates which are not open for inspection by tenderers.

12. The price at which and the source from which various particular materials shall be obtained by the contractor are given at the end of the schedule accompanying the tender form. Tenderer must accept the material at these prices, and shall quote their price for finished work accordingly. Notwithstanding any subsequent change in the market value for these materials, the change to the contractor will remain as originally awarded in the written contract. No savings or incidental changes will be borne by Government in connection with the supply.

13. If at any time subsequent to the execution of the contract Government materials other than those specified in the contract agreement are to be supplied to the contractor for use on the work, they will be charged at the market rate prevailing at the time of supply or such lower rate whichever is greater. No savings or incidental changes will be borne by the Government in connection with the supply.

The contractor will be informed in writing of the change and he should intimate in writing the rate which he demands for finished work in view of the fact that he is to use Government materials.

14. The work shall be completed and handed over to the Public Works Department within a period of three calendar months from the date of handing over the site to the contractor failing

which a penalty of Rs 25 per day will be levied and recovered from the contractor. The security deposit of Rs. 500 together with the withheld amount, if any, shall then be forfeited to Government if he fails to complete the work by the date fixed.

15. No part of the contract shall be executed without written permission of the Executive Engineer nor shall any work be made by power of attorney authorizing others to receive payments on the contractor's behalf.

16. If further necessary information is required, the Executive Engineer of the division will furnish such, but it shall be clearly understood that tenders must be received in order and according to instructions.

17. The Executive Engineer or other sanctioning authority reserves the right to reject any tender or all the tenders without assigning any reason therefor.

18. The contractor shall, at his own cost,  
 (i) provide rods, stakes, ropes and labour required in setting out the work;

(ii) provide all necessary scaffolding, centring and shoring;

(iii) provide shade to keep materials under cover;

(iv) supply all requisite temporary lights, water, steam, coverings to machinery and other protection during the progress of the work;

(v) arrange protection during inclement weather;

(vi) supply all requisite watching by day and night;

(vii) supply all water required for work and workmen from municipal or other sources and pay for the water charges;

(viii) clear away all dirt and rubbish and superfluous materials and debris as they accumulate;

(ix) afford facilities to any other person employed on other works so that their work may proceed unobstructed without hindrance.

#### SCHEDULE.

I. Constructing a water tank with a capacity of 20,000 gallons.

Available quantity, description of work and unit.

No. 1.—Constructing a water tank as per plan S.S. 1/10 ft.

No. 2 of 100-20 and as per general specifications form I (a) to (d).

No. 3.—Digging and filling inside earth with a clear

cutting of 10' x 20' with necessary drainage and

grading about 4 wts. complete with drains. Each

500 sq. ft.—Digging and filling for 2' cut and over.

Concrete broken stone in base mortar for drains and

water channels. Per 100 sq. ft.

Country lime in base mortar for water channels and

drains, etc. Per 100 sq. ft.

Plastering with cement mortar 1" thick 1:2 for drains

and water channels, etc. Per 100 sq. ft.

II. Providing sewer and sewage arrangements to

the sewer.

1. Sewer—Supplying and fixing 2' cast iron with valves

with 10 pieces. Each.

2. Sewer—Supplying and fixing cast iron water valves

for the sewer. Each.

3. Sewer—Supplying and fixing 2' cast iron head 10"

has side flange and the other side rigid. Each.

4. Sewer—Supplying and fixing 2' flanged heads 10"

has. Each.

5. Sewer—Supplying and fixing 2' x 2' x 2' cast iron

with flanged ends on the three sides. Each.

6. Sewer—Supplying, laying and joining 2' cast iron

pipes with valves. Per 100 sq. ft.

7. Sewer—Supplying and fixing 2' ball valves. Each.

## Probable quantity, description of work and rate.

- 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" C.I. bends at work spaces and on one side and tapping on the other side. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" C.I. pipes with flange ends and one 4 feet long. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" C.I. bends 4 feet long, and with flange ends. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing (vertically) 2" C.I. pipes with flange ends and only 6 feet long. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" x 2" x 2" C.I. tee with flange ends for the branch pipe. Each.

## III. Laying a 2" C.I. return main from the Mainwater.

- 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" C.I. pipe with flange on one side and spigot on the other side and each 4 feet long. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" C.I. bends, short 1 with flange on both sides. Each.  
 1 No.—Supplying and fixing 2" x 2" x 2" C.I. tee with flange ends. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" C.I. pipes with flange ends and each 11 feet long. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" C.I. steam valves. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing C.I. surface boxes for 2" steam valves. Each.  
 1 No.—Supplying and laying and joining 2" C.I. pipes with spigot. Per ft.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" cast iron 1/2" bends. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" cast iron 1/2" bends. Each.  
 1 No.—Supplying and fixing 2" C.I. bend with flange of one side and spigot on the other side for corner at the Mainwater. Each.  
 1 No.—Supplying and fixing 2" C.I. spigot bend 14 ft with flange on one side and spigot on the other side. Each.  
 1 No.—Supplying and fixing air valve with secondary strainer for 2" C.I. main. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" x 2" x 2" C.I. tee for branch. Each.

## IV. Additions and alterations to the existing G.F. I. pipe lines

- 1100 ft.—Supplying, laying and joining 2" G.W.I. pipe line. Per ft.  
 6 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" C.I. steam valves. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing C.I. surface boxes for the steam valves. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" x 2" x 2" C.I. tee. Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing standard wrought iron working valves 2" x 1/2". Each.  
 2 Nos.—Supplying and fixing 2" spring head G.F.I. Each.  
 1 No.—Supplying and fixing 2" x 1/2" x 2" G.W.I. tee. Each.  
 1 No.—Supplying and fixing 2" G.W.I. quarter bends. Each.  
 21 ft.—Supplying, laying and joining 1" G.W.I. pipe. Per ft.

## V. General.

Eachwork item shall be broken for fixing new pipe line as at the present existing pipe line—Average allowance with the overhead up to 2" drop in 2" and for greater depth allowance with a 4" including clearing, laying, setting and covering the surface earth to a surface of not more than 100' and including disturbed roads, masonry works, etc., necessary.

- Per 1000 ft.  
 180 ft.—Removal existing 2" C.I. pipe line including materials, etc., clearing and stacking at a central place within the K.G. Hospital compound. Less or in excess while necessary should be made good by the contractor.  
 270 ft.—Removal existing 1 1/2" and 2" G.W.I. pipe line clearing and stacking at a central place within the K.G. Hospital compound. Less or in excess while necessary should be made good by the contractor.  
 2 Nos.—Removal 2" and 1 1/2" stop cocks. Less or in excess while necessary should be made good by the contractor.  
 1 No.—Removal 1 1/2" water. Less or in excess while necessary should be made good by the contractor.

## Probable quantity, description of work and rate.

- 200 ft.—Laying and joining 2" and two pipes with 1/2" diameter having root of ground space including cost of putting materials. Pipes etc. to be supplied by the Government within the K.G. Hospital compound and the contractor should arrange to convey to the same to the required place. Per ft.  
 120 ft.—Laying and joining 2" G.W.I. pipe including cost of pipes and spigot and including cost of putting materials. Pipes etc. to be supplied within the K.G. Hospital compound and the contractor should arrange to convey the same to the required place. Per ft.

- 1 No.—Fixing 2" stop cocks including cost of work. Each.

## General Conditions.

- The rates should be for finished work including cost and conveyance of materials and accessories with the description given above.
- Receipts on materials, diary, shall be paid by the contractor. The rates should therefore include receipt charges.

W. R. TURNER,

Executive Engineer, Trichinopoly Division, Trichinopoly, 24th June 1932.

## TENDER FOR EXTENDING THE POLICE STATION AT MANAPPARAI, TRICHINPOLY DISTRICT.

Sealed tenders for the abovesaid work will be received by the Executive Engineer, Trichinopoly Division, at his office up to 3-30 p.m. on 26th July 1932.

Tender notice, conditions of contract and contract documents can be seen at any time between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. on office days in the office of the Executive Engineer, Trichinopoly Division, Trichinopoly, and in the South Subdivision office, Trichinopoly, from which blank forms of tenders can be obtained.  
 Trichinopoly, 24th July 1932.

## TENDER FOR EXTENDING THE SECOND ROOM OF THE TALUK OFFICE, KARUR, TRICHINPOLY DISTRICT.

Sealed tenders for the abovesaid work will be received by the Executive Engineer, Trichinopoly Division, at his office up to 3-30 p.m. on 26th July 1932.

Tender notice, conditions of contract and contract documents can be seen at any time between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. on office days in the office of the Executive Engineer, Trichinopoly Division, Trichinopoly, and in the West Subdivision office, Madurai, from which blank forms of tenders can be obtained.

R. S. RAMASWAMI AYYAR,

Executive Engineer, Trichinopoly Division, Trichinopoly, 22nd July 1932.

## SALE OF DAIRY MACHINERY.

It is hereby notified that at the Agricultural College, Coimbatore, one Ardra cooler and one Boman's cooler will be sold in public auction on Saturday, the 11th September 1932.

- The Ardra cooler is brand new and the Boman's cooler is in perfect working order.
- These two are open for inspection on any working day between 7-10 a.m. and 2-4 p.m.
- Interested purchasers should deposit Rs. 50 for the Ardra cooler and Rs. 20 for the Boman's cooler before they commence to bid.
- Each will be sold to the highest bidder, subject to confirmation by the Director of Agriculture, Madurai.

6 Fike per cent of the amount bid should be paid on the auction day and the balance within three days of the date of receipt of confirmation by the party, after which date the article will be returned to be re-auctioned. Time for removal eight days, failing which the deposit will be forfeited to Government and the article re-auctioned. 7. Any breakage or damage due to unforeseen causes will be borne by the party.

C. TABULINGAM,  
Principal

Agricultural College, Chembur,  
25th June 1932

### GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

AT THE GOVERNMENT BRANCH PRESS,  
180, MOUNT ROAD, MADRAS, S.O. AND  
BY AGENTS.

[A Catalogue of all Madras Government Publications available for sale may be obtained gratis from the Government Press, Mount Buildings, or at Street Road Branch, Madras.]

[The separate selling particulars are for printing and postage.]

[Receipts in the form of Postage Stamps will be accepted only for amounts of 4 annas and less, and that in stamps of one anna or lower denomination.]

ACT—MADRAS—V OF 1920—DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES ACT—MADRAS OF 1920 OUTGOING 1920. Tamil. Rs. 2-0-0 (7 ss.); Kannada, Rs. 3-0-0 (3 ss.).

ACT—MADRAS—VIII OF 1920—THE MADRAS ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT as amended by Madras Act II of 1922. English. Rs. 1 (1 p.).

ACT—MADRAS—II OF 1923—AN ACT TO AMEND THE MADRAS ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT, 1920. Malayalam. As 2-8 (3 p.). Hindustani, As 2-8 (3 p.).

ACT—MADRAS—IV OF 1915—AN ACT TO AMEND THE MADRAS LOCAL BOARDS ACT. English. Rs. 1-6 (8 p.). Tamil. As. 1-9 (8 p.). Kannada. As 2 (8 p.).

ACT—MADRAS—V OF 1932—MOTOR VEHICLES REGULATION (AMENDMENT). English As. 1-9 (6 p.).

STANDING ORDERS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, Vol. I, CORRECTION slip No. 1, Annex 1, Nos. 5 and 7. Pm 3 (8 p.) each; No. 6, Pm 5 (8 p.); Vol. II, CORRECTION slip No. 1, As 2 (8 p.); Nos. 2 to 7. Pm 3 (8 p.) each; Vol. III, CORRECTION slip No. 1, As 2 (8 p.); Nos. 2 and 3. Pm 3 (8 p.) each; No. 4, Pm 4 (8 p.).

AGRICULTURAL INSECTS No. 28. Insects affecting the Cotton Plantations in Southern India. As. 4 (8 p.).

REVENUE TO SIXTY-SECOND LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE MADRAS FOREST DEPARTMENT AND ACCOUNT CODE, Vol. 1. Pm 3 (8 p.) each.

THIRTY-SEVENTH LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE MADRAS FOREST DEPARTMENT AND ACCOUNT CODE, Vol. II. Pm 3 (8 p.).

FIRST LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO SPECIAL FORMS CODE. Annex 1 (6 p.).

CORRECTION slip No. 1 of 1932 to THE DISTRICT OFFICE MADRAS. Pm 3 (8 p.).

LIST OF GRANTED OFFICERS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY divided up to 1st June 1932. As. 12 (5 p.).

SEVENTH TERM EXAMINATION conducted up to 15th May 1932. As. 1-6 (8 p.).

THIRTIETH LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE FOREST MANUAL. As 2 (8 p.).

THIRTY-FIRST LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE FOREST MANUAL. Pm 3 (8 p.).

THIRTY-SECOND LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE FOREST MANUAL. As. 1-6 (8 p.).

THIRTY-THIRD LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE FOREST MANUAL. Pm 3 (8 p.).

THIRTY-FOURTH LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE FOREST MANUAL. Annex 1 (6 p.).

ANNUAL REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE HOSPITAL HOSPITALS FOR 1931. As. 30 (1 s.).

REPORT OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE JUDICIAL OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY 1931-32. As. 16 (1 s. 4 p.).

SEVENTH LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE MADRAS MOTOR MANUAL. Pm 3 (8 p.).

EIGHTH LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE MADRAS MOTOR MANUAL. Pm 3 (8 p.).

THIRTY-SEVENTH LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE MADRAS STATISTICAL MANUAL, Vol. 1. Pm 3 (8 p.).

THIRTY-EIGHTH LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE MADRAS STATISTICAL MANUAL, Vol. 1. Pm 3 (8 p.).

TABLE EQUIVALENTS OF ENGLISH TERMS IN PERSIAN. As. 2 (8 p.).

TABLE EQUIVALENTS OF ENGLISH TERMS IN PERSIAN. As. 2 (8 p.).

TABLE SHOWING EFFECTS OF LEGISLATION IN THE LOCAL LEGISLATURE, MADRAS, 1931-32. As. 4 (8 p.).

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, MADRAS PRESIDENCY, FOR THE YEAR 1931-32, PART II—IRRIGATION. Rs. 2-5-0 (3 ss. 6 p.).

RECORDS OF FORT ST. GEORGE—DISPATCHES TO ENGLAND, 1749-1751. Rs. 12 (13 ss.).

RECORDS OF FORT ST. GEORGE—DISPATCHES FROM ENGLAND, 1753-1760. Rs. 15-12-6 (12 ss.).

LETTERS TO FORT ST. GEORGE, 1718. Rs. 7 (9 ss.).

LETTERS FROM FORT ST. GEORGE, 1736, Vol. XXI (1932). Rs. 4-6-0 (7 ss.).

REPORT OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 1931. As. 6 (8 p.).

MAPS BOOK OF SOME SOUTH INDIAN WARS. Rs. 4 (12 ss.).

### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NEW PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

ACT—INDIA—VIII OF 1932 THE PRINCIPAL CRIMINAL LAW AMENDMENT (SUPPLEMENTARY) ACT. Annex 1 (6 p.).

ACT—INDIA—IX OF 1931 THE INDIAN PATENT RIGHTS ACT, 1932. Annex 1 (6 p.).

ACT—INDIA—X OF 1932 THE CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE (AMENDMENT) ACT. Annex 1 (6 p.).

ACT—INDIA—XI OF 1932 THE FOREIGN SITES VALUATION ACT. Annex 1 (6 p.).

ACT—INDIA—XII OF 1932 THE FOREIGN RELATIONS ACT. Annex 1 (6 p.).

ACT—INDIA—XIII OF 1932 THE SPOILS REMOVAL (REVISION) ACT. Annex 1 (6 p.).

ACT—INDIA—XIV OF 1932 THE INDIAN AIR FORCE ACT. As. 2 (1 p.).

ACT—BILLS—XV of 1932. THE INDIAN TAXES (WIRELESS LICENSING) AMENDMENT ACT, 1932 (18 of 1932).

LET OF COMMUNICATION TO THE ATTENDANT ACCOUNTS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS FOR 1930-31 AND THE REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL THEREON. AGRA 1 (16 of 1932).

INDIAN FINANCIAL COMMITTEE, VOL. I—REPORT OF THE INDIAN FINANCIAL COMMITTEE. RE 1-3-0 (7 of 1932).

INDIAN FINANCIAL COMMITTEE, VOL. II—MEMORANDA. RE 1-14-2 (8 of 1932).

INDIAN FINANCIAL COMMITTEE, VOL. III—MEMORANDA. RE 1-12-0 (10 of 1932).

REPORT OF THE CHINA COMMITTEE, VOL. I—REPORT AND FINANCIAL APPENDICES. RE 1 (10 of 1932).

### VACANCIES.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Indian Assistant to the Royal Air Force Education Officer at the Aircraft Depot, Dugli Road, near Kanak. Pay Rs. 350-90-470 subject to a deduction of 10 per cent until further orders.

1. The appointment will be for a period of three years with a possibility of extension. The selected candidate will be appointed on probation for one year. No residential accommodation will be provided. Candidates must have the degree of Bachelor of Science in Physics at an Indian University, or an equivalent or higher degree. They must also have a British degree (or its equivalent) in Mechanical Engineering and have had at least a year's workshop training, preferably in aircraft or motor workshops. Training experience will be regarded as an additional qualification. The medium of instruction will be English but a knowledge of colloquial Urdu is also required.

2. The duties of the post will be to assist generally the Royal Air Force Education Officer, with particular reference to the technical and general educational training of apprentice-mechanics intended for the Indian Air Force and other Indian personnel stationed at the Aircraft Depot.

3. Applications must reach the Secretary, Public Service Commission, "Kensington House, Avenue," Simla, on or before the 24th August 1932. Further particulars and application forms can be obtained from him.

Simla, 23rd June 1932.

APPOINTMENTS are invited for a qualified post of Professor of Pathology and Bacteriology, School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, Calcutta. Candidates should have considerable practical experience in Bacteriology, Para-biology, medical Anatomy and Histology, and experience in teaching these subjects. The appointment is open to the medical professions in general, including the R.N.S.

Pay scale of Rs. 500-5,000 to a non-I.E.S. Officer. An Indian Medical Service Officer would receive professional pay of rank. An allowance of Rs. 500 per month will be paid in lieu of private practice.

The appointment will be provisional for the present, and the pay subject to a reduction of 10 per cent. If a candidate not already in Government employ is selected:—(a) His appointment will be on contract for three years, terminable by six months' notice on either side. (b) The post will not be pensionable but the officer

will be allowed the benefit of the Special Post-duct Fund. (c) The successful candidate will be required to execute an agreement.

Applications must reach the Secretary, Public Service Commission, "Kensington House, Avenue," Simla, by the 24th August 1932. Further particulars and application forms can be obtained from him.

Simla, 23rd June 1932.

APPLICATIONS are invited from statutory officers of Banks for a non-pensionable post of Farm Assistant at the Kharai substation of the Botanical system of the Imperial Institute of Agricultural Research, Pune. Government servants are eligible.

The post will carry pay on the scale of Rs. 100-30-300 per annum, subject to the 50 per cent emergency cut so long as it lasts.

A candidate must hold a B.Sc. Pass degree with Botany, or a degree or diploma in Agriculture at an Indian University or equivalent qualification. He must also have undergone postgraduate training in plant breeding.

The appointment will, in the first instance, be up to the end of September 1932, and will be on probation for one year.

Applications must reach the Secretary, Public Service Commission, "Kensington House, Avenue," Simla, by the 24th August 1932. Further particulars and application forms can be obtained from him.

D. REYNOLDS,  
Secretary, Public Service Commission (India).  
Simla, 24th June 1932.

### PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

On or after 7th August 1932, I intend moving the High Court to plead as an Advocate thereof.

U. LAKSHMANA,  
Erode, 16th June 1932.

On or after 14th August 1932, I intend moving the High Court to plead as an Advocate thereof.

P. V. RAMA ANJANAR,  
Tiruvallur, 16th June 1932.

On or after 23rd July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to plead as an Advocate thereof.

P. SUNDARAR,  
Utharal, 16th June 1932.

On or after 20th July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to plead as an Advocate thereof.

T. MUNISWAMI REDDI,  
Madras, 11th June 1932.

On or after 17th July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to plead as an Advocate thereof.

K. BALAKRISHNA RAO,  
Mangalore, 15th June 1932.

On or after 23rd July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to plead as an Advocate thereof.

D. THIRUNAYARAM,  
Vakkala, 16th June 1932.

On or after 23rd July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to plead as an Advocate thereof.

P. DUNAKANDAN A MENON,  
Tripunithur, 24th June 1932.

On or after 20th July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

**T. SRINIVASAN.**

Madras, 12th June 1932.

On or after 26th July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Attorney-at-Law thereof.

**P. D. ANANTACHARI.**

Madras, 9th June 1932.

On or after 28th July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

**C. D. VENKATARAMAN.**

Chennai, Coimbatore, 21st June 1932.

On or after 28th July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Attorney-at-Law thereof.

Madras, 24th June 1932. **V. R. NATARAJAN.**

On or after 29th July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

**B. SRINIVASAN.**

Madras, 22nd June 1932.

On or after 12th August 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

**MUTHURAJAAL GOPALA PADANJER.**

Madras, 16th June 1932.

On or after 4th August 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

**G. VENKATESAM CHETTY.**

Madras, 22nd June 1932.

On or after 27th July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

**A. K. SREE RAMAN.**

Kattayam, 24th June 1932.

On or after 28th July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

**T. S. VENKATARAMAN.**

Madras, 27th June 1932.

On or after 12th August 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

**S. S. BHARADWAJ.**

Virudhunagar, 1st July 1932.

On or after 14th August 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

**T. K. NARAYANAN.**

Madras, 30th June 1932.

On or after 1st August 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

**C. R. SIVARAMAKRISHNA IYER.**

Chennai, Coimbatore, 24th June 1932.

On or after 8th August 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

**K. LUKSARAYANAN.**

Madras, 2nd July 1932.

On or after 22nd July 1932, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

**G. K. D. VAI.**

Madras, 29th June 1932.

I, V. Sundaram, shall herewith be known as V. Sundarajan.

**V. SUNDARAM.**

Madras, 27th June 1932.

Mr. C. E. Ricknell and Mrs. F. A. Ricknell, residing at Kollam, Vangapattinam district, hereby declare that our adopted daughter (hereafter known as Jennie Beatrice Fraser) will hereinafter be known as Jennie Beatrice Ricknell.

(Sd/-) **F. RICKNELL.**

**C. E. RICKNELL.**

Madras, 24th May 1932.

#### INSOLVENCY NOTICES.

No. 25 of 1932, **Sub-Court, Madras.**

Kandappa Acharya—Petitioner.  
Sivarama Chinnaiyand Narayana, etc.—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given that the above petitioner has filed this insolvency petition to adjudicate him as an insolvent. The said petition is posted for objections to 5th July 1932.

**G. DASULINAMURTHI.**

*Plaintiff for Petitioner.*

Madras, 23rd June 1932.

No. 103 of 1932, **Sub-Court, Madras.**

Pillaiya Venkateswamy—Petitioner.  
Kandappa Acharya and others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section 46 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudicate him as an insolvent and is posted to 12th July 1932.

No. 25 of 1932, **Sub-Court, Madras.**

Gaddipati Acharya—Petitioner.  
Vangapattinam and others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section 46 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudicate him as an insolvent and is posted to 12th July 1932.

**A. VENKATA SUBBARAO.**

*Advocate for Petitioner.*

Madras, 30th June 1932.

No. 111 of 1932, **Sub-Court, Madras.**

Madan Chandra Venkateswami—Petitioner.  
Datta Venkateswami and others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudicate him as an insolvent. The said petition is posted to 12th July 1932 for hearing.

**K. SESHAGIRI RAO.**

*Advocate for Petitioner.*

Madras, 30th June 1932.

No. 28 of 1932, **Sub-Court, Madras.**

Pillaiya Venkateswami—Petitioner.  
Narasimha Chinnaiyand Narayana and others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given that the above petitioner has filed this insolvency petition to adjudicate him as an insolvent. The said petition is posted for objections to 12th July 1932.

**M. VENKATESWARLU.**

*Plaintiff for Petitioner.*

Madras, 29th June 1932.

No. 97 of 1931, Sub-Court, Baramba.  
Majumdar Chandramowlyya—Petitioner  
(Creditor).

Theunis Kuntze Rao—Respondent.

TAKE notice that the above petitioner filed a petition in the said Court to adjudge him as insolvent. The petition stands posted to 1st August 1932 for objections. If anybody has objections, he may enter in person or through a pleader oppose the said petition at 11 a.m. on that day.

No. 103 of 1931, Sub-Court, Baramba.  
Kulera Lalchowya—Petitioner (Debtor).  
Lata Gangappa and others—Respondents.

TAKE notice that the above petitioner filed a petition in the said Court to adjudge him as insolvent. The petition stands posted to 30th July 1932 for objections. If anybody has objections, he may either in person or through a pleader oppose the said petition at 11 a.m. on that day.

G. V. GOPALA RAO,  
Pleader for Petitioner.

Tomb, 30th June 1932.

No. 19 of 1932, Sub-Court, Baramba.  
Brahmanth Ramaswamy—Petitioner  
(Creditor).  
Chilasa Lakshminarayana—Respondent (Debtor).

NOTICE is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court that the latter respondent may be adjudged insolvent. The said petition stands posted to 21st July 1932 for any objections.

P. V. SIVARAMAIAH,  
Pleader for Petitioner.

Nagda, 1st July 1932.

No. 71 of 1931 of Bapatla Sub-Court filed by Madhava Brahmayya and Venkata Subram of Nijalapudi to adjudge them insolvent stands posted to 15th July 1932.

A. SUBBA RAO,  
Pleader.

Bapatla, 22nd June 1932.

TAKE notice that one Madhava Krishna Rao of Gollavada has filed as I.P. No. 4 of 1932 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Tenali, and that it stands posted for objections to 1st July 1932.

K. KRISHNA RAO,  
Pleader for Petitioner.

Tenali, 17th June 1932.

# SUCCESSION CERTIFICATE.

O.P. No. 21 of 1932, District Munsif's Court,  
Vasanthapuram.

Saraswati Ammal—Petitioner.

Vediyasatha Sadrige—Respondent.

THE petitioner's son Muralidharan Ayyar died suddenly on 9th January 1931 at Thrippunithur. The petitioner as his wife has applied for succession certificate and the same is pending to 11th July 1932. Anybody interested in opposing the matter may appear before the said Court on the said date and state their objections.

P. S. RAMASWAMI AYYAR,  
Pleader.

Kumbakonam, 29th June 1932.





SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 17]

MAIDRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 8, 1932.

[PART I, 2000.

## EXCISE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATION.

No. 8, dated 1st July 1932.

#### NOTICE OF SALE OF AMKARI PRIVILEGES.

Notice is hereby given that the privilege of sale of toddy is independent shops in the territorial areas of the Presidency, including the Pongannapalle State and the toddy farms of 123 villages of the Pongannapalle State of the Ganjam Agency, will be put up to auction subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth. The period for which the privilege will be sold will be twelve months commencing 1st October 1932 and ending 30th September 1933. The number of shops and farms, the local limits appertaining for them and the dates on which the places at which and the officers by whom, the auction sales will be conducted, will be notified by Collectors in their District Gazetteers. A separate notification will be issued regarding applications under the two-fee system.

#### Conditions of Auction Sale.

I. Any person desiring to bid must deposit Rs. 50 with the selling officer on the day of sale, but discretion is given to the selling officer to reduce the deposit to Rs. 10 when necessary. In Madras City the deposit to be made by each bidder will be Rs. 50. No one will be admitted to the auction room unless he has made this deposit. No one may bid for another person unless he holds a power of attorney from him. No shop will be knocked down in the name of two or more persons. In the case of a duly recognised company or firm an agent duly authorised by a power of attorney, or any officer-leave empowered by the resolution of resolution, or similar rules, may bid for and act on behalf of the company or firm. Deposits made under this clause will be returned on application to unsuccessful bidders at the close of the day's sale.

Note.—(i) Madras City the deposit must be paid into the bank treasury and the receipt for such payment produced before the selling officer. Deposits

will be returned under the orders of the selling officer to unsuccessful bidders at the close of the day's sale on presentation of the receipt at the table office.

II. The officer conducting the sale may, at his discretion, refuse to accept the bid of any person on the ground (1) that he has been convicted by a criminal court or has previously been guilty of such a breach of the conditions of license or of a contract under the (2) Act as to render him undesirable as a holder of a license, or (3) that he is insolvent or is a person in Government; or (4) that he is a village officer or a relative of a village officer of the village in which the shop is situated or which is supplied by the shop or of a neighbouring village, or (5) that he is a customed supplier of country spirits for the contract area within which the shop is situated; or (6) that he is a brewer or agent of a brewer (either local or foreign) bidding for any shop in which beer is sold for consumption on the premises, or (7) that such a person is necessary to prevent annoyance to the district of Governmental interests; or (8) for any other valid reason.

III. The reserve price placed on each shop or farm will not be published but the average annual yield during the previous five years will be notified by Collectors, whenever possible, for the information of bidders. The selling officer will fix the upset price of each shop or farm.

IV. The shops or farms will be put up to auction in the order in which they are notified unless the selling officer sees reason to change that order.

V. The highest bid will be provisionally accepted by the selling officer subject to confirmation by the Collector. Such subsequent confirmation after the close of the sale will be necessary even if the selling officer is the Collector himself. The Collector will be at liberty to accept or reject any bid at his discretion. If the selling officer before the close of the sale rejects under condition II the highest bid for any shop or farm, he may at his discretion either accept the next highest bid or resell the shop or farm. In case of a resale the selling officer's decision will be final.

VI. (a) Every person whose bid is provisionally accepted shall—

(i) at once, if so required by the selling officer, or otherwise at the close of the day's sale, deposit, in addition to the deposits made under clause I, half a month's rent for each shop or farm, knocked down to him, within the initial deposit equal to one-twelfth of the monthly rent;

(ii) at once apply in writing for a license for each shop or farm knocked down to him and within a week thereafter furnish the Tabaldier with the boundaries of the site selected by him for the location of the shop or farm and a statement in the prescribed form (annexed to this notification) showing details of the immovable property possessed by him, or in which he has an interest together with accurate and full details of encumbrances, etc., thereon;

(iii) within fifteen days from the date of sale deposit such further sum as with the deposits already made under sub-clause (i) equal will make up two months' rent of all shops or farms knocked down to him;

(iv) Further if the Tabaldier is not satisfied that any such person can be trusted to pay his rent punctually and fully, he may require him, in addition to the deposits required under clause (i) (ii) supra, either

(i) to deposit two months' rent of all shops or farms knocked down to him, or

(ii) to execute a mortgage of his immovable property in favour of the Government for all moneys that may become due under the terms of the contract with a power of sale in favour of the mortgagee to be exercised in default of payment thereof by the purchaser, or

(iii) to produce a surety or sureties, to be accepted by the Tabaldier, who should execute a security bond for the due payment of all moneys that may become due by him under the terms of the contract and to execute a mortgage deed of his or their immovable property in favour of the Government for the payment of all moneys due under the said contract by the purchaser with a power of sale in favour of the mortgagee in default of payment thereof, by the surety or sureties or by the purchaser, or

(iv) if the Tabaldier is not satisfied that the value of his immovable property involved as security is adequate, he may require such person further to produce, in addition to mortgaging his property, a surety or sureties to be approved by the Tabaldier, who shall execute a security bond for the balance of the money that may become due and execute a mortgage deed of the surety or sureties' property in favour of the Government. The sureties referred to in sub-clauses (iii) and (iv) should submit to the Tabaldier a statement in the prescribed form annexed to this notification showing details of their immovable property. The purchaser shall be bound to carry out the provisions of sub-clauses (i) to (iv) where within fifteen days from the date of sale.

The bond and the mortgage deeds shall be stamped and registered at the expense of the purchaser. He shall also be bound to execute a counterpart agreement. The bidder or the surety must produce at his own expense reasonable certificates in cases where immovable property is mortgaged to Government.

VII. Deposits will be returned in any case in which the Collector refuses to confirm the acceptance of the bid.

VIII. At the close of the day's sale the selling officer will notify the date on which moneys, if any are found necessary, will be held; when the full of shops or farms to be resold has been drawn up, a copy of it will be sent to any bidder who gives his name and address to the Tabaldier.

IX. The order of the Collector confirming or refusing to confirm the acceptance of a bid shall be final unless it is revised by the Commissioner for special reasons. In the event of any original bid not being confirmed by the Collector for the reason that it is inadequate, the sums should begin with the bid provisionally accepted by the selling officer at the original sale and in the name of the individual who offered that bid.

X. On the failure of any person to make a deposit or apply for a license under condition VI or to comply with any requirement or to execute any agreement under condition VI, the shop or farm may be resold under the orders of the Provincial Officer or on a report from the District Officer may be otherwise disposed of by the Collector. Besides under this condition will be at the risk of the defaulting bidder, who will forfeit all sums and, in the event of a loss, will be required to make good the deficiency between the total amount payable for the whole period under the terms of the original sale and the total amount payable by the successful bidder at the result. In the latter case, the deposits already made by the defaulting bidder will be forfeited and deducted from the loss arising from the result, and the balance of the loss, if any, will be recoverable in the same manner as if it were an arrear of land revenue. Should however the deposits be greater than the loss by result, only such part of the deposits as is necessary to cover loss by result will be forfeited and the balance refunded to the defaulter. The defaulting bidder will be and shall be liable if the shop or farm is disposed of otherwise than by result and such disposed moneys as may be Government be compared with the original sale. Disposed otherwise than by result includes clause.

XI. The purchaser of any shop or shop or other rights is liable to the penalties prescribed for breaches of the conditions set forth below, though a formal license may not have been issued to him. In the event of the purchaser's death after issue of the license, his heirs and assigns shall be responsible for all moneys that may become due to Government under the terms of the license as well as for the proper observance of all the conditions of the license.

XII. The deposits under condition VI (i) (ii) and (iv) (i) may be made either in cash or in recognized Government, Post Office, Municipal or Local Board securities, or by depositing Postal savings bank pass books or deposit certificates obtained from the Provincial Co-operative Bank (Madras Central Urban Bank) or from any of the District Banks approved by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies. When deposits are made otherwise than in cash, the Collector may demand that they shall be of such higher face value than the cash deposit required as in the circumstances of the interest he may think necessary. Where the deposits under this condition are sufficient, under the Collector's orders, to cover the deposits made in cash under conditions I and VI (i) (ii) which have not been returned as well as the deposits due under condition VI (i) (ii) and (iv) (i) the deposits made in cash may be returned to the depositors. Bidders who have made the deposits

under condition VI (c) (ii) and (b) (i) as the form of deposit certificates obtained from any of the Central Banks mentioned above or in each may make a formal requisition to the Treasury Officer or Sub-Treasury Officer as the case may be to transfer the said deposits under the above conditions I and VI (c) (i) and (b) (i) to the form of deposit certificates in the name of the Treasurer. The Treasury Officer or Sub-Treasury Officer as the case may be will endorse this requisition on to the Bank and inform it that when the Bank gives the necessary formal receipt, he will hand over the amount to the representative of the Bank duly authorized to receive it, or will credit it by postal money order or insurance cover to the Bank. When the amount has to be sent by postal money order or insurance cover the sender will be required to deliver to the Treasury or Sub-Treasury, with his requisition to transfer the deposit, an amount which shall in the opinion of the Treasury Officer or Sub-Treasury Officer as the case may be, be sufficient to cover the cost of forwarding the amount of the deposit to the Bank; any balance not utilized for the purpose will be credited towards any rent due from the depositor. The securities or savings bank pass books deposited must be retained in the name of the Collector and Government treasury notes must be retained for payment of interest at the bank at which they are deposited, if so required. In the case of Co-operative Bank deposit certificates the deposits must be made in the name of the Treasurer of the bank; the contractor must agree in writing that he understands the rules, if any, involved in the investment and the banks must certify on the deposit certificate granted that the deposit is withdrawable on the Treasurer's demand.

**XIII.** Deposits in cash will be adjusted towards the contributions of loans due in the last month of the period of the loan. Deposits of securities or savings bank pass-books or Co-operative Bank deposit certificates will be returned on payment in cash of the full amount of the rent due and of any penalties or other sums recoverable under the terms of the license or of the conditions set forth below unless the Depositor wish that Government should take them over, in which case they will be taken over at the price of the day, and the balance, if any, due to Government must be paid in cash. In cases of default under condition X of the conditions of auction sale or under condition 87 of the general conditions applicable to all shops and open houses, all securities deposited are liable to be sold for any amount due to Government under the terms of the loan, the remainder, if any, due after such sale, being returned to the owner.

#### General Conditions applicable to all Shops and Open Houses.

1. Shops and deposits must be opened by the date fixed by the Collector and must be kept open every day unless their temporary or permanent closure is authorized under condition 10, 11 or 40 here.

2. Except where definite sites in the possession or under the control of Government have been permitted, purchasers of shops must make their own arrangements for securing proper sites for their shops. They are at liberty to choose any site within the local limits notified by the Collector, provided the site selected is approved of

by the Revenue and Police Authorities; in areas for which Licensing Boards have been constituted under rules framed by Government, the sites selected by vendors will have to be approved by the Licensing Boards when the rules so require. The limits of the sites selected and approved will be entered in the license. The position (except subject to the rules applicable to licensed persons) at sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs within these limits is prohibited.

3. Sites under any license or opium license must be selected in an approved building of which the whole or the whole of a separate part must be entirely set aside for use as a depot or shop. Licensees must keep their shop premises in a sanitary condition to the satisfaction of inspecting officers. In the case of service shops and taverns or refreshment, there shall be no possible means of ingress or egress in any direction except into the main street; if there are other doors they shall be kept locked under the seal of an officer of the Excise Department; the interior of the shop shall be sufficiently lighted by day and the whole exterior visible from the front door; the shop shall not be used as a place of residence save by the vendor and his family or stockmen. If there are means of communication between the depot or shop and an adjoining dwelling house, they must be kept locked at night.

4. Except when two or more foreign liquor licenses are held by one person or in the case of business held by clerks and druggists and medical practitioners, sites under different licenses must be considered in different premises.

Provided that shops and open shops may be kept in the same premises, if the portion occupied by one shop is effectively partitioned from the portion occupied by the other shop.

5. In liquor shops, in which consumption on the premises is permitted, possible bars may be allowed by the Collector under a special license to be granted by him free of fee; provided that the interior of the bar is wholly visible from the doorway, and that the entrance to it is either through the main door of the shop or through a separate door provided with a proper sign to show the nature of the bar.

6. A signboard must be affixed to the front of each depot or shop showing the nature and number of the license under which sites are conducted there, the name of the licensee and (except in the case of foreign liquor) the current rate of sale. These particulars must be highly painted in the local vernacular and in the case of business and wholesale depots in English also. The license must be hung up in a conspicuous place within the depot or shop.

7. The possession upon any licensed premises of any liquor, opium or intoxicating drug except that to which the license relates or of any essence or substance used as capable of being used for producing or flavoring liquor except in accordance with the terms of a corresponding license is prohibited.

8. Each supply of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs to the Collector may consider sufficient to meet local requirements must be maintained in depots and shops.

9. No street shop shall be opened before 10-00 a.m. in Madras town, 10 a.m. in Tanjore town

and 6:00 a.m. elsewhere. No foreign liquor tavern or beer shop shall be opened before 10:30 a.m. in Madras town and 9:30 a.m. elsewhere. Tolly shops shall not be opened before 9 a.m. in Madras town, in certain specified areas in the neighbourhood of hotels in Madras town before 5:30 a.m., at Velvetown and Mangalore, before 6:30 a.m., and before sunrise elsewhere. No other shop shall be opened before sunrise. Arrack depots shall be kept open from 7 a.m. to 12 noon and from 2 p.m. to 6 p.m.

10. (c) No shop or depot shall be kept open after the hours prescribed below except under special authority:—

Arrack and tolly shops in Tellicoona town and tolly shops in Mangalore town	9 p.m.
Arrack shops and foreign liquor taverns in Madras town	9 p.m.
Other kinds of shops in Madras, Velvetown and Mangalore towns and shops of all kinds elsewhere	6 p.m.
Depots	6 p.m.

Collectors may on the report of the Police or for other sufficient reasons order the closure of any shop at an earlier hour if they consider such a course to be advisable in the interests of the public. The Commissioner may, for sufficient reasons, order the general closure of any land or high or all kinds of licensed premises at any earlier hour than those prescribed above.

(d) With the previous sanction of the Commissioner, Collectors are authorized (i) to modify at the time of the order that specified shops will be closed on the occurrence of specified festivals, and that the hours of sale at specified shops which are in the neighbourhood of a market or already will be limited on market days generally or that they will be liable to limitation on such occasions by orders issued during the currency of the lease, if it is found that the shops promote drunkenness; (ii) to order the closure of specified shops in the neighbourhood of hospitals, clubs and other places where large numbers of operations are carried on, from 11:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m. on week days on the observance of pay days and on all hours on Sundays except between 11:00 a.m. and 4 p.m. A general condition embodying these restrictions or limitations will be inserted by the Collector in the licenses granted to the holders of all such shops.

Notes.—In Madras town, specified shops in the neighbourhood of hotels will be closed on ordinary working days from 11:00 a.m. to 1 p.m., on pay days from 11:30 a.m. to 1 p.m., and from 4 p.m. to 6 p.m. on Sundays and on week-end holidays at the several days at all hours except between 11:00 a.m. and 4 p.m.

(e) The closing hour of hotels in the Nalgade is 11 p.m.

(f) The closing hour for refreshment rooms, hotels and hotel bars in Madras town is 10 p.m. The Collector of Madras and the Commissioner of Police, however, may jointly permit the extension of the time to 11 p.m.

(g) 6 p.m. is fixed as the general closing hour in the case of Railway refreshment rooms. Collectors are authorized to vary in the licenses the previous hours after 6 p.m. during which such licensed premises may be kept open for the sale of liquor to bona fide travellers only with reference to arrival and departure of trains. Collectors may alter these hours during the currency of the

license with reference to any alteration in the Railway timetables.

11. Depots and shops must be closed, if the Collector so orders, while a regiment or detachment of soldiers is passing or is encamped in the vicinity. Collectors or Divisional Officers shall have power also temporarily to close any shops in towns of religious sentiment or disturbance. Every depot and shopkeeper shall close his depot or shop when in riot or disturbance nature or appears likely to occur in the neighbourhood.

12. All liquor, opium and intoxicating drugs sold or kept for sale shall be of good quality and unadulterated. Nothing shall be added to liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs either to increase their intoxicating power or for any other purpose. This prohibition, however, does not apply to the extemporizing or blending of liquor or to the manufacture of intoxicating drugs from honey, drugs and opium in accordance with the terms of a license. Liquor shall not be bottled except under a bottling license. Nor shall distillate kinds of liquors be mixed and sold under the designation of one of them.

13. No woman shall be employed in any tavern or opium shop for the sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs without the special permission of the Collector unless she be a member of the owner's family.

14. No person suffering from leprosy or any contagious disease shall be allowed to be the holder of a license or opium privilege; nor shall licenses be granted to persons below the age of eighteen in the case of opium privileges and licenses in the case of opium privileges. The sale or transport of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs by persons below the age of eighteen (except in the case of opium) or by persons suffering from leprosy or any contagious disease and the employment in any capacity of such persons in shops or depots licensed for the sale of the same are prohibited. No persons who have been convicted under the Indian Penal Code shall be employed in the transport or sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs without the Collector's previous permission. The Divisional Officer may, where necessary, call for the names of all persons employed or proposed to be employed in any capacity in connection with the management or the working of a depot or shop and the tapping and drawing of bottles for the supply of tolly shops in the towns in which the same are marked and if he disapproves of any such person, may forbid the licensee from keeping him as an employee.

Note.—This rule applies to the sale of bottles by persons in liquor shops.

15. (a) No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug shall be sold or given—

I. Except at shops specially approved by the General Officer Commanding the Division (or Independent Brigades) or the Officer Commanding the Cantonment or Camp, and then only in respect to such liquors as shall be approved by the same authority in consultation with the local Executive authorities and specified in the license—

(1) to soldiers of the Royal Navy, soldiers and members of their families; or

(2) to any other persons living in barracks;

II. (1) to persons whom a vendor knows, or has reason to believe, to be drunk followers, i.e.,

any class of followers (other than private servants) whether on or off duty, who have a right to be in establishments;

(3) to Police constables, British officers, Railway servants and to drivers and conductors of motor buses, taxis and lorries, when on duty, or

III, in any circumstances to any

(4) European vignette under control of the Police;

(5) license permit;

(6) person known or believed to be intoxicated, or

(7) person known or suspected to be about to take part in a riot or disturbance of the public peace or other crime.

(8) No liquor or intoxicating drug shall be sold or given in any circumstances to any child or young person under eighteen years of age or adult female, no person shall be sold or given in any circumstances to any child or young person under twenty years of age or adult female.

(9) No child, young person under eighteen years of age or adult female shall be admitted into the premises of any shop in which counterfeits are placed on the premises subject to the exception in section 12.

Note.—(1) The provisions in I and II do not apply to visitors, their families and followers when they are about to leave from their quarters.

(2) The restrictions in clauses (4) and (7), so far as they relate to adult females, do not apply to foreign liquor licenses issued on fixed fees.

16. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug shall be sold in shops except for cash. The licensee shall be bound to give information of the effect of anything other than cash to the nearest Magistrate or Police officer. This provision is not, however, meant to restrict trade, sales in the ordinary course of business by shopkeepers or firms of standing and respectability dealing in foreign liquor for consumption off the premises.

17. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug shall be sold either below or above such maximum or minimum prices as may be fixed for sale at the time in accordance with the law for the time being in force.

18. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug in excess of the quantities prescribed for possession without a license as specified below shall be used to any person of any race from any licensed premises without a valid permit, nor shall liquor be sold at wholesale depots in quantities less than the minimum prescribed—

First.—Four dozens except in special licenses specially granted, where it is generally five dozens. In the British and Transvaal towns of the Transvaal district, in the Natal district and in the Cape district, in the Transvaal district and in the Natal district except certain villages specially notified, of the Transvaal district and in certain localities of the Cape district specially notified, two dozens.

Second.—Half a dozen except in special licenses specially granted, where it is one dozen.

Third.—In the Agency towns and towns of the Cape district, in the Natal district and in the Transvaal district, in the Cape district and in certain localities of the Transvaal district and in certain localities of the Cape district, in the Transvaal district and in the Natal district except certain villages specially notified, one dozen.

\* For liquor shops—see Transvaal Notification No. 4, dated 21st January 1921, as amended by Notification No. 12, dated 24th July 1921.

\* For wine shops in the Agency towns of Natal, Transvaal and Cape districts, a uniform rate of one rupee per dozen has been fixed.

Other.—In the Agency towns any quantity up to one dozen, and elsewhere any bulk of opium or preparations therefrom other than samples or preparations for smoking.

General duty stamp.—Two Imperial gallons.

Permit shall be in printed books, which can be obtained at all offices of the Inspector of the Revenue Department on production of receipts for payment of the duty from into a Government treasury. The issuing of blank permits for subsequent issue is prohibited.

19. Only such weights and measures as may from time to time be provided by the Commissioner of Customs shall be permitted to be used on any licensed premises, and they shall be tested and stamped by the stamping establishment of the district of the Collector shall so direct. Short measurement or short weight is strictly forbidden.

20. No drinkerhouse, disorder or gaming shall be permitted in depots or shops. Entertainment of any kind in depots or shops are also strictly forbidden. Entertainment are prohibited from advertising the sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs by means of handbills or placards in the streets and in the neighbourhood of markets and from giving or offering liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs free with the object of increasing the custom or for any other reason. They are also prohibited from employing motor or other conveyances in any possible customers to their shops.

21. No children or persons or disorder or persons shall be harboured in depots and shops. Information of their names therein shall be given to the nearest Magistrate or Police officer.

22. No person shall be harboured in any depot or shop during the night.

23. True accounts of transactions shall be maintained from day to day in the prescribed form. Unless special permission is given to the contrary, separate accounts shall be kept for the transactions under each license. The accounts shall be in printed books which may be obtained from local Revenue officers on payment of post price. Permits for liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs secured and the masterbooks of persons who are lawfully licensed in support of the necessary. The accounts and masterbooks of persons shall be preserved for one year after the period covered by the license; they shall be issued over at the end of the time under to the Range Sub-Inspector or to the police officer licensee and they shall be produced when called for by an officer not below the rank of an Assistant Inspector of the Revenue Department.

24. Except in the case of fixed fee licenses, the amount for which the privilege of sale has been purchased shall be payable in advance in twelve equal monthly instalments ("kats") into a Government treasury of the town where the shop is situated or to an authorized village treasury in the same town on or before the last of each month beginning with April or October as the case may be. In the case of holiday shops, interest shall also be paid into a Government treasury of the town where the shop is situated or to an authorized village treasury in the same town. In the case of holiday shops, interest shall also be paid into a Government treasury of the town where the shop is situated or to an authorized village treasury in the same town on or before the last of each month. Fines will be levied on any amounts not so paid; interest will also be levied on any amounts not paid before the end of the month for which they are

due. After the 30th of the month in Malacca town or the 30th of the month elsewhere shops are liable to be sold for failure to pay bills. Today shops may also be sold for failure to pay trade-in. Fees for deposit licenses must be prepaid.

54. No reminder or statement of the debt shall be deliverable on any account whatsoever.

55. Power is reserved to release licensees in respect of license in case of failure of payment of duty or of loss tax on the due date. In the case of wreck, toddy, garga and base shops and taverns, this power will be exercised by Tribunal or Deputy Tribunal in independent charge, in the case of spirit shops by Divisional Officers and in other cases by Collectors. In the event of suspension of a Licensee for failure to pay arrears, the privilege of sale will be rescinded with effect from the date of issue of the license to the new purchaser, or otherwise disposed of at the Collector's discretion. Disposal of the privilege of sale otherwise than by resale includes the closure of the shop or tavern. All license in respect of amusements and resorts or other disposal of the privilege shall be borne by the defaulting licensee and shall become due immediately on resale or other disposal of the shop; but the defaulting licensee shall have no right to any gun which may accrue. The whole of the deposit, if any, made by the licensee shall be liable to forfeiture. The officer who has power to suspend the license may at his discretion allow sale to continue pending resale or other disposal of the privilege.

57. (a) No privilege of supply or vend shall be sold, transferred or subverted without the Collector's or in the case of a supplier under the special distillery supply system, the Commissioner's previous permission. Nor, if the Collector so orders, shall any agent be appointed for the management of any such privilege without his previous approval.

(b) The transfer of a privilege will take effect from the date of issue of a license to the transferee.

58. (a) No spirit or opium license in an Indian State or Foreign Territory will be allowed to have any interest in a license for the same article in British Territory without the special permission of the Collector.

(b) No spirit or opium license in any area in British Territory may have any interest in or hold a license for the same article in any other area in British Territory in which a different rule of duty is in force without the special permission of the Collector for which the party concerned must apply in advance. Breach of this condition will render the party liable to the penalties prescribed by condition 57 in respect of all or any of the licenses held.

59. Such returns and information as may be required by the Divisional Officer from time to time shall be furnished by holders of licenses.

60. Licensees are bound to report to the Divisional Officer all instances which come to their knowledge of persons employed by them, in the manufacture, transport or sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs, committing offences of the above kind and to comply with the Divisional Officer's orders regarding the continued employment of such persons.

61. Penurious dealings by licensees of any kind whatsoever with officials of the Land Revenue and the Police Departments are absolutely prohibited.

62. With the sanction of the Commissioner, any licensee shall be allowable by the Collector at his discretion on giving the licensee fifteen days' notice of such revocation, in which case a proportionate part of the fee paid will be refunded.

63. All licensees shall be bound by any additional general rules that may be prescribed under the <sup>above</sup> laws and shall, if so required by the Collector or any officer authorized by him, deliver up their licenses for amendment or for the issue of fresh ones.

64. The officers authorized to inspect licensed shops and depots are—

(1) any officer of the Revenue Department of rank not lower than Revenue Inspector, and

(2) any officer of the Excise Department of rank not lower than Sub-Inspector.

These officers are empowered to enter and examine the premises, to test the weights, measures, liquor, opium and intoxicating drugs in the possession of the licensee, and to seal and check the apparatus kept in the shop or depot. Police officers will also make investigations when it comes within the scope of their duty.

65. All officers authorized to inspect depots and shops are authorized to detain any liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs found unfit for consumption or use or which they may believe to have been tampered with in any of the ways referred to in conditions 19 and all Collectors and Assistant Commissioners of the Revenue Department are empowered to confiscate or destroy such liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs.

66. An inspection note-book, in the prescribed form (G-10), shall be maintained for the use of inspecting officers and shall be handed over to the Inspector of the shop or to any officer authorized by him to receive it on a receipt being given therefor. This note-book is the property of Government and shall be returned at the end of the lease to the range Sub-Inspector or to the licensing officer in an unaltered and reasonably clean condition on a receipt being given therefor.

67. (1) If a licensee or any person in his employment is convicted by a competent court of any offence against the <sup>above</sup> Act or of any offence under the Indian Penal Code which is the Collector's opinion renders it desirable to cancel the license or if it is brought to the notice of the Collector that the licensee has been convicted by a competent court of any such offence prior to the grant to him of the license, the Collector may direct that the license shall be annulled and the privilege be rescinded or otherwise disposed of at the risk of the licensee and may further direct, if he considers it necessary to do so, that any deposits made by the licensee shall be forfeited.

(2) Information of any of the offences of the licensee by a licensee or by any person in his employment will render the licensee liable either to be prosecuted and on conviction dealt with under clause (1) or to fine not exceeding Rs. 50 or to cancellation of license and resale or other

disposal of the privilege at the risk of the licensee and if considered necessary by the Collector to forfeiture of deposit. The risk for the whole license shall however be at once when a license is cancelled under this or the preceding rule.

(2) When a licensee holds more than one license granted under the Abkari and Opium Act and when any one of those licenses is cancelled under clause (1) or (2) above or under the special conditions applicable to petty or opium shop licenses, the Collector, at his discretion, may direct that any or all of the other licenses under the Abkari and Opium Act held by the licensee shall be cancelled and the several privileges be voided or otherwise disposed of at the risk of the licensee and, if necessary, may further direct that any deposits made by the licensee shall be forfeited. The risk for the whole license shall however be at once when a license is cancelled under this rule.

Note.—For continuing breach of a license, summary fine may be imposed.

55. Any sum due by a licensee may be adjusted from the deposit, if any, made by him or collected under the Revenue Recovery Act as in power of legal process. The licensee shall be bound to replace any sum adjusted from his deposit within fifteen days of receipt of notice from the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar in independent charge.

56. Interest on all moneys due shall be payable at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

57. Specified sites or definite limits for each shop not overlapping those of other shops will be prescribed and notified in the District Gazette before the sale. A Tahsildar may at any time permit or order the transfer of a shop within the limits notified for the shop in the sale notice. Provided that no changes in the number or location of shops and deposits likely to affect the interest of adjacent shopkeepers shall be made during the currency of a license except under the special sanction of the Commissioner.

58. The right is reserved to the Collector to grant "occasional licenses" for the sale of liquor, opium and intoxicating drugs on the occurrence of fairs, festivals, etc., in places in the vicinity of which there are no regularly licensed shops. Such licenses should be issued only when absolutely necessary and shall exclusively be granted to the shopkeepers who usually supply the locality or in a nearby area to the representative of the water. The licensee shall run only for each period not exceeding ten days if they are actually required. Not more than one license shall be issued for a fair or festival without the sanction of the Commissioner. The fee to be paid for the license shall be fixed at the discretion of the Collector.

#### Conditions applicable to Toddy Licenses.

1. The privilege conferred extends only to the sale of toddy.

2. Toddy required for sale should be drawn under separate tree-tapping licenses to be obtained under the tree-tax rules from toddy trees in the tract in which the shop is situated or in any other tract in which the rates of tree-tax

are not lower, subject to the discretion of the officer granting transport permits.

3. No toddy, except the produce of trees for the tapping of which a license has been issued, shall be kept in the shop, offered for sale or sold.

4. The Collector will fix the maximum number of trees to be tapped in original applications for tree-tapping licenses.

5. The licensee reserves no right to the free use of any trees.

6. Arrangements for tapping growing trees must be made with the owners thereof and licenses at the prescribed rates paid thereon.

7. The licensee shall be responsible to Government for all payments of instruments of fees due on account of tree-tapping licenses granted on his application in his own name or in the name of his contractor under the conditions set forth therein and in the rules relating thereto.

8. Toddy may be imported from His Highness Raghunath the Nizam's Dominions for sale in toddy shops in the British district on payment of a transport duty of three annas for every five annas or part of five annas.

9. Toddy shopkeepers in British districts adjoining Mysore, Bangalore, Pudukkottai and Coimbatore will be allowed to tap trees in those States on payment of tree-tax into British treasuries in the case of Mysore and Bangalore and into the State treasury in the case of Pudukkottai and Coimbatore. Toddy shopkeepers in tracts adjoining Mysore territory will be allowed to tap trees in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, on payment of tree-tax into a treasury of the Madras Government.

10. The addition of water to and the distillation of spirits from toddy are absolutely prohibited.

11. No sweet toddy, even if it be the produce of unworked trees on which tree tax has been paid, shall be kept or sold in the shop, nor shall any sweet toddy be mixed or allowed to be mixed with fermented toddy drawn from trees marked for the shop either in the shop or outside it.

12. Toddy drawn for one shop should not be mixed with that drawn for another and transported in one receptacle.

13. In addition to the restrictions imposed by general conditions (2) and (4), the following restrictions will be imposed in respect of the text of shops and number of compartments and others in the districts named:—

District.	Maximum nos.		Maximum number of compartments and others.	
	Tree-taps.	Barrel-taps.	Tree-taps.	Barrel-taps.
Bangalore.	50 x 15	10 x 10	5	2
Coimbatore.	20 x 15	10 x 10	20	2
Madras (General).	50 x 15	10 x 10	10	2
Madras ..	50 x 15	10 x 10	5	2







## SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

## THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 27]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 3, 1932.

[Price, 2 pice.

## SEASON REPORT FOR MAY 1932.

TABLE I.—Statement showing the average fall of rain in each district during the month of May 1932 and also the total fall of rain from 1st April up to the month compared with the corresponding figures of the preceding year and with the averages for a series of years ending 1932.

District.	Average for 51 years.		From 1st April up to the month.	1931-32.		From 1st April up to the month.	1932-31.		From 1st April up to the month.
	In the month.			In the month.			In the month.		
	Rainy days.	Rainfall.		Rainy days.	Rainfall.		Rainy days.	Rainfall.	
	IN.	DEGREES.		IN.	DEGREES.		IN.	DEGREES.	
1. Cuddalore ..	44	2.82	422	30	1.45	3.76	37	1.97	3.18
2. Vengaloor ..	44	3.08	451	45	2.22	2.88	24	7.02	4.31
3. Vengaloor (Agency, Eastern).	40	2.83	370	35	3.28	8.40	30	1.40	2.08
4. East Godavari ..	31	8.07	898	28	19.2	192	24	3.81	2.09
5. West Godavari ..	28	3.22	3.78	23	1.56	1.24	23	1.81	2.01
6. Nellore ..	29	3.65	2.12	24	2.14	2.56	22	2.26	2.02
7. Guntur ..	22	2.82	2.11	19	1.87	1.43	24	2.10	2.18
8. Karimnagar ..	26	2.21	1.88	24	1.72	1.29	25	3.68	1.82
9. Bellary ..	24	3.82	3.45	20	3.78	2.55	42	2.48	2.18
10. Anantapur ..	24	2.53	2.80	20	3.08	1.81	26	8.22	3.42
11. Chittoor ..	24	1.48	1.86	14	1.18	1.81	28	1.62	2.38
12. Vijayan ..	17	2.21	1.78	12	1.89	3.04	24	3.64	2.77
13. Chingleput ..	15	1.48	1.15	15	1.88	3.21	28	1.41	2.07
14. Madras ..	18	1.84	2.47	18	2.72	3.58	30	2.28	2.17
15. South Arcot ..	20	2.40	2.12	27	6.89	7.81	28	3.65	2.41
16. Chittoor ..	20	2.84	3.58	41	2.88	8.66	43	2.72	3.59
17. North Arcot ..	44	2.86	2.25	30	1.81	2.08	48	2.51	4.42
18. Salem ..	41	2.77	5.48	48	5.78	4.07	78	4.18	7.88
19. Coimbatore ..	45	3.42	3.15	40	2.67	4.12	70	4.21	7.10
20. Tanjavur ..	47	3.58	4.95	35	2.71	4.15	48	4.78	8.47
21. Tiruchirappalli ..	57	2.68	3.86	32	2.32	2.42	47	7.96	7.88
22. Madurai ..	60	3.07	3.11	44	1.73	4.45	78	4.44	4.18
23. Ramanathapuram ..	30	1.67	1.45	31	1.38	3.89	49	3.89	3.77
24. Tirunelveli ..	34	1.53	3.29	28	0.74	1.61	30	2.83	4.28
25. Madurai ..	44	2.86	31.80	70	2.51	4.49	104	7.71	25.81
26. South Kanara ..	43	0.71	1.14	40	0.99	3.07	120	20.83	11.28
27. Tirunelveli ..	44	2.47	3.15	31	4.38	1.74	149	12.81	18.32

\* Including Tanjavur.

† Excluding Bellary, Anantapur and Madurai.

‡ Including Kottaiyur.

21-10-32



TABLE III.—Statement showing the average prices of the principal food-grains and salt for the month of May 1932.

Group.	District.	Statement of Average Prices of 10 Tons per Month.															
		Rice, second sort.		Paddy, second sort.		Ragi.		Chickens.		Cattle.		Salt.					
		In the previous month.	In the month.	In the previous month.	In the month.	In the previous month.	In the month.	In the previous month.	In the month.	In the previous month.	In the month.	In the previous month.	In the month.	In the previous month.	In the month.	In the previous month.	In the month.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
1. Cereals.	1. Jowar, Agency, Lakshmi.	5.00	4.00	12.00	10.00	20.00	18.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	2. Jowar, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	3. Jowar, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	4. Jowar, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	5. Jowar, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
2. Beans.	6. Beans, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	7. Beans, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	8. Beans, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	9. Beans, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	10. Beans, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
3. Chickens.	11. Chickens, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	12. Chickens, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	13. Chickens, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	14. Chickens, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	15. Chickens, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
4. Cattle.	16. Cattle, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	17. Cattle, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	18. Cattle, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	19. Cattle, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	20. Cattle, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
5. Salt.	21. Salt, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	22. Salt, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	23. Salt, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	24. Salt, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	25. Salt, Agency, Lakshmi.	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Residual Average		10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00

REMARKS.—As compared with the previous month, the price of rice was stationary in some districts, rose in others, fell in some, and fell in some; paddy was stationary in some districts, rose in others, fell in some, and fell in some; chickens were stationary in some districts, rose in others, fell in some, and fell in some; cattle were stationary in some districts, rose in others, fell in some, and fell in some; salt was stationary in some districts, rose in others, fell in some, and fell in some.

Board (Land Revenue and Settlements),  
Madras, 25th June 1932.

A. S. MacGOWAN,  
Secretary.

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# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

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## Part III.—Proceedings of the Indian Legislature

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### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

#### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

*Sixth, the 20th June 1932.*

#### ORDINANCE No. X of 1932.

*An Ordinance to confer special powers on Government and its officers for the purpose of maintaining law and order.*

WHEREAS an emergency has arisen which makes it necessary to confer special powers upon Government and its officers for the purpose of maintaining law and order;

NOW THEREFORE, in exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Government of India Act, the Governor General is pleased to make and promulgate the following Ordinance:—

#### CHAPTER I.

##### PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Ordinance may be called the Special Powers Ordinance, 1932.

(2) This Chapter and sections 64, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79 and 80 extend to the whole of British India, including Bomb.

Rajahmundry and the Southal Parganas, and the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, extend any or all of the remaining sections to the said area or to any province or part of a province specified in the notification.

(3) This Chapter and sections 24, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30 shall come into force at once, and the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, direct that any or all of the remaining provisions shall come into force in any area to which they have been extended, on such date as may be appointed in the notification.

**Definition.** 2 In this Ordinance, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) "the Code" means the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898; and

(2) "District Magistrate" means, in the case of a Presidency-town or the town of Nagpur, the Commissioner of Police, except in Chapters IV and VI where, in the case of a Presidency-town, it means the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

#### CHAPTER II.

##### EMERGENCY POWERS.

**Power to arrest and detain suspected persons.** 3. (1) Any officer of Government authorised in this behalf by general or special order of the Local Government may, if satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for believing that any person has acted, is acting, or is about to act, in a manner prejudicial to the public safety or peace, himself arrest such person without warrant, or may direct the arrest without warrant of such person, and in making such arrest any means that may be necessary may be used.

(2) An arrest made by or on the direction of any officer under this section shall be reported forthwith to the Local Government by the officer so making or so directing the arrest as the case may be, and such officer may, by order in writing, commit any person so arrested to such custody as the Local Government may, by general or special order, specify in this behalf.

Provided that no person shall, unless the Local Government by special order otherwise directs, be so detained in custody for a period exceeding fifteen days:

Provided further that no person shall be so detained in custody for a period exceeding two months.

**Power to arrest and detain suspected persons.** 4. (1) The Local Government, if satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for believing that any person has acted in acting, or is about to act, in a manner prejudicial to the public safety or peace or in furtherance of a movement prejudicial to the public safety or peace, may, by order in writing,

give any one or more of the following directions, namely, that such persons—

(a) shall not enter, reside or remain in any area specified in the order;

(b) shall reside or remain in any area specified in the order;

(c) shall remove himself from, and shall not return to, any area specified in the order;

(d) shall conduct himself in such manner, abstain from such acts, or take such order with any property in his possession or under his control, as may be specified in the order.

(2) An order made under sub-section (1) shall not, unless the Local Government by special order otherwise directs, remain in force for more than one month from the making thereof.

(3) An order made under sub-section (1) shall be served on the person to whom it relates in the manner provided in the Code for service of a summons.

5. (1) If, in the opinion of the Local Government, any land or building can be utilized as quarters or offices for public servants, or for the accommodation of troops or police, the Local Government may, by order in writing, require the occupier or other person in charge of the land or building to place it at the disposal of Government at such time as may be specified in the order, together with the whole, or any part specified in the order, of any fixtures, fittings, furniture or other things for the time being in the building; and the Local Government may dispose of or use such land, building, fixtures, fittings, furniture or other things in such manner as it may consider expedient.

(2) In this section "building" includes any portion or portions of a building whether separately occupied or not.

6. The District Magistrate may, by order in writing, prohibit or limit, in such way as he may think necessary for the public advantage, access to any building or place in the possession or under the control of Government or of any railway administration or local authority, or to any building or place in the occupation, whether permanent or otherwise, of His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces or of any police force, or to any place in the vicinity of any such building or place.

7. The District Magistrate may, by order in writing, prohibit or regulate, in such way as he may think necessary for the public advantage, traffic over any road, pathway, bridge, waterway or ferry.

Power to  
require  
means of  
transport.

8. (1) The District Magistrate may, by order in writing, require any person to make, in such form and within such time and to such authority as may be specified in the order, a return of any vehicle or means of transport owned by him, or in his possession or under his control.

(2) The District Magistrate, if, in his opinion, it is necessary for the public advantage, may, by order in writing, require any person owning or having in his possession or under his control any vehicle or means of transport to take such order therewith for such period as may be specified in the order.

Person  
regarding  
road, vehicle,  
etc.

9. (1) The District Magistrate may, by order in writing, prohibit in such manner as he thinks best adapted for informing the persons concerned,—

(a) prohibit, either absolutely or subject to such exception as may be specified in the order, the purchase, sale or delivery of, or other dealing in, any arms, parts of arms, ammunition or explosive substances; or

(b) direct that any person owning or having in his possession or under his control any arms, parts of arms, ammunition or explosive substances, shall keep the same in a secure place approved by the District Magistrate or remove them to any place specified in the order.

(2) The District Magistrate may take possession of—

(a) any arms, ammunition or explosives, or

(b) any tools, machinery, implements or other material of any kind, likely, in his opinion, to be utilized, whether by the owner or by any other person, for the purpose of causing wilful hurt or damage to any person or to any property of Government or of any railway administration or of any local authority,

and may make such orders as he may think fit for the custody and disposal thereof.

Power to  
require the  
assistance of  
certain  
persons.

10. Any officer of Government authorised in this behalf by general or special order of the Local Government may, within any area specified in such order, require any headmaster, village headman, headman, landlord or jagadar, or any officer or servant of any local authority, or any teacher in any school, college or other educational institution to assist in the maintenance and maintenance of law and order and in the protection of property in the possession or under the control of Government or of any railway administration or local authority in such manner and within such limits as the officer so authorised may specify.

Power to  
control postal  
and tele-  
graphs.

11. The District Magistrate, if, in his opinion, it is necessary for the public advantage, may, in consultation with the chief postal authority in the district, control the operation of

any post, telegraph, telephone or wireless office or station, and, in particular, may intercept any postal article or telegraphic, telephonic or wireless message in the course of transmission, may, ascertain its contents and may prohibit its further transmission.

12. The District Magistrate may—

(a) require accommodation to be provided on any railway train or any vessel for any passengers or goods, and, for this purpose, exclude from such train or vessel any passengers or goods which it is already carrying or about to carry;

Power to exclude the use of trains and vessels.

(b) require that any specified persons or classes of persons or persons proposing to travel to specified destinations, or any specified goods or classes of goods consigned to specified destinations, shall not be carried on any railway or vessel;

(c) exclude or eject any passenger from any train or vessel;

(d) stop, or prohibit the stopping of, trains or vessels at any station; or

(e) in consultation with the local railway authorities, require special trains to be provided for the conveyance of troops, police or other persons.

13. The District Magistrate may, by order in writing, depose one or more police officers not below the rank of head constable, or other persons, to attend any public meeting for the purpose of causing a report to be made of the proceed-ings, and, may, by such order, authorize the persons so deposed to take with them an escort of police officers.

Power to attend public meetings.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section a public meeting is any meeting which is open to the public or to any class or portion of the public, and a meeting may be a public meeting notwithstanding that it is held in a private place and notwithstanding that admission thereto is restricted by ticket or otherwise.

14. The power to issue search-warrants conferred by section 64 of the Code shall be deemed to include a power to issue warrants authorizing—

Power to issue search-warrants.

(a) the search of any place in which any Magistrate mentioned in that section has reason to believe that any offence under this Ordinance or any act prejudicial to the public safety or peace has been, is being or is about to be committed, or that preparation for the commission of any such offence or act is being made;

(b) the seizure is or on any place searched under clause (a) of anything which the officer executing the warrant has reason to believe is being used, or is intended to be used, for any purpose mentioned in that clause;



and the provisions of the Code shall, so far as may be, apply to searches made under the authority of any warrant issued, and to the disposal of any property seized, under this section.

15. Any authority on which any power is conferred by or under this Chapter may, by general or special order, authorize any person to enter and search any place the search of which such authority has reason to believe to be necessary for the purpose of—

(a) ascertaining whether it is necessary or expedient to exercise such power; or

(b) ascertaining whether any order given, direction made, or condition prescribed in the exercise of such power has been duly complied with; or

(c) generally, giving effect to such power or securing compliance with, or giving effect to, any order given, direction made or condition prescribed in the exercise of such power.

16. If any person disobeys or neglects to comply with an order made, direction given, or condition prescribed, in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter, the authority which made the order, gave the direction or prescribed the condition may take or cause to be taken such action as it thinks necessary to give effect thereto.

17. Whoever disobeys or neglects to comply with any order made or direction given in accordance with the provisions of section 4 shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.

18. Subject to the provisions of section 17, whoever disobeys or neglects to comply with any order made, direction given, or condition prescribed in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter or impedes the lawful exercise of any power referred to in this Chapter shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both.

19. (1) Any person who has suffered any direct loss or damage by reason of action taken under section 4 or sub-section (2) of section 9 may, within two months from the date on which the action was taken, lodge a claim for compensation with the Local Government, or with such officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf.

(2) No claim for compensation may be lodged for loss or damage caused in any case where action has been taken under section 16.

(3) Any claim lodged under sub-section (1) may be investigated by such officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf, and any amount which may be agreed upon between the Local Government and the claimant shall

General power of search.

Power to give effect to orders if disobeyed.

Punish for disobeying order under section 4.

Punish for disobeying other orders under this Chapter.

Claims for compensation.

be paid to him. If the amount is not agreed upon, the claim shall be decided by an Arbitration Tribunal, in the manner hereinafter provided.

20. (1) The Local Government may constitute an Arbitration Tribunal for the trial of any particular claim or claims, or of claims of a specified kind, or of claims arising within a specified area for which provision is not otherwise made.

(2) An Arbitration Tribunal shall consist of three persons, who are—

- (a) Commissioners; or
- (b) persons who have presided in a Civil Court of any grade for not less than five years; or
- (c) persons who are qualified under sub-section (3) of section 181 of the Government of India Act for appointment as Judges of a High Court; or
- (d) persons who have exercised the powers of a Magistrate of the first class for not less than five years; or
- (e) persons having special knowledge of matters such as those which may be in dispute.

(3) The Local Government shall appoint one of the members to be President of the Tribunal.

(4) If for any reason any member of an Arbitration Tribunal is unable to discharge his duties, the Local Government shall appoint another member in his place, and on any such change occurring it shall not be incumbent on the Tribunal to recall or rehear any witness who has already given evidence in regard to any claim before it, and the Tribunal may act on any evidence already recorded by or produced before it.

21. (1) Arbitration Tribunals may take evidence on oath (which such Tribunals are hereby empowered to administer), and shall have such powers to enforce the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence as a Civil Court has under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.

(2) In the event of any difference of opinion among the members of an Arbitration Tribunal the opinion of the majority shall prevail.

(3) Subject to any rules which the Local Government may make in this behalf, the President of an Arbitration Tribunal may make orders consistent with this Chapter to provide for the place and conduct of a trial and all other ancillary matters which he may think necessary for carrying into effect the provisions of this Chapter.

22. (1) The Local Government may invest the District Magistrate with the powers of the Local Government under sub-section (2) of section 4, and may invest the District Magistrate or any Subdivisional Magistrate or any police officer not below the rank of Deputy Superintendent, with any of the powers of the Local Government under section 5.

(2) The Local Government may invest any Subdivisional Magistrate, or any police officer not below the rank of Deputy Superintendent, with any of the powers of a District Magistrate under this Chapter.

(3) The District Magistrate may, by order in writing, authorize any officer to exercise any of the powers of the District Magistrate under this Chapter in a specified area or in connection with a specified contingency.

23. The Governor General in Council may exercise any of the powers of a Local Government under this Chapter.

#### CHAPTER III.

##### OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

24. Whoever induces or attempts to induce any public servant or any servant of a local authority or any railway servant to disregard or fail in his duty as such servant shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.

25. Whoever dissuades or attempts to dissuade any person from entering the military or police service of His Majesty shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.

26. Whoever by words, whether spoken or written, or by signs or by visible or audible representations or otherwise publishes any statement, rumor or report which is false and which he has no reasonable ground to believe to be true, with intent to cause or which is likely to cause fear or alarm to the public or to any section of the public, or hatred or contempt towards any public servant, or any class of His Majesty's subjects, shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.

27. (1) Where it appears to the Local Government that the inhabitants of any area are concerned in the commission of offences or other acts which are prejudicial to the maintenance of law and order or to the public revenue, or are harboring persons concerned in the commission of such offences or acts, the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, impose a collective fine on the inhabitants of that area.

(2) The Local Government may exempt any person or class or section of such inhabitants from liability to pay any portion of such fine.

(3) The District Magistrate, after such inquiry as he may deem necessary, shall apportion such fine among the inhabitants who are both collectively to pay it, and such apportionment shall be made according to the District Magistrate's judgment of the respective means of such inhabitants.

Reserve  
power to  
Governor  
General in  
Council.

Dispersing  
with public  
assembly.

Dissemin-  
ation of  
seditious  
statements.

Dissemin-  
ation of  
false  
statements.

Imposition  
of collective  
fine on inha-  
bitants of  
locality.

(4) The portion of such fine payable by any person may be recovered from him as a fine or as arrears of land revenue.

(5) The Local Government may award compensation out of the proceeds of a fine realised under this section to any person who, in the opinion of the Local Government, has suffered injury to person or property by the unlawful acts of the inhabitants of the area.

*Explanation*—For the purposes of this section, the "inhabitants" of an area includes persons who themselves or by their agents or servants occupy or hold land or other immovable property within such area, and landlords who themselves or by their agents or servants collect rents from holders or occupiers of land in such area, notwithstanding that they do not actually reside therein.

28. Whoever publishes, circulates or repeats in public any passages from a newspaper, book or other document <sup>publication of contents of confidential documents</sup> wherein have been declared to be forbidden to His Majesty under any other law for the time being in force, shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine, or with both.

29. (1) Where any young person under the age of sixteen years is convicted by any Court of an offence under this Ordinance or of an offence which in the opinion of the Court has been committed in furtherance of a movement prejudicial to the public safety or peace, and such young person is sentenced to fine, the Court may order that the fine shall be paid by the parent or guardian of such young person as if it had been a fine imposed upon the parent or guardian: <sup>Power is given by parent or guardian of the accused as a young person.</sup>

Provided that no such order shall be made unless the parent or guardian has had an opportunity to appear before the Court and be heard.

(2) In any such case the Court may direct by its order that in default of payment of the fine by the parent or guardian, the parent or guardian shall suffer imprisonment as if the parent or guardian had himself been convicted of the offence for which the young person is convicted.

#### CHAPTER IV.

##### SPECIAL CRIMINAL COURTS.

30. Courts of criminal jurisdiction may be constituted <sup>Special Courts.</sup> under this Ordinance of the following classes, namely:—

- (a) Special Judges;
- (b) Special Magistrates;
- (c) Summary Courts.

#### III :

*Special Judges.*

31. The Local Government may appoint to be a Special Judge for such area as it may think fit any officer who has acted for a period of not less than two years in the exercise of the powers of a Sessions Judge under the Code.

*Jurisdiction of Special Judges.*

32. Subject to the provisions of section 45 a Special Judge shall try such offences as the Local Government, or an officer empowered by the Local Government in this behalf, may, by general or special order in writing, direct.

*Procedure of Special Judges.*

33. (1) A Special Judge may take cognizance of offences without the accused being committed to his Court for trial, and, in trying accused persons, shall follow the procedure prescribed by the Code for the trial of accused cases by Magistrates:

Provided that a Special Judge may make a memorandum only of the substance of the evidence of each witness examined, and shall not be bound to adjudge any trial for any purpose unless such adjournment is, in his opinion, necessary in the interests of justice.

(2) In matters not coming within the scope of sub-section (1), the provisions of the Code, so far as they are not inconsistent with this Ordinance, shall apply to the proceedings of a Special Judge; and for the purposes of the said provisions, the Court of the Special Judge shall be deemed to be a Court of Session.

*Sentences by Special Judges.*

34. A Special Judge may pass any sentence authorized by law.

*Appeals and confirmations.*

35. (1) An appeal shall lie in the case of any sentence passed by a Special Judge of death or of transportation or imprisonment for a term of two years or more, and the provisions of the Code and of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, shall apply in respect of such appeal as if it were an appeal under the Code from a sentence passed by a Court of Session exercising jurisdiction in the area in which the offence was committed. (2 of 1908.)

(2) A sentence of death passed by a Special Judge shall be subject to confirmation in the manner provided in the Code for the confirmation of a sentence of death passed by a Court of Session.

*Special Magistrates.*

36. Any Presidency Magistrate or Magistrate of the first class who has exercised powers as such for a period of not less than two years may be invested by the Local Government with the powers of a Special Magistrate under this Ordinance.

37. Subject to the provisions of section 42, a Special Magistrate shall try such offences, other than offences punishable with death, as the Local Government or an officer empowered by the Local Government in this behalf may, by general or special order in writing, direct.

38. (1) In the trial of any case, a Special Magistrate shall follow the procedure laid down in sub-section (1) of section 35 for the trial of cases by a Special Judge.

(2) In matters not coming within the scope of sub-section (1), the provisions of the Code, so far as they are not inconsistent with this Ordinance, shall apply to the proceedings of a Special Magistrate, and for the purposes of the said provisions the Special Magistrate shall be deemed to be a Magistrate of the first class.

39. A Special Magistrate may pass any sentence authorized by law, except a sentence of death or of transportation or imprisonment extending seven years.

40. (1) Where a Special Magistrate passes a sentence of transportation or imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, or of fine exceeding one thousand rupees, an appeal shall lie, where the case was tried in a Presidency-town to the High Court, and where the case was tried outside the Presidency-town to the Court of Session, unless the Special Magistrate passes a sentence of transportation exceeding one year or a sentence of imprisonment exceeding four years, in which case the appeal shall lie to the High Court.

(2) An appeal under sub-section (1) shall be presented within seven days from the date of the sentence.

41. If any question arises whether, under any order made under section 32 or section 37, an offence is triable by a Special Judge or a Special Magistrate, the question shall be referred for decision to the Local Government, and its decision shall be final.

42. The Local Government may, by general or special order in writing, empower any Magistrate appointed under the provisions of the Code to exercise the powers of a Summary Court in any area specified in the order.

43. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 42, a Summary Court shall have power to try such offences as the District Magistrate may, by general or special order, direct:

Provided that no person shall be tried by a Summary Court for an offence not specified in sub-section (1) of section 266 of the Code which is punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding two years.

(2) The District Magistrate may, by general or special order, give directions as to the distribution among the Summary Courts in his district of cases triable by them under sub-section (2).

Provision of  
Summary  
Courts.

44. In the trial of any case a Summary Court shall, so far as possible, follow the procedure laid down in the Code for the trial of warrant cases, and shall have all the powers conferred by the Code on a Magistrate:

Provided that the Court shall not be required to record more than a memorandum of the evidence or to frame a formal charge:

Provided further that, in the trial of any offence punishable with imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, the Court may follow the procedure for the summary trial of cases in which an appeal lies laid down in Chapter XXII of the Code.

Business by  
Summary  
Courts.

45. Summary Courts may pass any sentence which may be passed by a Magistrate of the first class.

Appeal.

46. (1) If a Summary Court in a case tried according to the procedure for the trial of warrant cases passes a sentence of imprisonment for a term exceeding three months or a fine exceeding two hundred rupees, or in a case tried by summary procedure passes a sentence of imprisonment for a term exceeding one month or a fine exceeding fifty rupees, an appeal shall lie to the Special Judge appointed for the area in which the offence was committed, or, if no Special Judge has been so appointed, to the High Court or to the Court of Session according as the offence was tried in a Presidency-town or was tried outside the Presidency-towns.

(2) An appeal under sub-section (1) shall be presented within seven days from the date of the sentence.

(3) In disposing of an appeal under this section, a Special Judge shall follow the same procedure and have the same powers as an Appellate Court follows and has under the Code.

Provision  
when Sum-  
mary Court  
considers  
case triable  
by another  
Court.

47. (1) If a Summary Court is of opinion that the offence disclosed is one which it is not empowered to try, it shall send the case for trial to the Special Judge or Special Magistrate empowered to try the case under this Ordinance or, if no such Court has been so empowered, to an ordinary criminal court having jurisdiction.

(2) If a Summary Court is of opinion that an offence which it is empowered to try should be tried by a Court of superior jurisdiction, or that it requires a punishment in excess

of that which the Summary Court is empowered to inflict, it shall stay proceedings and report the case to the District Magistrate who may—

(a) direct that the case shall be tried by a Summary Court, or

(b) send it to a Court constituted under this Ordinance having jurisdiction, or to an ordinary criminal court having jurisdiction, or

(c) report it for the orders of the Local Government.

49. (1) No Court constituted under this Ordinance shall try any offence unless it is an offence punishable under this Ordinance or was committed in furtherance of a movement prejudicial to the public safety or peace.

Lines taken  
of Sections  
10 and  
11 of  
Ordinance  
No. 10 of  
1936.

(2) The question whether or not an offence tried by a Court constituted under this Ordinance is of the nature described in sub-section (1) shall not be raised in any Court other than the Court trying the offence, and where such question is so raised then, if the Court is that of a Special Judge the question shall be referred to the Local Government, and if the Court is that of a Special Magistrate or is a Summary Court the question shall be referred to the District Magistrate, and the decision of the Local Government or District Magistrate shall be final.

50. (1) Where any accused, in a trial before a Court constituted under this Ordinance has, by his voluntary act, rendered himself incapable of appearing before the Court, or omits his production before it, or behaves before it in a persistently disorderly manner, the Court may, at any stage of the trial, by order in writing made after such inquiry as it may think fit, dispense with the attendance of such accused for such period as it may think fit, and proceed with the trial in his absence.

Provision of  
Special  
Courts to  
deal with re-  
fractory  
accused.

(2) Where a plea is required in answer to a charge from an accused whose attendance has been dispensed with under sub-section (1), such accused shall be deemed not to plead guilty.

(3) An order under sub-section (1) dispensing with the attendance of an accused shall not affect his right of being represented by a pleader at any stage of the trial, or of being present in person if he has become capable of appearing, or appears in Court and undertakes to behave in an orderly manner.

(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code, no finding, sentence or order passed in a trial before a Court constituted under this Ordinance shall be held to be illegal by reason of any omission or irregularity whatsoever arising from the absence of any or all of the accused whose attendance has been dispensed with under sub-section (1).



**50.** Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, when the statement of any person has been recorded by any Magistrate, such statement may be admitted in evidence in any trial before a Court constituted under this Ordinance if such person is dead or cannot be found or is incapable of giving evidence, and the Court is of opinion that such death, disappearance or incapacity has been caused in the interests of the accused.

**51.** A Court constituted under this Ordinance shall not be required to grant an adjournment for the purpose of securing the attendance of a legal practitioner if, in the opinion of the Court, such adjournment would cause unreasonable delay in the disposal of the case.

**52.** Notwithstanding the provisions of the Code, or of any other law for the time being in force, or of anything having the force of law by whatever authority made or done, there shall, save as provided by this Ordinance, be no appeal from any order or sentence of a Court constituted under this Ordinance and, save as aforesaid, no Court shall have authority to revise such order or sentence, or to transfer any case from any such Court, or to make any order under section 491 of the Code or have any jurisdiction of any kind in respect of any proceedings of any such Court.

**53.** The provisions of the Code and of any other law for the time being in force, in so far as they may be applicable and in so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance, shall apply to all matters connected with, arising from or consequent upon a trial by special criminal courts constituted under this Ordinance.

## CHAPTER V.

### SPECIAL PROVISIONS AGAINST DISGRACE TO THE ILLEGAL REFUSAL OF THE PAYMENT OF CERTAIN LIABILITIES.

**54. (1)** The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare that any part of the province or the whole province shall be a notified area for the purposes of this Chapter.

**(2)** Such Local Government may further, by the same or by subsequent notification, declare that in each notified area land-revenue or any sum recoverable as arrears of land-revenue, or any tax, rate, cess or other due or amount payable to Government or to any local authority, or rent of agricultural land, or anything recoverable as arrears of or along with such rent, shall be a notified liability.

55. Whoever, by words either spoken or written, or by signs or by visible representations, or otherwise, instigates, expressly or by implication, any person or class of persons not to pay or to defer payment of any notified liability,

Punishment for unlawful instigation to the non-payment of notified liability.

and whoever does any act, with intent or knowing it to be likely that any words, signs or visible representations containing such instigation shall thereby be communicated directly or indirectly to any person or class of persons, in any manner whatsoever,

shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both.

56. No Court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Chapter except upon a report in writing of facts which constitute such offence made by a police officer not below the rank of sub-inspector.

Special rule of procedure.

57. (1) Any person to whom an amount of a notified liability is due may apply in writing to the Collector to realize it, and the Collector may, after satisfying himself that the amount claimed is due, proceed to recover it as an amount of land-revenue, in accordance with the law applicable to the recovery of amounts of land-revenue in the area concerned.

Power to collect an amount of a notified liability as an amount of land-revenue.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prevent any person to whom an amount of a notified liability is due from recovering it in accordance with the law applicable to the recovery of such amount.

(3) Any person from whom an amount has been recovered under this section in excess of the amount due from him may recover such excess in accordance with law from the person on whose behalf the Collector has realized it.

## CHAPTER VI.

### SPECIAL PROVISIONS AGAINST ASSOCIATIONS DANGEROUS TO THE PUBLIC PEACE.

58. In this Chapter, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "notified place" means a place notified under subsection (2) of section 56;

(b) "place" includes also a house, building, tent and vessel; and

(c) "unlawful association" means an unlawful association within the meaning of section 13 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1913, and includes an association which has been declared to be unlawful, by the Governor General in Council under the powers conferred by section 61.

1930. Law Amendment Act, 1913, and includes an association which has been declared to be unlawful, by the Governor General in Council under the powers conferred by section 61.

Power to  
visit and  
take  
possession  
of places  
used for the  
purpose of  
an unlawful  
association.

55. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, notify any place which in its opinion is used for the purpose of an unlawful association.

(2) The District Magistrate, or any officer authorized in this behalf in writing by the District Magistrate, may thereupon take possession of the notified place and arrest therefrom any person found therein, and shall forthwith make a report of the taking of possession to the Local Government.

(3) A notified place whose possession is taken under sub-section (2) shall be deemed to remain in the possession of Government so long as the notification under sub-section (1) in respect thereof remains in force.

Movable  
property  
found in  
notified  
place.

56. (1) The District Magistrate or officer taking possession of a notified place shall also take possession of all movable property found therein, and shall make a list thereof and exhibit it, with a report of the taking of possession of such movable property, to the Local Government.

(2) If, in the opinion of the Local Government, any articles specified in the list are or may be used for the purpose of the unlawful association, the Local Government may, by order in writing, declare such articles to be forfeited to His Majesty, and may give such directions for the disposal thereof as it may think fit.

(3) Any articles specified in the list which are not so forfeited may be delivered by the District Magistrate to any person whom he considers to be entitled to possession thereof, or may be retained in the possession of Government and used in such manner as the District Magistrate may direct.

Trespass  
upon not-  
ified place.

57. Any person who enters or remains upon a notified place without the permission of the District Magistrate, or of an officer authorized by him in this behalf, shall be deemed to commit criminal trespass, and, notwithstanding anything contained in the Code any such offence of criminal trespass shall be cognizable and non-bailable.

The value  
of property.

58. Before the Ordinance comes into force, or before a notification under sub-section (1) of section 55 is issued, the Local Government shall give such general or special directions as it may deem requisite regarding the relinquishment by Government of possession of notified places and of movable property found therein whose possession has been retained under sub-section (3) of section 56.

Power to  
visit and  
take  
possession  
of places  
used for the  
purpose of  
an unlawful  
association.

59. (1) Where the Local Government is satisfied, after such inquiry as it may think fit, that any money, securities or credits are being used or are intended to be used for the purpose of an unlawful association, the Local Government may, by order in writing, declare such money, securities or credits to be forfeited to His Majesty.

(5) A copy of an order under sub-section (1) may be served on the person having custody of the monies, securities or credits, and on the service of such copy such person shall pay or deliver the monies, securities or credits to the order of the Local Government:

Provided that, in the case of monies or securities, a copy of the order may be endorsed for execution to such officer as the Local Government may select, and such officer shall have power to enter upon and search for such monies and securities in any premises where they may reasonably be suspected to be, and to seize the same.

(3) Where the Local Government has reason to believe that any person has custody of any monies, securities or credits which are being used or are intended to be used for the purposes of an unlawful association, the Local Government may, by order in writing, prohibit such person from paying, delivering, transferring or otherwise dealing in any manner whatsoever with the same, save in accordance with the written orders of the Local Government. A copy of such order shall be served upon the person to whom it is directed.

(4) The Local Government may endorse a copy of an order under sub-section (3) for investigation to any officer it may select, and such copy shall be warrant whereunder such officer may enter upon any premises of the person to whom the order is directed, examine the books of such person, search for monies and securities, and make inquiries from such person, or any officer, agent or servant of such person, touching the origin of and dealings in any monies, securities or credits which the investigating officer may suspect are being used or are intended to be used for the purposes of an unlawful association.

(5) A copy of an order under this section may be served in the manner provided in the Code for the service of a summons, or, where the person to be served is a corporation, company, bank or association of persons, it may be served on any secretary, director or other officer or person concerned with the management thereof, or by leaving it or sending it by post addressed to the corporation, company, bank or association at its registered office, or, where there is no registered office, at the place where it carries on business.

(6) Where an order of forfeiture is made under sub-section (2) in respect of any monies, securities or credits in respect of which a prohibitory order has been made under sub-section (3), such order of forfeiture shall have effect from the date of the prohibitory order, and the person to whom the prohibitory order was directed shall pay or deliver the whole of the monies, securities, or credits forfeited, to the order of the Local Government.

(7) Where any person liable under this section to pay or deliver any annuities, securities, or credits to the order of the Local Government refuses or fails to comply with any direction of the Local Government in this behalf, the Local Government may recover from such person, as arrears of land-revenue or as a debt, the amount of such annuities or credits or the market value of such securities.

(8) In this section, "security" means a document whereby any person acknowledges that he is under a legal liability to pay money, or whereunder any person obtains a legal right to the payment of money; and the market value of any security means the value as fixed by any officer or person deputed by the Local Government in this behalf.

Power of  
Governor  
General in  
Council to  
declare  
association  
to be  
unlawful.

64. (1) If the Governor General in Council is of opinion that any association interferes with the administration of law and order, or that it constitutes a danger to the public peace, he may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, declare such association to be unlawful.

(2) An association in respect of which such declaration has been made shall be an unlawful association for the purposes of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908, throughout all of the whole of British India.

Effect of  
reports and  
declarations.

65. Every report of the taking possession of property and every declaration of forfeiture made or purporting to be made under this chapter, shall, as against all persons, be conclusive proof that the property specified therein has been taken possession of by Government or has been forfeited, as the case may be.

## CHAPTER VII.

SEVERAL PROVISIONS AGAINST CERTAIN FORMS OF INTIMIDATION.

Definition of  
"unlawful  
act."

66. For the purposes of this Chapter, a person is said to molest another person who,—

(a) with a view to cause such other person to abstain from doing or to do any act which such other person has a right to do or to abstain from doing, obstructs or uses violence to or intimidates such other person or anyone in whom such person is interested, or hinders, or causes a hindrance to such person or anyone in whom such person is interested residing or working or carrying on business or happens to be, or prevents or hinders him from going to or coming from, or interfering with any property owned or used by him or deprives him of or hinders him in the use thereof, or

(b) hinders at or near the place where such other person carries on business, in such a way or with intent that any person may thereby be deterred from entering or approaching or dealing at such place, or does any other act at or near such place which may have a like effect.

67. Whoever molests or abets the molestation of any person shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both.

Punishment for molestation.

68. No Court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under section 67 except upon a report in writing of facts which constitute such offence made by a police officer.

Special rule of procedure.

69. For the purposes of this Chapter,—

Definition of "boycotting".

(a) a person is said to "boycott" another person who refuses to deal or do business with, or to supply goods to, or to let a house or land to, or to render any customary service to such person or any person in whom such person is interested, or refuses to do so on the terms on which such things would be done in the ordinary course, or abstains from such professional or business relations as he would ordinarily maintain with such person; and

(b) a "public servant" includes a public servant as defined in section 21 of the Indian Penal Code, and a servant of a local authority, and a person belonging to any class of persons which the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare to be public servants for the purposes of this Chapter.

Definition of "public servant".

70. Whoever boycotts or abets the boycotting of a public servant, or threatens a public servant with boycotting, shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both:

Punishment for boycotting of a public servant.

Provided that no person shall be convicted under this section if the Court is satisfied that his acts were not intended to prejudice the public servant boycotted, or procured or threatened to be boycotted, in the discharge of the duties of his office or to cause such public servant to terminate or withhold his services in the discharge of such duties, or to commit a breach of discipline.

71. (1) An offence punishable under section 70 shall be non-cognizable and bailable, and notwithstanding anything contained in the Second Schedule to the Code, a warrant relating to such an offence shall, for the purposes of section 204 of the Code, be deemed to be one in which a warrant should issue in the first instance.

Special rule of procedure.

(2) Where information is given to the officer in charge of a police station of the commission within the limits of such station of an offence punishable under section 70, he shall deal with it in the manner provided in section 154 of the Code, and he shall investigate the case as if he had received an order to that effect from a competent Magistrate.

*Provisional  
for period-  
gating, or a  
week (second  
session).*

72. Whoever with intent to assay any person, or with the knowledge that annoyance is likely to be caused to any person, performs or takes part in or abets the performance of any such ceremony resembling any ceremony connected with or consequent upon death shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both.

*Provisional.*

73. No Court other than a Court of a Presidency Magistrate or Magistrate of the first class or of a Special Judge or Special Magistrate constituted under this Ordinance shall take cognizance of or try any offence under this Chapter.

#### CHAPTER VIII.

##### SCHEMATA.

*Offences  
under the  
Ordinance to  
be cognizable  
and non-  
bailable.*

74. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code, any offence punishable under this Ordinance shall, save as otherwise specially provided in the Ordinance, be cognizable and non-bailable.

*All offences  
under this  
XIV of 1905  
to be cogniz-  
able and  
non-bailable.*

75. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code, all offences punishable under sub-section (j) of section 17 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1906, shall be cognizable and non-bailable.

*Offences  
other  
than those  
to be cogniz-  
able and  
non-bailable.*

76. (j) The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare that any offence punishable under section 103, 104, 107, 109, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

(k) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 106 or section 107 of the Code, in any area in which a notification under sub-section (j) in respect of section 103, 104, 107, 109, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

17. So long as this Ordinance remains in force, in sub-  
 section (1) of section 4 of the Indian Prisons (Emergency  
 Powers) Act, 1921, after clause (3), the following words and  
 clauses shall be deemed to be inserted, namely:—

Temporary  
 amendments  
 of section 4,  
 Act XXXI  
 of 1921.

"or which tend, directly or indirectly,—

(3) to seduce any officer, soldier, sailor or airman in the  
 military, naval or air forces of His Majesty or any police  
 officer from his allegiance or his duty, or

(4) to bring into hatred or contempt His Majesty or the  
 Government established by law in British India or the  
 administration of justice in British India or any Indian Prince  
 or Chief under the suzerainty of His Majesty, or any class or  
 section of His Majesty's subjects in British India or to excite  
 dissension towards His Majesty or the said Government or  
 any such Prince or Chief, or

(5) to put any person in fear or to cause annoyance to  
 him, and thereby induce him to deliver to any person any  
 property or valuable security, or to do any act which he is  
 not legally bound to do, or to omit to do any act which he is  
 legally entitled to do, or

(6) to encourage or invite any person to interfere with  
 the administration of the law or with the maintenance of law  
 and order, or to commit any offence, or to refuse or defer  
 payment of any land revenue, tax, rate, cess or other due or  
 amount payable to Government or to any local authority, or  
 any rent of agricultural land or anything recoverable as arrears  
 of or along with such rent, or

(7) to induce a public servant or a servant of a local  
 authority to do any act or to forbear or delay to do any act  
 connected with the exercise of his public functions or to resign  
 his office, or

(8) to promote feelings of enmity or hatred between  
 different classes of His Majesty's subjects, or

(9) to prejudice the recruiting of persons to serve in any  
 of His Majesty's forces, or in any police force, or to prejudice  
 the training, discipline or administration of any such force,"  
 and the provisions of that Act shall apply accordingly.

22. Except as provided in this Ordinance, no proceeding or *subordinate*  
 order purporting to be taken or made under this Ordinance  
 shall be called in question by any Court, and no civil or  
 criminal proceeding shall be instituted against any person for  
 anything done or in good faith intended to be done under this  
 Ordinance or against any person for any loss or damage  
 caused to or in respect of any property whereof possession has  
 been taken under this Ordinance.



Operation of  
this Ordinance  
shall not  
be affected.

79. Nothing contained in this Ordinance shall be deemed to prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other law for any act or omission which constitutes an offence punishable under this Ordinance.

Repeal in  
respect of  
certain  
Ordinances.

80. (1) Anything done in pursuance of any provision of the Emergency Powers Ordinance, 1951, the Unlawful Investigation Ordinance, 1952, the Unlawful Association Ordinance, 1952, or of any of the Provision of Detention and Boycotting Ordinance, 1952, shall, where the corresponding provision of this Ordinance has since come into force before the 4th day of July 1952 be deemed as valid, the expiry of the said Ordinance to have been done in pursuance of the corresponding provision of this Ordinance, and shall have effect, and the provisions of this Ordinance shall have effect, accordingly.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provision it is hereby expressly provided that—

(a) this Ordinance shall operate to confer a right of appeal in all cases where an appeal would have been under any provision of any of the Ordinances specified in sub-section (1), and every appeal pending at the time of the expiry of the said Ordinances, and, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance relating to the presentation of appeals, every appeal made in pursuance of this sub-section shall be heard and decided in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance;

(b) this Ordinance shall operate to confer a power to prosecute any person for any offence committed against any provision of any of the Ordinances specified in sub-section (1) and such offence shall be deemed to be an offence committed against the corresponding provision of this Ordinance;

(c) this Ordinance shall operate to confer a power to continue and complete any trial or proceeding under any provision of any of the Ordinances specified in sub-section (1) which was pending at the time of the expiry of the said Ordinances as if such trial or proceeding were a trial or proceeding begun under the corresponding provision of this Ordinance.

WITNESSED,  
Secretary and Governor General.

(Republished by order of His Excellency  
the Governor in Council)

V. N. VISWANATHA RAO,  
Secretary to Govt., Law (Legislative) Dept.



# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

Published by Authority.

No. 11) MADRAS, THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 5, 1902. (PART, No. 2

## Part IV—Proceedings of the Madras Legislature

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**BILL** to be introduced in the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Under rule 18 of the Madras Legislative Council Rules, the following BILL, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons, is published for general information :—

**BILL** No. 6 OF 1902.

*A Bill further to amend the Madras Court of Wards Act, 1902, for certain purposes.*

**WHEREAS** it is expedient further to amend the Madras Court of Wards Act, 1902, for the purposes hereinafter appearing;

IT-4

AND WHEREAS the previous section of the Governor-General has been obtained to the passing of this Act; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Enacted this

1. This Act may be called the Madras Court of Wards (Amendment) Act, 1932.

Amendment of section 34, Madras Act 1 of 1932.

2. Section 34 of the Madras Court of Wards Act, 1902 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act) shall be renumbered as sub-section (1) of section 34 and to that section as so renumbered, the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(2) No claim under section 48 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872, on account of necessaries supplied to a ward or to any one whom he is legally bound to support, shall be enforceable against the property of the ward which is under the superintendence of the Court; but the Court may, in its discretion, satisfy in whole or in part, any such claim."

Amendment of section 34, Madras Act 1 of 1932.

3. In section 34 of the said Act, for the word and figure "section 34", the words, figures and brackets "sub-section (1) and sub-section (2) of section 34" shall be substituted.

#### STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of section 34 of the Madras Court of Wards Act, 1902, is to make a ward under the superintendence of the Court of Wards (incapable) to transfer or charge his properties against any contractual or other liability. Similar provision is found in other provisions have however been construed by courts as not excluding the liability of the estate of the ward to meet claims under section 48 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872. The Madras Court of Wards has recently had to meet various claims of this nature, the wards concerned having relinquished the legal allowances provided by the Court for their maintenance and other expenses. The Court of Wards then finds itself hampered in the administration of the estates under its control. The Bill proposes to amend the Court of Wards Act by providing that properties of wards under the superintendence of the Court of Wards shall not be liable to claims under section 48 of the Indian Contract Act. Power has however been reserved to the Court of Wards to meet such claims in whole or in part in emergencies.

It may be added that similar legislation was undertaken and passed into law in the Central Provinces (C.P. Act 1 of 1932) to meet the same difficulty.

10th June 1932.

A. Y. G. CAMPBELL.

*Acts of the Local Legislature of Madras.*

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 81 of the Government of India Act, the following Act of the Local Legislature of Madras having been assented to by the Governor on the 9th May 1932 and by the Governor-General on the 16th June 1932, is hereby published for general information:—

ACT No. VI OF 1932.

*An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to co-operative societies in the Presidency of Madras.*

WHEREAS it is expedient further to facilitate the formation and working of co-operative societies for the promotion of thrift, self-help and mutual aid among agriculturists and other persons with common economic needs so as to bring about better-living, better business and better methods of production and for that purpose to consolidate and amend the law relating to co-operative societies in the Presidency of Madras.

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor-General has been obtained to the passing of this Act; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Madras Co-operative Societies Act, 1932.

Short title and extent.

(2) It extends to the whole of the Presidency of Madras.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "by-laws" means the registered by-laws for "Societies" the time being in force and includes a registered amendment of the by-laws;

(b) "committee" means the governing body of "Co-operative societies" a registered society to whom the management of its affairs is entrusted;

(c) "financing bank" means a registered "Financing bank" society the main object of which is to lend money to other registered societies;

- "Member." (3) "member" includes a person joining in the application for the registration of a society and a person admitted to membership after registration in accordance with the by-laws and any rules;
- "Officer." (4) "officer" includes a president, vice-president, chairman, vice-chairman, secretary, assistant secretary, treasurer, member of committee, and any other person empowered under the rules or the by-laws to give directions in regard to the business of the society;
- "Registered society." (5) "registered society" means a society registered or deemed to be registered under this Act;
- "Registrar." (6) "Registrar" means a person appointed to perform the duties of a Registrar of Co-operative Societies under this Act; and
- "Rules." (7) "rules" means rules made under this Act.

#### REGISTRATION.

The Registrar. 3. The Local Government may appoint a person to be Registrar of Co-operative Societies for the Presidency of Madras or any portion of it and may appoint persons to assist such Registrar, and may, by general or special order, confer on any such persons all or any of the powers of a Registrar under this Act.

4. Subject to the provisions of this Act a society which has as its object the promotion of the economic interests of its members in accordance with co-operative principles, or a society established with the object of facilitating the operations of such a society, may be registered under this Act with or without limited liability:

Provided that unless the Local Government by general or special order otherwise directs—

(i) the liability of a society of which a member is a registered society shall be limited; and

(ii) the liability of a society of which the primary object is the creation of funds to be lent to its members, and of which the majority of the members are agriculturists, and of which no member is a registered society, shall be unlimited and the members of such a society shall, on its liquidation, be jointly and severally liable for and in respect of all its obligations.

5. (1) Subject to the proviso to section 4 and to any <sup>Change of</sup> rules made in this behalf, a registered society may, with the previous sanction of the Registrar, change its liability from limited to unlimited or from unlimited to limited:

Provided that—

(i) the society shall give notice in writing of its intention to change its liability to all its members and creditors;

(ii) any member or creditor shall, notwithstanding any by-law or contract to the contrary, have the option of withdrawing his shares, deposits or loans, as the case may be, within three months of the service of such notice on him and the change shall not take effect until all such claims have been satisfied; and

(iii) any member or creditor, who does not exercise his option within the period aforesaid, shall be deemed to have assented to the change.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the proviso to sub-section (1) the change shall take effect at once if all the members and creditors assent thereto.

6. Where the liability of the members of a society is limited by shares, no member other than a registered society shall

And no person  
or company of  
members of  
society with  
limited liability  
shall be a  
shareholder.

(a) hold more than such portion of the share capital of the society, subject to a maximum of one-fifth, as may be prescribed by the rules; or

(b) have or claim any interest in the shares of the society, exceeding one thousand rupees.

7. (1) No society, other than a society of which a member is a registered society, shall be registered under this Act which does not consist of at least ten persons who have attained the age of majority and, where the object of the society is the creation of funds to be lent to its members, unless such persons—

Conditions of  
registration.

(a) reside in the same town or village or in the same group of villages; or

(b) save where the Registrar otherwise directs, are members of the same tribe, class, caste or occupation.

(2) The word "limited" shall be the last word in the name of every society with limited liability registered under this Act.

Power of  
Registrar  
to decide  
whether  
applicant

8. When any question arises whether for the purposes of this Act a person is an agriculturist or a non-agriculturist, or whether any person is a resident in a town or village, or group of villages, or whether two or more villages shall be considered to form a group, or whether any person belongs to any particular tribe, class, caste or occupation, the question shall be decided by the Registrar, whose decision shall be final.

Application  
for registration.

9. (1) For purposes of registration an application to register shall be made to the Registrar.

(2) The application shall be signed—

(a) in the case of a society of which no member is a registered society, by at least ten persons qualified in accordance with the requirements of sub-section (1) of section 7; and

(b) in the case of a society of which a member is a registered society, by a duly authorized person on behalf of every such registered society, and, where all the members of the society are not registered societies, by ten other members or, when there are less than ten other members, by all of them.

(3) The application shall be accompanied by a copy of the proposed by-laws of the society, and the persons by whom or on whose behalf such application is made shall furnish such information as regard to the society as the Registrar may require.

Registration.

10. If the Registrar is satisfied that a society has complied with the provisions of this Act and the rules and that its proposed by-laws are not contrary to this Act or to the rules, he may register the society and its by-laws. In case of refusal, an appeal shall lie to the Local Government within two months from the date of the issue of the order of refusal by registered post.

Evidence of  
registration.

11. A certificate of registration signed by the Registrar shall be conclusive evidence that the society therein mentioned is duly registered unless it is proved that the registration of the society has been cancelled.

Amendment  
of the by-laws  
of registered  
society.

12. (1) No amendment of the by-laws of a registered society shall be valid until the same has been registered under this Act, for which purpose a copy of the amendment shall be forwarded to the Registrar.

(2) If the Registrar is satisfied that any amendment of the by-laws is not contrary to this Act or to the rules,

He may register the amendment. In case of refusal, an appeal shall lie to the Local Government within two months from the date of the issue of the order of refusal by registered post.

(3) When the Registrar registers an amendment of the by-laws of a registered society, he shall issue to the society a copy of the amendment certified by him, which shall be conclusive evidence that the same is duly registered.

13. (4) (1) Any registered society may, at a meeting of its general body specially called for the purpose of which at least seven clear days' notice shall be given to its members, resolve to divide itself into two or more societies. The resolution (hereinafter in this sub-section referred to as the preliminary resolution) shall contain proposals for the division of the assets and liabilities of the society among the new societies into which it is proposed to divide it and may prescribe the area of operations of, and specify the members who will constitute, each of the new societies.

*Notice and  
provision of  
notice time.*

(2) (i) A copy of the preliminary resolution shall be sent to all the members and creditors of the society.

(ii) Any member of the society may, notwithstanding any by-law to the contrary, by notice given to the society within a period of three months from his receipt of the preliminary resolution, intimate his intention not to become a member of any of the new societies.

(iii) Any creditor of the society may, notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary, by notice given to the society within the said period, intimate his intention to demand a return of the amount due to him.

(3) After the expiry of three months from the receipt of the preliminary resolution by all the members and creditors of the society, a meeting of the general body of the society, of which at least fifteen clear days' notice shall be given to its members, shall be convened for considering the preliminary resolution. If, at such meeting, the preliminary resolution is confirmed by a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the members present, either without challenge or with such challenges as, in the opinion of the Registrar, are not material, he may, subject to the provisions of clause



(3) and section 10, register the new societies and the by-laws thereof. On each registration the registration of the old society shall be deemed to have been cancelled.

The opinion of the Registrar as to whether the changes made in the preliminary resolution are or are not material shall be final and no appeal shall be therefrom.

(4) At the meeting referred to in clause (3) provision shall be made by another resolution for

(i) the repayment of the share capital of all the members who have given notice under sub-clause (2) of clause (3); and

(ii) the satisfaction of the claims of all the creditors who have given notice under sub-clause (ii) of clause (3);

Provided that no member or creditor shall be entitled to such repayment or satisfaction until the preliminary resolution is confirmed as provided in clause (5).

(5) If, within such time as the Registrar considers reasonable, the share capital of the members referred to in clause (4) is not repaid or the claims of the creditors referred to in that clause are not satisfied, the Registrar may refuse to register the new societies.

(6) The registration of the new societies shall be a sufficient conveyance to vest the assets and liabilities of the original society in the new societies in the manner specified in the preliminary resolution as confirmed under clause (5).

(b) (1) Two or more registered societies may, at meetings of their respective general bodies specially called for the purpose of which at least seven clear days' notice shall be given to their respective members, resolve to amalgamate into one society. This resolution is hereinafter in this sub-section referred to as the preliminary resolution.

(2) (i) A copy of the preliminary resolution of each society shall be sent to all the members and creditors thereof.

(ii) Any member of any such society may, notwithstanding any by-law to the contrary, by notice given to the society of which he is a member within a period of three months from his receipt of the preliminary resolution, intimate his intention not to become a member of the new society.

(iv) Any creditor of any such society may, notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary, by notice given to the society of which he is a creditor within the said period, intimate his intention to demand a return of the amount due to him.

(3) After the expiry of three months from the receipt of the preliminary resolution by all the members and creditors of all the societies, a joint meeting of the members of such societies of which at least fifteen clear days' notice shall be given to them, shall be convened for considering the preliminary resolution. If, at such meeting, the preliminary resolution is confirmed by a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the members present, either without changes or with such changes as, in the opinion of the Registrar, are not material, he may, subject to the provisions of clause (5) and section 10, register the new society and the by-laws thereof. On such registration, the registration of the old societies shall be deemed to have been cancelled.

The opinion of the Registrar as to whether the changes made in the preliminary resolution are or are not material shall be final and no appeal shall lie therefrom.

(4) At the joint meeting referred to in clause (3), provision shall be made by another resolution for—

(i) the repayment of the share capital of all the members who have given notice under sub-clause (ii) of clause (2); and

(ii) the satisfaction of the claims of all the creditors who have given notice under sub-clause (ii) of clause (2);

Provided that no member or creditor shall be entitled to such repayment or satisfaction until the preliminary resolution is confirmed as provided in clause (3).

(5) If, within such time as the Registrar considers reasonable, the share capital of the members referred to in clause (4) is not repaid or the claims of the creditors referred to in that clause are not satisfied, the Registrar may refuse to register the new society.

(6) The registration of the new society shall be a sufficient conveyance to vest in it all the assets and liabilities of the original societies.

## RIGHTS AND LIABILITIES OF MEMBERS.

Members  
to exercise  
rights till  
the payment  
made.

14. (1) No member of a registered society shall, save as otherwise provided in sub-section (2), exercise the rights of a member unless or until he has made such payment to the society in respect of membership or acquired such interest in the society as may be prescribed by the rules and by-laws.

(2) In the case of a society registered after the commencement of this Act, the persons who have signed the application to register the society may elect a committee to conduct the affairs of the society for a period of three months from the date of registration or for such further period as the Registrar may consider desirable:

Provided that the committee shall cease to function as soon as the members of the society have elected a committee in accordance with its by-laws.

General  
meetings.

15. (1) The committee may at any time call a general meeting of the society and shall call such a meeting within one month after receipt of a requisition in writing from the Registrar or from a financing bank to which the society is indebted or from such number of members or proportion of the total number of members as may be specified in the by-laws of the society.

(2) If a general meeting is not called in accordance with such requisition, the Registrar shall have power to call a general meeting of the society himself.

Votes of  
members.

16. (1) No member of any registered society shall have more than one vote in the affairs of the society provided that in the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

(2) A registered society which has invested any part of its funds in the shares of another registered society may appoint any of its members not disqualified for such appointment under any rules prescribed in that behalf to vote in the affairs of such other registered society.

Restrictions  
on transfer  
of share or  
interest.

17. (1) The transfer of the share or interest of a member in the capital of a registered society shall be subject to such conditions as to maximum holding as may be prescribed by this Act or by the rules.

(2) In the case of a society registered with unlimited liability a member shall not transfer any share

held by him or his interest in the capital of the society or any part thereof unless—

(a) he has held such share or interest for not less than one year; and

(b) the transfer is made to the society or to a member of the society.

#### DUTIES OF REGISTERED SOCIETIES.

18. Every registered society shall have an address, <sup>address of</sup> registered in accordance with the rules, to which all notices and communications may be sent, and shall send to the Registrar notice of every change thereof.

19. Every registered society shall keep a copy of this Act and of the rules governing such society and of its by-laws open to inspection free of charge at all reasonable times at the registered address of the society. <sup>Copy of Act, rules and by-laws to be open to inspection.</sup>

#### PRIVILEGES OF REGISTERED SOCIETIES

20. The registration of a society shall render it a body corporate by the name under which it is registered, with perpetual succession and a common seal, and with power to hold property, to enter into contracts, to institute and defend suits and other legal proceedings and to do all things necessary for the purposes for which it was constituted. <sup>Association to be treated as corporate.</sup>

21. (1) Subject to the prior claim, if any, of the Government in respect of land revenue or any money recoverable as land revenue or of a landlord in respect of rent or any money recoverable as rent, a registered society shall be entitled in priority to other creditors to enforce any outstanding demand due to the society from a member or past or deceased member. <sup>Priority claim of mortgage.</sup>

(a) in respect of the supply of seed or manure or of the loan of money for the purchase of seed or manure upon the crops or other agricultural produce of such member or person at any time within eighteen months from the date of such supply or loan;

(b) in respect of the supply of cattle, fodder for cattle, agricultural or industrial implements or machinery, or raw materials for manufacture, or of the loan of money for the purchase of any of the foregoing things—upon any such things so supplied, or purchased in whole or in part from any such loan, or on any articles manufactured from raw materials so supplied or purchased.

(2) The priority created by sub-section (1) in favour of a registered society shall be available against any claim of the Government arising from a loan granted under the Land Improvements Loans Act, 1885, after the grant of the loan by the society. EIT of 1900

Charge and interest on account of shares or interest of members

22. A registered society shall have a charge upon the share or interest in the capital and on the deposits of a member or past or deceased member and upon any dividend, bonus or profits payable to a member or past member or the estate of a deceased member in respect of any debt due from such member or past member or the estate of such deceased member to the society, and may set off any sum credited or payable to a member or past or deceased member or the estate of a deceased member in or towards payment of any such debt. 1

Share or interest not liable to attachment

23. Subject to the provisions of section 22, the share or interest of a member in the capital of a registered society shall not be liable to attachment or sale under any decree or order of a Court of Justice in respect of any debt or liability incurred by such member, and neither the Official Assignee under the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1904, nor a Receiver under the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1906, shall be entitled to or have any claim on such share or interest. EIT of 1900, V of 1906.

Transfer of share or interest on death of member

24. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 22, a registered society may on the death of a member transfer his share or interest in the capital to the person nominated in accordance with the rules made in this behalf, or, if there is no person so nominated, to such person as may appear to the committee to be the heir or legal representative of the deceased member, or pay to such nominee, heir or legal representative, as the case may be, a sum representing the value of such member's share or interest, as ascertained in accordance with the rules or by-laws: 2

Provided that—

(2) in the case of a society with unlimited liability, such nominee, heir or legal representative, as the case may be, may require payment by the society of the value of the share or interest of the deceased member ascertained as aforesaid; and

(ii) In the case of a society with limited liability, the society shall transfer the share or interest of the deceased member to such nominee, heir, legal representative, as the case may be, being qualified in accordance with the rules and by-laws for membership of the society, or on his application within one month of the death of the deceased member to any person specified in the application who is so qualified.

(3) Subject as aforesaid, a registered society may pay all other moneys due to the deceased member from the society to such nominee, heir or legal representative, as the case may be.

(4) All transfers and payments made by a registered society in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be valid and effectual against any demand made upon the society by any other person.

28. The liability of a past member or of the estate of a deceased member for the debts of a registered society as they existed on the date of his ceasing to be a member or of his decease, as the case may be, shall continue for a period of two years from such date.  liability of past member as of the date of a demand for same

29. Any register or list of members or shares kept by any registered society shall be *prima facie* evidence of any of the following particulars entered therein:—  register of members.

(a) the date on which the name of any person was entered in such register or list as a member; and

(b) the date on which any such person ceased to be a member.

30. (1) A copy of any entry in a book of a registered society regularly kept in the course of business shall, if certified in such manner as may be prescribed by the rules, be received in any suit or legal proceedings as *prima facie* evidence of the existence of such entry, and shall be admitted as evidence of the matters, transactions and accounts therein recorded in every case where, and to the same extent as, the original entry itself is admissible.  proof of entries is required books.

(2) No officer or liquidator of a registered society and no officer in whose office the books of a registered society are deposited after liquidation shall, in any legal proceedings to which the society or the liquidator is not a party, be compelled to produce any of the society's books the contents of which can be proved under subsection (1), or to appear as a witness to prove the matters,

transactions and accounts therein recorded, unless by order of the court or the arbitrator made for special cause.

Power to  
attach  
and sell  
debtor's  
property.

28. Whenever a decree or order of a civil court, a decision or an award of the Registrar or arbitrator or an order of the Registrar or liquidator is obtained by a registered society for the realisation of money, the Registrar or any person subordinate to him empowered by the Registrar in this behalf may, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Local Government, recover the amount due under such decree, award or order together with the interest, if any, due thereon and the costs of process by the attachment and sale of the property of the person against whom such decree, decision, award or order is obtained.

Exemption  
from  
stamp-duty  
registration  
of instru-  
ments relat-  
ing to shares  
and debent-  
ures of  
registered  
society.

29. Nothing in clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908, shall apply to—

(1) any instrument relating to shares in a registered society, notwithstanding that the assets of such society consist in whole or in part of immovable property; or

(2) any debenture issued by any such society and not creating, declaring, assigning, bearing or extinguishing any right, title or interest to or in immovable property except in so far as it entitles the holder to the security afforded by a registered instrument whereby the society has mortgaged, conveyed or otherwise transferred the whole or part of its immovable property or any interest therein to trustees upon trust for the benefit of the holders of such debentures, or

(3) any endorsement upon or transfer of any debenture issued by any such society.

Power to  
exempt from  
stamp-duty,  
stamp duty  
and registra-  
tion fees.

30. (1) The Governor-General in Council by notification in the Gazette of India may, in the case of any registered society or class of registered societies, remit the income-tax payable in respect of the profits of the society, or of the dividends or other payments received by the members of the society on account of profits.

(2) The Local Government, by notification in the Port St. George Gazette, may in the case of any registered society or class of registered societies remit—

(a) the stamp duty with which, under any law for the time being in force, instruments executed by or on behalf of a registered society or by an officer or member and relating to the business of such society or any

class of such instruments or decisions, awards or orders of the Registrar or arbitrators under this Act are respectively chargeable; and

(b) any fee payable under the law of registration for the time being in force.

31. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other enactment, the Local Government may, subject to such rules as may be prescribed in this behalf, grant loans to, take shares in, or give financial assistance in any other form to any registered society.

#### PROPERTY AND FUNDS OF REGISTERED SOCIETIES.

32. (1) A registered society shall not make a loan to any person other than a member.

Provided that, with the sanction of the Registrar, a registered society may make loans to another registered society.

(2) Save with the sanction of the Registrar, a registered society shall not lend money on the security of movable property other than agricultural produce.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (2), a registered society may make a loan to a depositor on the security of his deposit.

(4) The Local Government may, by general or special order, prohibit or restrict the lending of money on mortgage of immovable property by any registered society or class of registered societies.

33. A registered society shall receive deposits and loans only to such extent and under such conditions as may be prescribed by the rules or the by-laws of the society.

34. (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 33, a registered society may invest or deposit its funds—

- (a) in the Government Savings Bank, or
- (b) in any of the securities specified in section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1932, or
- (c) in the shares or securities of any other registered society provided that no such investment shall be made in the shares of any society with unlimited liability, or



(d) with any bank or person carrying on the business of banking, approved for this purpose by the Registrar, or

(e) in any other mode permitted by the rules.

(3) Any investments or deposits made before the commencement of this Act which would have been valid if this Act had been in force are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Profits not to be divided among members.

35. No part of the funds of a registered society shall be divided by way of bonus or dividend or otherwise among its members:

Provided that payment may be made to a member for work done by him as Secretary or as clerk on such scale as may be prescribed by the by-laws:

Provided also that after at least one-fourth of the net profits in any year have been carried to a reserve fund, payments from the remainder of such profits and from any profits of past years available for distribution may be made—

(i) as a bonus to a member for any specific service rendered by him to the society including work done as Secretary or as clerk, and

(ii) among the members to such extent and under such conditions as may be prescribed by the rules or by-laws.

Contribution to charitable purposes.

36. Any registered society may, after one-fourth of the net profits in any year has been carried to a reserve fund, contribute an amount not exceeding 10 per cent of the remaining net profits to any charitable purpose as defined in section 2 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890.

Audits.

37. (1) The Registrar shall audit or cause to be audited by some person authorized by him by general or special order in writing in this behalf the accounts of every registered society once at least in every year.

(2) The audit under sub-section (1) shall include an examination of overdue debts, if any, the verification of the cash balance and securities and a valuation of the assets and liabilities of the society.

(3) The Registrar or the person authorized by him under sub-section (1) shall, at all reasonable times, have free access to the books, accounts, documents, securities,

cash and other properties belonging to or in the custody of the society and may summon any person in possession or responsible for the custody of any such books, accounts, documents, securities, cash or other properties to produce the same at any place at the headquarters of the society or any branch thereof.

(4) Every officer or member of the society shall furnish such information in regard to the transactions and working of the society as the Registrar or the person authorized by him under sub-section (1) may require.

#### INQUIRY AND INSPECTION.

38. (1) The Registrar may of his own motion, and shall on the request of the Collector, or on the application of a majority of the committee or of not less than one-third of the members, hold an inquiry, or direct some person authorized by him by order in writing in this behalf to hold an inquiry into the constitution, working and financial condition of a registered society.

(2) The Registrar or the person authorized by him under sub-section (1) shall have the following powers, namely:—

(a) He shall, at all reasonable times, have free access to the books, accounts, documents, securities, cash and other properties belonging to or in the custody of the society and may summon any person in possession or responsible for the custody of any such books, accounts, documents, securities, cash or other properties to produce the same at any place at the headquarters of the society or any branch thereof.

(b) He may summon any person who he has reason to believe has knowledge of any of the affairs of the society to appear before him at any place at the headquarters of the society or any branch thereof and may examine such person on oath.

(c) (i) He may, notwithstanding any rule or bye-law prescribing the period of notice for a general meeting of the society, require the officers of the society to call a general meeting at such time and place at the headquarters of the society or any branch thereof and to determine such matters as may be directed by him. If the officers of the society refuse or fail to call such a meeting, he shall have power to call it himself.

(6) Any meeting called under clause (i) shall have all the powers of a general meeting called under the by-laws of the society and its proceedings shall be regulated by such by-laws.

(7) When an inquiry is made under this section, the Registrar shall communicate the result of the inquiry to the financing bank, if any, to which the society is indebted.

Inspection of  
books by  
Registrar.

30. (1) The Registrar may, on the application of a creditor of a registered society, inspect or direct some person authorized by him in this behalf by a general or special order in writing to inspect the books of the society, and the Registrar or the person so authorized shall have all the powers of the Registrar when holding an inquiry under section 28.

(2) No inspection shall be made or directed under sub-section (1) unless the creditor—

(a) certifies the Registrar that the debt is a sum then due, and that he has demanded payment thereof and has not received satisfaction within a reasonable time; and

(b) deposits with the Registrar such sum as security for the costs of the proposed inspection as the Registrar may require.

(3) Where an inspection is made under sub-section (1), the Registrar shall communicate the results of such inspection to the creditor and to the financing bank, if any, to which the society is indebted.

Inspection of  
books by  
financing  
bank.

31. A financing bank shall have the right to inspect the books of any registered society which is indebted to it. The inspection may be made either by an officer of the financing bank or by a member of its paid staff certified by the Registrar as competent to undertake such inspection. The officer or member so inspecting shall at all reasonable times have free access to the books, accounts, documents, securities, cash and other properties belonging to or in the custody of the society and may also call for such information, statements and returns as may be necessary to ascertain the financial condition of the society and the safety of the sums lent to it by the financing bank.

41. Where an inquiry is held under section 38 or an inspection is made under section 39, the Registrar may after giving the parties an opportunity to be heard, apportion the costs, or such part of the costs as he may think right, between the society, the members or creditor demanding an inquiry or inspection, the officers or former officers of the society. Costs may also be awarded by the Registrar to the financing bank in the case of inspection under section 40, by the financing bank.

*Costs of inquiry and inspection.*

42. Any sum awarded by way of costs under section 41 may be recovered as if it were an arrear of land revenue.

*Recovery of costs.*

#### SUPERSESSION OF COMMITTEE OF SOCIETY.

43. (1) If, in the opinion of the Registrar, the committee of any registered society is not functioning properly, he may, after giving an opportunity to the committee to state its objections, if any, by order in writing, dissolve the committee and appoint a suitable person or persons to manage the affairs of the society for a specified period not exceeding two years. The period specified in such order may, at the discretion of the Registrar, be extended from time to time provided that such order shall not remain in force for more than four years in the aggregate.

*Super-session of Committee.*

(2) The person or persons so appointed shall have power, subject to the control of the Registrar, to recover the assets and discharge the liabilities of the society and take such other action as may be required in its interests.

(3) The Registrar may fix the remuneration payable to the person or persons so appointed. The amount of such remuneration and the other costs, if any, incurred in the management of the society, shall be payable from its funds.

(4) The person or persons so appointed shall, at the expiry of the period of his or their appointment, arrange for the constitution of a new committee in accordance with the by-laws of the society.

(5) Before taking any action under sub-section (1) in respect of any society, the Registrar shall—

(a) if the society is indebted to a financing bank, consult such bank regarding such action and the provision to be made for the management of the affairs of the society; and

(5) If the society is a banking bank, obtain the previous concurrence of the Madras Provincial Co-operative Bank to the taking of such action.

(6) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to affect the power of the Registrar to cancel the registration of the society under section 44.

#### DISSOLUTION OF SOCIETY.

**Dissolution.** 44. (1) If the Registrar, after an inquiry has been held under section 38 or after an inspection has been made under section 39 or section 40 or on receipt of an application made by three-fourths of the members of a registered society, is of opinion that the society ought to be dissolved, he may by order in writing cancel the registration of the society. A copy of the order shall forthwith be communicated to the society by registered post.

(2) Any member of the society may, within two months from the date of the order made under sub-section (1), appeal to the Local Government from such order.

(3) Where no appeal is presented within two months from the making of an order cancelling the registration of the society, the order shall take effect on the expiry of that period.

(4) Where an appeal is presented within two months, the order shall not take effect until it is confirmed by the Local Government and such confirmation is communicated to the society by registered post.

**Cancellation of registration of society.** 45. Where it is a condition of the registration of a society that it should consist of at least ten members who have attained the age of majority the Registrar may, by order in writing, cancel the registration of the society if at any time it is proved to his satisfaction that the number of the members has been reduced to less than ten such members.

**Effect of cancellation of registration.** 46. Where the registration of a society is cancelled, the society shall cease to exist as a corporate body—

(a) in the case of cancellation in accordance with the provisions of section 44, from the date the order of cancellation takes effect;

(b) in the case of cancellation in accordance with the provisions of section 45, from the date of the order.

47. (1) Where the registration of a society is cancelled under section 44 or section 45, the Registrar may appoint any person to be liquidator of the society.

(2) Subject to any rules that may be made under this Act, the whole of the assets of the society shall, on the appointment of a liquidator under sub-section (1), vest in such liquidator and he shall have power to realize such assets by sale or otherwise.

(3) Such liquidator shall also have power, subject to the control of the Registrar—

(a) to institute and defend suits and other legal proceedings on behalf of the society by his name or office;

(b) to determine from time to time the contribution to be made or remaining to be made by the members or past members or by the estates or nominees, heirs or legal representatives of deceased members or by any officers or former officers, to the assets of the society; such contribution including debts due from such members or persons;

(c) to investigate all claims against the society and subject to the provisions of this Act to decide questions of priority among between claimants;

(d) to pay claims against the society (including interest up to the date of cancellation of registration) according to their respective priorities, if any, in full or rateably, as the assets of the society permit; the surplus, if any, remaining after payment of the claims being applied in payment of interest from the date of such cancellation at a rate fixed by him but not exceeding the contract rate in any case;

(e) to determine by what persons and in what proportions the costs of the liquidation are to be borne.

(f) to give such directions in regard to the collection and distribution of the assets of the society as may appear to him to be necessary for winding up the affairs of the society; and

(g) to carry on the business of the society so far as may be necessary for the beneficial winding up of the same.

(4) Subject to any rules that may be made under this Act, a liquidator appointed under this section shall, in so far as such powers are necessary for carrying out the purposes of this section, have power to summon and

enforce the attendance of witnesses and to compel the production of any books, accounts, documents, securities, cash or other properties belonging to or in the custody of the society by the same means and (so far as may be) in the same manner as is provided in the case of a civil court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.

(4) Any sum ordered under this section to be recovered as a contribution to the assets of the society or as costs of liquidation may be recovered, on a requisition being made in this behalf to the Collector by the Registrar, in the same manner as arrears of land revenue.

(5) Save as provided in sub-section (3), orders made under this section shall, on application, be enforced by any civil court having local jurisdiction in the same manner as a decree of such court.

(7) When the affairs of the society have been wound up, the liquidator shall deposit the records of the society in such place as the Registrar may direct.

(8) Any person aggrieved by any order of the liquidator may appeal to the Registrar against such order within two months from the date of the issue of the order by registered post.

Not of suit  
in section  
cont.

48. Save in so far as is expressly provided in this Act, no civil court shall take cognizance of any matter connected with the winding up or dissolution of a society under this Act, and when a liquidator has been appointed no suit or other legal proceeding shall lie or be proceeded with against the society except by leave of the Registrar and subject to such terms as he may impose.

#### SECHURITIES AND ATTACHMENT.

Seizure

49. (1) Where in the course of an audit under section 37 or an inquiry under section 38 or an inspection under section 39 or the winding up of a society, it appears that any person who has taken part in the organization or management of the society or any past or present officer of the society has misappropriated or fraudulently retained any money or other property or been guilty of breach of trust in relation to the society, the Registrar may, of his own motion or on the application of the committee or liquidator or of any creditor or contributory, examine into the conduct of such person or officer and make an order requiring him to repay or restore the money or property or any part thereof with interest at such

rate as the Registrar thinks just or to contribute such sum to the assets of the society by way of compensation in respect of the misappropriation, fraudulent retention or breach of trust as the Registrar thinks just.

(2) The order of the Registrar under sub-section (1) shall be final unless it is set aside by the District Court having jurisdiction over the area in which the headquarters of the society are situated or if the headquarters of the society are situated in the City of Madras, by the City Civil Court, on application made by the party aggrieved within three months of the date of receipt of the order by him.

(3) Any sum ordered under this section to be repaid to a society or recovered as a contribution to its assets may be recovered on a requisition being made in this behalf to the Collector by the Registrar in the same manner as arrears of land revenue.

(4) This section shall apply notwithstanding that such person or officer may have incurred criminal liability by his act.

30. Where the Registrar is satisfied on the application of the liquidator or otherwise that any person with intent to defeat or delay the execution of any order that may be passed against him under clauses (3) of sub-section (3) of section 47 or section 48—

(a) is about to dispose of the whole or any part of his property; or

(b) is about to remove the whole or any part of his property from the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Registrar,

the Registrar may, unless adequate security is furnished, direct the conditional attachment of the said property or such part thereof as he thinks necessary and such attachment shall have the same effect as if it had been made by a competent civil court.

#### ARBITRATION.

31. (1) If any dispute touching the business of a registered society (other than a dispute regarding disciplinary action taken by the society or its committee against a paid servant of the society) arises—

(a) among members, past members and persons claiming through members, past members and deceased members, or



(b) between a member, past member or person claiming through a member, past member or deceased member and the society, its committees or any officer, agent or servant of the society, or

(c) between the society or its committee and any officer, agent or servant of the society, or

(d) between the society and any other registered society,  
such dispute shall be referred to the Registrar for decision.

*Explanation.*—A claim by a registered society for any debt or demand due to it from a member, past member or the nominee, heir or legal representative of a deceased member, whether such debt or demand be admitted or not, is a dispute touching the business of the society within the meaning of this sub-section.

(2) The Registrar may, on receipt of such reference,—

(a) decide the dispute himself, or

(b) transfer it for disposal to any person who has been invested by the Local Government with powers in that behalf, or

(c) subject to such rules as may be prescribed, refer it for disposal to an arbitrator or arbitrators.

(3) Subject to such rules as may be prescribed the Registrar may withdraw any reference transferred under clause (b) of sub-section (2) or referred under clause (c) of that sub-section and deal with it in the manner provided in the said sub-section.

(4) Where the Registrar is satisfied that a party to any reference made to him under sub-section (1), with intent to defeat or delay the execution of any decision that may be passed thereon—

(a) is about to dispose of the whole or any part of his property, or

(b) is about to remove the whole or any part of his property from the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Registrar,

the Registrar may, unless adequate security is furnished, direct the conditional attachment of the said property or such part thereof as he thinks necessary; and such attachment shall have the same effect as if it had been made by a competent civil court.

(E) The Registrar may, of his own motion or on the application of a party to a reference, revise any decision thereon by the person to whom such reference was transferred or by the arbitrator or arbitrators to whom it was referred.

(f) (e) Any decision passed by the Registrar under clause (a) of sub-section (2) or under sub-section (5) shall be final and shall not be called in question in any civil or revenue court.

(b) Any decision that may be passed by the person to whom a reference is transferred or by the arbitrator or arbitrators to whom it is referred shall, save as otherwise provided in sub-section (5), be final and shall not be called in question in any civil or revenue court.

#### OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

62. It shall be an offence under this Act if—

(a) a registered society or an officer or member thereof, wilfully makes a false return or furnishes false information; or

(b) any person wilfully or without any reasonable excuse disobeys any summons, requisition or lawful written order issued under the provisions of this Act or does not furnish any information lawfully required from him by a person authorized in this behalf under the provisions of this Act.

63. Any member or past member or the nominee, heir or legal representative of a deceased member contravening the provisions of section 31 by fraudulently disposing of any property in respect of which the society is entitled to claim priority under that section or doing any other act to the prejudice of such claim, shall be punishable with fine not exceeding two hundred rupees.

64. (1) No person other than a registered society shall trade or carry on business under any name or title of which the word 'co-operative' is part without the sanction of the Local Government:

Provided that nothing in the section shall apply to the use by any person or his successor in interest of any name or title under which he traded or carried on business at the date on which the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912, came into operation.

Offence.

Prohibition for disposing of property in contravention of section 31.

Prohibition of the use of the word 'co-operative'.

(2) Whoever contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in the case of a continuing offence with further fine of five rupees for each day on which the offence is continued after conviction therefor.

Punishment  
for offences  
not otherwise  
provided for.

55. Any registered society or any officer or member thereof or any other person guilty of an offence under this Act for which no punishment is expressly provided herein shall be punishable with fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Offences  
of officers.

56. (1) No court inferior to that of a Presidency Magistrate or a Magistrate of the first class shall try any offence under this Act.

(2) Every offence under this Act shall, for the purposes of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, be deemed to be non-cognizable.

(3) No prosecution shall be instituted under this Act without the previous sanction of the Registrar. Such sanction shall not be given without giving the party concerned an opportunity to be heard.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

Power of  
Government  
and Registrar  
to call for  
proceedings  
and to pass  
orders  
thereon.

57. The Local Government or the Registrar may call for and examine the record of any enquiry or the proceedings of any officer subordinate to them for the purpose of satisfying themselves as to the legality or propriety of any decision or order passed and as to the regularity of the proceedings of such officer. If in any case it shall appear to the Local Government or the Registrar that any decision or order or proceedings so called for should be modified, annulled, or reversed, the Local Government or the Registrar, as the case may be, may pass such order thereon as to it or him may seem fit.

Recovery of  
sums due to  
Government.

58. (1) All sums due from a registered society or from an officer, former officer, member or past or deceased member of a registered society as such to the Government including any costs awarded to the Government in any proceeding under this Act may be recovered in the same manner as arrears of land revenue.

(2) Sums due from a registered society to the Government and recoverable under sub-section (1) may be recovered, finally, from the property of the society;

secondly, in the case of a society the liability of the members of which is limited, from the members, past members or the estates of deceased members, subject to the limit of their liability; and, thirdly, in the case of other societies from the members, past members or the estates of deceased members:

Provided that the liability of past members and of the estates of deceased members shall in all cases be subject to the provisions of section 25.

59. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Local Government may, by special order in each case and subject to such conditions, if any, as it may impose, exempt any society from any of the requirements of this Act as to registration.

60. The Local Government may, by general or special order, exempt any registered society from any of the provisions of this Act or may direct that such provisions shall apply to such society with such modifications as may be specified in the order.

61. The provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, shall not apply to registered societies.

62. (1) Every society now existing which has been registered under the Co-operative Credit Societies Act, 1904, or under the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912, shall be deemed to be registered under this Act, and its by laws shall, so far as the same are not inconsistent with the express provisions of this Act, continue in force until altered or rescinded.

(2) All appointments, rules and orders made, notifications and notices issued and writs and other proceedings instituted under the said Acts shall, so far as may be, be deemed to have been respectively made, issued and instituted under this Act.

63. No act of a registered society or any committee or of any officer of the society, shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only of some defect in the organization of the society or in the formation of the general body or in the appointment or election of the officer or on the ground that he was disqualified for his office.

IV a

Co-operative  
Act, 1912,  
in  
Madras Act,  
1912, in  
Madras Act.

64. All references to the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912, occurring in any enactment made by any authority in British India and for the time being in force in the Presidency of Madras shall, in its application to the said Presidency, be construed as references to this Act.

Notes.

65. (1) The Local Government may, for the whole or any part of the Presidency of Madras, and for any registered society or class of such societies, make rules to carry out all or any of the purposes of this Act.

1

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may—

(a) subject to the provisions of section 6 prescribe the maximum number of shares or portion of the capital of a society which may be held by a member;

(b) prescribe the forms to be used and the conditions to be complied with in the making of applications for the registration of a society and the procedure in the matter of such applications;

(c) subject to the provisions of section 5 prescribe the procedure to be followed when societies change their form of liability;

(d) prescribe the matters in respect of which a society may or shall make by-laws and for the procedure to be followed in making, altering and abrogating by-laws, and the conditions to be satisfied prior to such making, alteration or abrogation;

(e) prescribe the conditions to be complied with by persons applying for admission or admitted as members, and provide for the election and admission of members, and the payment to be made and the interests to be acquired before the exercise of the right of membership;

(f) regulate the manner in which funds may be raised by means of shares or debentures or otherwise;

(g) provide for general meetings of the members and for the procedure at such meetings and the powers to be exercised by such meetings;

(h) prescribe in the case of a financing bank—

(i) the proportion of individual members to society members in the constitution of its general body or of its committee, and

(g) the maximum number of members of its committee.

(h) provide for the appointment, suspension and removal of the members of the committee and other officers and for the procedure at meetings of the committee and for the powers to be exercised and the duties to be performed by the committee and other officers;

(j) prohibit a society from appointing a defaulting member of any society to its committee or to the committee of any other society and allowing him to exercise his rights of membership in the society or to represent it in another society and vote;

(k) prescribe the accounts and books to be kept by a society and provide for the audit of such accounts and the charges, if any, to be made for such audit, and for the periodical publication of a balance sheet showing the assets and liabilities of a society;

(l) prescribe the returns to be submitted by a society to the Registrar and provide for the persons by whom and the form in which such returns shall be submitted and in case of failure to submit any such return for the levy of the expenses of preparing it;

(m) provide for the persons by whom and the form in which copies of entries in books of societies may be certified and for the charges to be levied for the supply of such copies;

(n) provide for the formation and maintenance of a register of members and, where the liability of the members is limited by shares, of a register of shares;

(o) provide for—

(i) the appointment of an arbitrator or arbitrators to decide disputes;

(ii) the procedure to be followed in proceedings before the Registrar, arbitrator or arbitrators or other person deciding disputes including the appointment of a guardian for a party to the dispute who is a minor or who, by reason of unsoundness of mind or mental infirmity, is incapable of protecting his interests;

(iii) the levy of the expenses incidental to such proceedings; and

(iv) the enforcement of the decisions or awards in such proceedings;

(p) provide for the withdrawal and expulsion of members and for the payments, if any, to be made to members who withdraw or are expelled and for the liabilities of past members or the estates of deceased members;

(q) prescribe the prohibitions and restrictions subject to which societies may trade with persons who are not members;

(r) provide for the mode in which the value of a deceased member's interest shall be ascertained, and for the nomination of a person to whom such interest may be paid or transferred;

(s) prescribe the payments to be made and the conditions to be complied with by members applying for loans, the period for which loans may be made and the amount which may be lent, to an individual member;

(t) provide for the formation and maintenance of reserve funds, and the objects to which such funds may be applied, and for the investment of any funds under the control of a society;

(u) prescribe the extent to which a society may limit the number of its members;

(v) prescribe the conditions under which profits may be distributed to the members of a society with unlimited liability and the maximum rate of dividend which may be paid by societies;

(w) prescribe the procedure to be followed by a liquidator appointed under section 47, and provide for the disposal of the surplus assets, if any, of the society;

(x) subject to the provisions of this Act, determine the cases in which an appeal shall lie from the orders of the Registrar, and prescribe the procedure to be followed in presenting and disposing of all appeals under this Act;

(y) prescribe the period for which and the terms under which aid may be given by the Local Government to societies and the terms under which the Local Government may guarantee the payment of interest on debentures issued by societies;

(z) provide for the custody of property attached under this Act;

(aa) provide for the issue and service of process and for proof of service thereof;

(bb) provide for the inspection of documents in the Registrar's office and the levy of fees for granting certified copies of the same;

(cc) provide for the investigation of claims and objections that may be preferred against any attachment effected by the Registrar or an officer empowered by him;

(dd) provide for the recovery of costs awarded against the Government in cases under section 43;

(ee) prescribe the procedure for the attachment and sale of property under section 28, and

(f) provide for all matters expressly required or allowed by this Act to be prescribed by rules.

(3) The power to make rules conferred by this section is subject to the condition of the rules being made after previous publication.

(4) All rules made under this section shall be published in the Fort St. George Gazette and on such publication shall have effect as if enacted in this Act.

(5) All such rules shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Council.

#### REPEALS.

66. The enactments specified in the schedule are hereby repealed in so far as they apply to the Presidency of Madras to the extent specified in the fourth column of the said schedule.

#### SCHEDULE

##### Enactments repealed.

Year.	No.	Short title.	Extent of repeal.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
<i>Acts of the Governor-General in Council.</i>			
1912	II	The Co-operative Societies Act, 1912.	The whole.
1920	XXXVIII	The Devolution Act, 1920.	So much as relates to Act II of 1912.
<i>Acts of the Governor of Madras in Council.</i>			
1920	X	The Co-operative Societies (Amendment) Act, 1920.	The whole.



In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 81 of the Government of India Act, the following Act of the Local Legislature of Madras having been assented to by the Governor on the 28th April 1932 and by the Governor-General on the 17th June 1932, is hereby published for general information:—

#### ACT No. VII OF 1931.

*An Act to provide for the prohibition of the cultivation of pulichai cotton and the mixing of such cotton with other cotton and for the prohibition or restriction of the possession or use of, or the trade in, pulichai cotton or cotton mixed with pulichai cotton.*

WHEREAS it is expedient in the best interests of the growers of cotton in certain areas in the Presidency of Madras, the cotton trade and the economic prosperity of the said Presidency, to maintain the quality and reputation of the cotton grown in those areas and for that purpose to prohibit the cultivation of pulichai cotton and the mixing of such cotton with other cotton and to prohibit or restrict the possession or use of, or the trade in, pulichai cotton or cotton mixed with pulichai cotton;

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor-General has been obtained to the passing of this Act;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title  
and extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Madras Cotton Control Act, 1932.

(2) It extends to the whole of the Presidency of Madras.

Definition.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) "cotton" means cotton plant, ginned and unginned cotton, cotton waste and cotton seed;

(b) "notified area" means an area specified in a notification under section 3; and

(c) "pulichai cotton" means the kind of cotton known as *G. regium* var. *regium*.

Power of  
Local  
Government  
to make  
notification  
prohibiting  
the cultivation  
of cotton or  
gins, etc., of  
notified  
area.

3. The Local Government may, by notification in the Fort St. George Gazette, in such local area and for such period as may be specified in the notification—

(a) prohibit the cultivation of pulichai cotton; or  
(b) prohibit the mixing of pulichai cotton with any other kind of cotton; or

(c) prohibit or restrict the possession or use of, or the trade in, pulichai cotton or cotton mixed with pulichai cotton.

4. Whoever, in contravention of any notification under *Section 3*—

- (a) cultivates pulichai cotton, or
  - (b) mixes pulichai cotton with any other kind of cotton, or
  - (c) possesses, uses or trades in pulichai cotton or any cotton mixed with pulichai cotton
- shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees and upon any subsequent conviction with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

5. (1) Any officer authorized in this behalf by the <sup>Power of</sup> Local Government may between the hours of 6 a.m. and <sup>entry and</sup> 6 p.m.—

(a) enter upon any land in a notified area in which he knows or suspects that pulichai cotton is being cultivated in contravention of a notification under section 3, uproot or cause to be uprooted such cotton, and seize the cotton so uprooted; and

(b) enter upon or into any land, building, vessel or place in a notified area in which he knows or suspects that pulichai cotton or any cotton mixed with pulichai cotton is kept in contravention of a notification under section 3, and seize such cotton.

(2) Every officer seizing any cotton under this section shall forthwith—

(a) make a report of such seizure to the Magistrate having jurisdiction to try the offence committed in respect of such cotton, together with particulars of such cotton and furnish a copy of such particulars to the occupier of the land, building, vessel or place on or in which such seizure was made, and

(b) subject to such rules as the Local Government may prescribe, forward such cotton to the nearest officer authorized by the Local Government to receive it, for examination and report to the Director of Agriculture, Madras.

(3) The opinion of the authorized officer referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (2), contained in any document signed by such officer regarding the cotton sent

to him for examination under that clause, may be used in evidence as to the nature of such action, in any inquiry, trial or proceeding under this Act.

**Duty of owner and occupier to give facilities for inspection by authorized officer.** 6. (1) Every owner or occupier of any land, building, vessel or place shall give all reasonable facilities to any officer authorized under sub-section (1) of section 5 to inspect such land, building, vessel or place.

(2) Whoever commits a breach of the provisions of sub-section (1) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

**Provision as to time and duration for prosecution.** 7. No prosecution for an offence made punishable by this Act or any rule made thereunder shall be instituted—

(i) without the previous sanction of the Director, of Agriculture, Madras, or

(ii) after six months from the date of the commission of the offence.

**Offences.** 8. No offence made punishable by this Act or any rule made thereunder shall be inquired into or tried by any Court inferior to that of a Presidency Magistrate or a Magistrate of the second class.

**Immunity.** 9. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding whatever shall be entertained in any Court against any person for anything in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance or execution of this Act.

**Rules.** 10. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the Fort St. George Gazette, make rules consistent with this Act to carry into effect the purposes thereof.

(2) In making any rule, the Local Government may provide that a breach thereof shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

(By order of His Excellency the Governor)

V. N. VISWANATHA RAO,  
Secretary to Govt., Law (Legislative) Dept.





SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 27]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 3, 1932.

[PART, 6 p.m.]

## ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDING 2nd JULY 1932.

### GENERAL SUMMARY.

Rainfall heavy in North Arcot, Madhavaram in Vizagapatnam (Agency), East Godavari, West Godavari, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Ramanathapuram, South Kanam and the Nilgiris, fair or light elsewhere. Sowing or transplantation of paddy proceeding in Vizagapatnam, Salem and Tirunelveli and sowing of dry crops in Vizagapatnam, Bellary, Anantapur and Coimbatore. Standing crops generally fair. Condition of cattle generally fair to good. Fodder generally sufficient. Water-supply generally sufficient except in parts of Ganjam, Vizagapatnam, Bellary, Anantapur, South Arcot, North Arcot, Salem, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Ramanathapuram and Malabar. Prices generally stationary; slight fall in East Godavari (Kittur) and Salem.

Season Telegram to Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands—Week ending 2nd July 1932.

Bellary District. Rainfall fair. Water-supply generally sufficient except in parts. Sowing of early crops proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Pasture not available. Fodder sufficient except in Bellary taluk and in parts of Sengapeta, Alur and Rajadurg taluks. Green stocks sufficient. Average daily attendance on seven farms 7000 works in Bellary and Alur taluks: 22,682 workers (provisional figure).

A. D. MACQUEEN,

Secretary.

BORED (LARD REVENUE AND SETTLEMENT),

MADRAS, 28th July 1932.

B-509-4

### DISTRICT REPORTS.

#### GANJAM.

Water-supply sufficient for irrigation purposes except in Guntur, Baroda, Sonapat and Chittoor taluks. 41 4/5 tons of water in Guntur taluk (P. L. 1932). 25 tons in Baroda Sonapat (P. L. 1932). Pasture available. Condition of cattle good.

#### VIZAGAPATAM.

Water-supply generally sufficient except for irrigation in Guntur, Baroda and Chittoor taluks. Sowing and transplantation of paddy, sugarcane and cotton, raising of red gram and sorghum, and planting of sugarcane proceeding in parts. Standing crops thriving. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

#### EAST GODAVARI.

Water-supply generally sufficient. The following 10 tons sent after the week. Pasture available in Guntur, Baroda, Sonapat and Chittoor taluks. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

#### WEST GODAVARI.

Water-supply sufficient. Pasture available except in parts. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

#### KITUR.

Water-supply sufficient. The Kitur 10 tons sent after the week. Pasture available in parts. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

#### GUNTUR.

Water-supply sufficient. Pasture available except in parts. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

#### KURNOOL.

Water supply sufficient for drinking. Pasture available in parts of Chittoor and Sonapat taluks. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

## BELLARY.

Water-supply generally sufficient for irrigation under Tamsabada river channels and wells; generally sufficient in tanks in all taluks and in wells in Bellary and in spring channels in Rayachota taluk. Supply for drinking sufficient except in Akola town and in parts of Bellary and Alur taluks. Sowing of wheat, cotton, groundnut, sugarcane, castor and other proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Pastures not available. Fodder sufficient except in Bellary taluk and in parts of Alur and Srirangapatna taluks. Condition of cattle generally good. Average daily attendance at seven famine relief works 22,623 (provisional figure). Conditions normal, except in Bellary and in parts of Srirangapatna, Alur and Rayachota taluks. Rains needed for early sown crops.

## ANANTAPUR.

Water-supply sufficient for drinking and generally sufficient for irrigation except in wells and other channels. Sowing of wheat, pulses and other proceeding in parts. Pastures scarce. Fodder available in limited quantities. Condition of cattle good. Rice paddy sown largely in Kalpachand, Madakurra, Hindur and Anantapur taluks.

## CUDAPAH.

Water supply generally sufficient. Pastures scanty. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

## MELLORE.

Water supply generally sufficient. 180 feet of water in Kopal Reservoir (F.T.L. 27-4) and 10-15 feet in Manjeri Reservoir (F.T.L. 21-10). Standing crops generally fair to good. Harvest of paddy proceeding in parts; cotton fair. Pastures available except in parts. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

## CHINGLEPUT.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Standing paddy crop fair. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

## ROACH ABOVE.

Water-supply insufficient in Ganga, Tiruvannam and Chidambaram taluks. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

## CHITTOOR.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

## NORTH ARCOT.

Water-supply generally sufficient for irrigation purposes except in parts of Tiruvannam, Arni, Wandur, Vellur, Arkonam and Palur taluks. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

## SALEM.

Water supply sufficient for drinking; insufficient for irrigation except in parts of Krishnagiri, Dharmapuri, Arani and Omalur taluks. Transplantation of paddy proceeding under Coarthy channels in Nizambal taluk. Standing crops fair. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

## COCHINATORE.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Sowing and transplantation of rice, planting of sugarcane and sowing of wheat and cotton proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

## TRICHINOPOLY.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of Kallakudi and Udumpalagam taluks. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

## TANJORE.

Water-supply sufficient for irrigation except in Shikola, Nagapattinam, Dargam and Pannakottai taluks. The height of water at Grand August 17 feet above crest. The discharge on the Cooum river lower than, southern and northern branches, was 7 feet and 7.5 feet, respectively. Pastures generally available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

## MADRAS.

Water-supply sufficient for drinking purposes throughout and for irrigation also in the Poyray double crop area. Average discharge through the Poyray main canal 450 cusecs, standing cotton crop fair. Harvest of wheat and paddy of cotton proceeding in parts; cotton poor in parts. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

## KANNAD.

Water-supply insufficient except in Baner taluk. Standing crops fair. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle good.

## TINNEVELLY.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing over the Sivakattai stream. Discharge adequate. Sowing and transplantation of paddy proceeding in parts. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

## MALABAR.

Water-supply sufficient except in Chinnakkal, Karambakkal, Pappad and Perambur taluks. Standing paddy crop fair. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

## SOUTH KANARA.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

## THE NICHOLS.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Fencing of tea proceeding in parts; cotton fair. Pastures available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

## RAINFALL AND PRODS OF THE STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 2nd JULY 1952.

District.	Rainfall in inches.			PROD OF GRAIN (in 1000) per acre												District.		
	In the week.		Up to the end of the week from 1st April.	Rice			Sugr.			Cotton.			Coarse.					
	1951	Average of 25 years ending 1950		1951	Average of 25 years ending 1950	Comparison with the week of the previous year	Last week.	This week.	Comparison of the 2 weeks previous	Last week.	This week.	Comparison of the week of the previous year	Last week.	This week.	Comparison of the week of the previous year		Last week.	This week.
Coorg.	Gurjan .. A	08	17	88	118	272	167	267	223	230	230	..	..	..	..	..	..	A Gurjan ..
	Vijaya-pada .. L	12	24	78	108	268	167	168	220	251	254	..	..	..	..	..	..	L Vijaya-pada ..
	East Golemar .. L	08	11	57	111	88	84	84	174	180	180	330	228	226	230	201	184	L East Golemar ..
	West Golemar .. L	14	18	73	74	80	80	82	184	178	178	301	176	178	164	169	148	L West Golemar ..
	Garbar .. L	07	08	66	88	111	107	108	170	162	162	178	128	128	148	209	143	L Garbar ..
Daman.	Kannad ..	04	07	51	52	98	80	80	110	180	182	307	168	168	167	147	167	Kannad ..
	Belary ..	07	08	88	88	88	88	81	228	228	228	227	170	170	..	..	..	Belary ..
	Amalgar ..	01	05	42	82	100	80	80	270	172	172	262	284	104	228	178	278	Amalgar ..
	Chalghat ..	09	08	43	87	20	87	87	180	178	161	160	181	181	177	158	278	Chalghat ..
Davaid.	Mallor ..	08	08	88	87	114	108	108	180	181	180	160	188	188	187	188	188	Mallor ..
	Changapet ..	13	08	80	81	110	108	108	180	187	187	..	..	..	..	..	..	Changapet ..
	Madras ..	07	08	25	20	82	84	80	180	180	180	..	..	..	..	..	..	Madras ..
	South Anant ..	12	08	73	81	108	107	107	128	188	188	..	..	..	194	184	184	South Anant ..
Coastal.	Chittor ..	08	07	88	80	114	87	88	181	180	180	..	..	..	206	182	182	Chittor ..
	North Anant ..	09	08	91	81	120	120	120	180	180	180	..	..	..	170	180	180	North Anant ..
	Belur ..	04	08	111	88	98	88	88	180	180	171	180	180	180	180	180	180	Belur ..
	Channaray ..	07	04	82	74	88	88	82	180	180	180	180	142	142	180	180	180	Channaray ..
South.	Channaray ..	08	08	80	80	82	84	84	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	Channaray ..
	Madras ..	12	04	98	84	84	88	88	178	178	178	..	..	..	..	..	..	Madras ..
	Belur ..	09	03	74	71	88	88	88	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	Belur ..
	Channaray ..	02	02	80	48	102	101	101	170	188	188	184	180	180	180	180	180	Channaray ..
West Coast.	Malabar ..	09	78	478	408	102	84	82	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Malabar ..
	South Kanara ..	09	130	800	858	82	100	100	102	140	147	..	..	..	..	..	..	South Kanara ..
East Coast.	Madras ..	12	28	101	112	88	88	88	180	180	180	..	..	..	..	..	..	Madras ..

\* Average of 25 years ending 1950.

† Average of 2 years ending 1950.

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